- 1 SB314
- 2 136246-1
- 3 By Senators Bussman and Holtzclaw
- 4 RFD: Health
- 5 First Read: 14-FEB-12

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136246-1:n:02/08/2012:LCG/mcw LRS2012-680

SYNOPSIS: This bill would establish a State Board of 8 Midwifery to grant licensure to practice midwifery; 9 10 would provide for the composition of the board 11 members; would provide for a licensing fee; would 12 provide for the functions of the board; would 13 specify requirements for rules for licensed 14 midwives, particularly requiring that clients be 15 provided an informed consent form prior to having 16 services performed; would provide for midwives to 17 file certificates of birth; and would provide for 18 penalties for violating this bill.

Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama 19 20 of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the 21 Official Recompilation of the Constitution of 22 Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general 23 law whose purpose or effect would be to require a 24 new or increased expenditure of local funds from 25 becoming effective with regard to a local governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote 26 27 unless: it comes within one of a number of

specified exceptions; it is approved by the
 affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates
 funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to
 the entity for the purpose.

5 The purpose or effect of this bill would be 6 to require a new or increased expenditure of local 7 funds within the meaning of the amendment. However, 8 the bill does not require approval of a local 9 governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to 10 become effective because it comes within one of the 11 specified exceptions contained in the amendment.

13 A BILL 14 TO BE ENTITLED 15 AN ACT

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17 Permitting the practice of midwifery by adding Sections 34-19-11 to 34-19-19, inclusive, to the Code of 18 Alabama 1975; to establish a State Board of Midwifery; to 19 20 provide for a license to practice midwifery; to provide for a 21 licensing fee; to amend Section 22-9A-7, Code of Alabama 1975, 22 relating to registration of births; to repeal Sections 34-19-2 through 34-19-10, inclusive, Code of Alabama 1975; and in 23 24 connection therewith would have as its purpose or effect the 25 requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds 26 within the meaning of Amendment 621 of the Constitution of 27 Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the

Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901,
 as amended.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

4 Section 1. The following sections are added to the 5 Code of Alabama 1975, to read as follows:

§34-19-11.

The following words and phrases shall have the
following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates
otherwise:

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(1) BOARD. The State Board of Midwifery.

11 (2) LICENSED MIDWIFE. An independent practitioner12 who is licensed by the board to practice midwifery.

(3) MIDWIFERY. The provision of primary maternity
care that is consistent with a licensed midwife's training,
education, and experience to women and their newborn children
throughout the childbearing cycle, in circumstances under
which a licensed midwife has determined that the client is at
a low risk of developing complications. Midwifery is not the
practice of medicine.

20 §34-19-12.

(a) There is created and established a State Board
of Midwifery to implement and administer this act.

(b) The board shall consist of seven members
appointed by the Governor from a list of qualified persons
nominated by the designated organization.

(c) The members of the board shall be appointed for
 staggered initial terms and subsequent terms shall be for a

1 minimum of four years or until his or her successor is
2 appointed.

3 (d) The board shall meet at least twice each year,
4 conducting its business in person or by electronic methods,
5 including proxy voting.

6 (e) The board shall elect one of its members to 7 serve as chair for a two-year term. The chair may not serve 8 consecutive terms.

9 (f) The composition of the board shall be as 10 follows:

(1) Four members who hold a valid certified 11 12 professional midwife credential from the North American 13 Registry of Midwives (NARM), or its equivalent organization. 14 These members shall be appointed by the Governor from a list 15 of names submitted by the Alabama Midwives Alliance (ALMA), or its equivalent organization. Two of these members shall be 16 17 appointed to initial terms of four years, one to a term of three years, and one to a term of six years. 18

19 (2) One member who shall be a physician. This member
20 shall be appointed by the Governor from a list of names
21 submitted by the Medical Association of the State of Alabama,
22 or its equivalent organization. This member shall be appointed
23 to an initial term of three years.

(3) Two members who shall be potential consumers of
midwifery services provided according to this chapter. These
members shall be appointed by the Governor from a list of
names submitted by the Alabama Birth Coalition (ABC), or its

equivalent organization. One of these members shall be appointed to an initial term of two years and one to an initial term of one year.

4 (g) Vacancies shall be filled by the Governor in the 5 same manner as other appointments are made. In the case of a 6 vacancy, the new appointee shall serve for the remainder of 7 the unexpired term.

8 (h) Members of the board shall serve without 9 compensation but shall be allowed travel and per diem expenses 10 at the same rate paid to state employees, to be paid from the 11 funds collected for the administration of this chapter, as 12 funds are available.

(i) The board may employ, subject to the State Merit
System, investigators, inspectors, attorneys, and any other
agents, employees, and assistants as may from time to time be
necessary, and may use any other means necessary to enforce
the provisions of this chapter.

(j) The board shall be subject to the Alabama Sunset
Law, as provided in Chapter 20, Title 41, as an enumerated
agency as provided in Section 41-20-3, and shall have a
termination date of October 1, 2016, and every four years
thereafter, unless continued pursuant to the Alabama Sunset
Law.

\$34-19-13.

All funds received by the board under the provisions of this chapter shall be deposited in the State Treasury to the credit of the State Board of Midwifery and all such funds

1 are to be appropriated to the board to defray the expenses 2 incurred in carrying out the provisions of this chapter. The expenses shall include printing, stamps, stationery, clerical 3 4 help, travel, and other necessary expenditures. In all cases, any fee which is received by the board shall not be refunded, 5 6 and no applicant shall have the right to recover any part of a 7 fee accompanying his or her application for licensure or otherwise paid to the board except on the death, disability, 8 or retirement from practice of any applicant or licensee 9 10 between payment of any fee and the expiration of his or her current renewal or the issuance of the initial license. The 11 12 books and records of the board shall be subject to state audit 13 in the same manner and to the same extent as any other state 14 agency. The board shall keep a true and accurate account of all funds received by the board and all expenditures made by 15 the board. 16

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§34-19-14.

18 In the manner provided in this section, the board 19 shall perform the following functions:

(1) Promulgate and publish rules in accordance with 20 21 the Administrative Procedure Act to administer this chapter. 22 Rules promulgated by the board shall be consistent with 23 current job analysis developed by the North American Registry 24 of Midwives (NARM), or its equivalent organization, and the 25 essential documents developed and published by the National Association of Certified Professional Midwives (NACPM), or its 26 27 equivalent organization.

(2) Set licensure fees for licensed midwives,
 including, but not limited to, application, initial, renewal,
 and reinstatement fees. Licenses shall be valid for a period
 of 24 months. Fees may not be set in a manner or at a
 financial level that effectively prohibits or deters the
 practice of midwifery.

7 (3) Approve and renew licensure of duly qualified
8 applicants. An applicant shall be at least 19 years of age and
9 demonstrate to the board that he or she is a citizen of the
10 United States or, if not a citizen of the United States, a
11 person who is legally present in the United States with
12 appropriate documentation from the federal government.

(4) Investigate and conduct hearings regarding
 complaints against a licensed midwife in order to determine if
 disciplinary action is warranted.

16 (5) Following the contested case provisions of the 17 Administrative Procedure Act, the board may suspend or revoke 18 the license of a licensed midwife, or it may refuse to grant a 19 license to an applicant for licensure at any time that any of 20 the following circumstances are determined to exist with 21 respect to the licensee or applicant:

a. The person does not hold a valid certified
professional midwife credential granted by the North American
Registry of Midwives (NARM), or its equivalent organization,
or if such credential is revoked as a result of the NARM
grievance mechanism.

b. The person is guilty of misconduct as defined by
 the board's rules or otherwise commits a violation of this
 chapter.

4 c. The person has performed any act which exceeds
5 the scope of practice granted to the licensed midwife.

6 (6) Impose an administrative fine not to exceed five 7 hundred dollars (\$500) per violation of the promulgated rules.

(7) Maintain an up-to-date list of every person 8 licensed to practice midwifery pursuant to this chapter and 9 10 persons whose licenses have been suspended, revoked, or 11 denied. The information on the list shall be available for 12 public inspection during reasonable business hours and the 13 information may be shared with others as deemed necessary and 14 acceptable by the board. The list shall include the following 15 information:

16 a. The name of the person.

b. The date and the cause of action.

18 c. The penalty incurred.

19 d. The length of the penalty.

(8) Grant continuing education credit for available
educational opportunities, or provide quality continuing
education programs, seminars, and workshops to acquaint and
educate licensed midwives in the most current evidence-based
practices with respect to midwifery, women's health, or the
evaluation and care of the newborn.

\$34-19-15.

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(a) The rules promulgated by the board shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

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(1) Licensing procedures.

4 (2) Minimum initial and continuing educational
5 requirements which shall be consistent with the following
6 criteria in which an applicant shall:

a. Be a high school graduate, or possess a general
equivalency diploma.

b. Have obtained a midwifery education through 9 10 graduation from an accredited midwifery educational program 11 approved by the Midwifery Education and Accreditation Council 12 (MEAC) or equivalent accreditation body; or completion of a 13 substantially equivalent education as determined by the board. Midwives who received their certified professional midwife 14 (CPM) credential prior to the effective date of this act are 15 exempt from this requirement. 16

17 c. Hold a valid credential as a certified 18 professional midwife (CPM) as established and administered by 19 the North American Registry of Midwives (NARM), or its 20 equivalent organization.

(3) The allowable scope of midwifery practice
regarding use of equipment, procedures, and administration of
medication as prescribed by a licensed health care
professional.

(4) The standards by which a midwife shall conductrisk assessment.

(5) A standard procedure for investigating
 complaints.

(b) The rules shall ensure independent practice and 3 4 shall not require any agreement, written or otherwise, with any other health care professional or facility. 5 (c) The rules shall not require a woman who is 6 7 seeking midwifery services to be assessed or examined or otherwise approved for midwifery care by another health care 8 professional. 9 10 (d) The rules shall not permit a licensed midwife to administer any of the following: 11 12 (1) An epidural, spinal, or caudal anesthetic. 13 (2) Any type of narcotic analgesia. (3) Use forceps or a vacuum extractor. 14 (4) Induce abortion. 15 (5) Perform cesarean section. 16 17 §34-19-16. (a) A licensed midwife shall disclose the following 18 information to the client: 19 (1) The name and license status of the midwife. 20 21 (2) A description of the licensed midwife's education, training, and experience in midwifery. 22 23 (3) Upon request, separate documents describing the 24 rules governing licensed midwives. (4) A description of the services provided to the 25 26 client by the licensed midwife.

(5) The process for filing a grievance against a
 licensed midwife.

3 (6) The status of a licensed midwife's professional4 liability insurance coverage.

5 (b) Prior to providing any services, a licensed 6 midwife shall obtain an informed consent from a client, 7 indicating receipt of the informed disclosure. The consent 8 shall include the following:

9 (1) The client's name, address, and telephone 10 number.

11 (2) The name of the primary care provider, if the12 client has one.

(3) The date of signing and signatures of the
client, the licensed midwife, and the father of the baby, if
available.

16 (c) For screening purposes only, the licensed 17 midwife may order routine antepartal and postpartum laboratory 18 analysis to be performed by a licensed laboratory.

(d) After each client has secured the services of a
licensed midwife for her upcoming birth, the licensed midwife
shall document an emergency care plan particular to each
client, which shall include referral and transfer plans in the
event of an emergency.

24 25 (e) The licensed midwife shall do the following:

(1) Determine the progress of labor.

(2) When birth is imminent, be available until
 delivery is accomplished or care of the client is transferred
 to another health care provider.

4 (3) Remain with the client and newborn during the
5 postpartum period until the conditions of the client and
6 newborn are stabilized, or care is transferred to another
7 health care provider.

8 (4) Instruct the client regarding the requirements 9 of the administration of eye ointment ordered by the 10 Department of Public Health pursuant to Section 22-20-2.

(5) Instruct the client regarding the requirements
 of administration of newborn health screening ordered by the
 Department of Public Health pursuant to Section 22-20-3.

14 (6) File a birth certificate for each birth in15 accordance with the requirements of Section 22-9A-7.

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§34-19-17.

(a) Except as provided in this section, it shall be
unlawful for a person other than a licensed midwife to
practice midwifery in this state for economic remuneration or
to hold himself or herself out to be a licensed midwife unless
he or she is a licensed midwife as defined in this chapter.

(b) A person violating this section shall be guilty
of a Class C misdemeanor, with the exception of any of the
following:

(1) Nurse midwives governed under this chapter and
Sections 34-21-80 to 34-21-92, inclusive.

1 (2) A person training under a licensed midwife may 2 assist the licensed midwife in the practice of midwifery. (3) Family members or friends may provide gratuitous 3 4 assistance at childbirth. (c) Nothing in subsection (b) shall be construed to 5 repeal, abridge, or modify Section 6-5-332, or any other Good 6 7 Samaritan statute. §34-19-18. 8 No licensed physician, nurse, pre-hospital emergency 9 medical personnel, or health care institution shall be liable 10 11 for any act or omission resulting from the administration of 12 services by a licensed midwife. 13 §34-19-19. 14 Individuals licensed as midwives as set forth in 15 this chapter shall be designated Licensed Midwives (LM). Section 2. Section 22-9A-7, Code of Alabama 1975, is 16 17 amended to read as follows: "§22-9A-7. 18 "(a) A certificate of birth for each live birth 19 which occurs in this state shall be filed with the Office of 20 21 Vital Statistics, or as otherwise directed by the State 22 Registrar, within five days after the birth and shall be 23 registered if it has been completed and filed in accordance 24 with this section. 25 "(b)(1) When a birth occurs in an institution or en 26 route to the institution, the person in charge of the 27 institution or his or her designated representative shall

1 obtain the personal data, prepare the certificate, secure the 2 signatures required, and file the certificate as directed in subsection (a) or as directed by the State Registrar within 3 4 the required five days. The physician or other person in attendance shall provide the medical information required by 5 the certificate and certify to the facts of birth within 72 6 7 hours after the birth. If the physician, or other person in attendance, does not certify to the facts of birth within the 8 9 72-hour period, the person in charge of the institution or his 10 or her designee shall complete and sign the certificate.

11 "(2) In all cases where a birth occurs in an 12 institution, the person in charge of the institution shall 13 provide a procedure for collection of the normal fee for a 14 certified copy of the birth certificate from the mother or 15 father. The fee shall be forwarded to the State Registrar when a complete record of the birth is obtained, and the State 16 17 Registrar shall issue a certified copy of the birth certificate to the mother or father of the child. The issuance 18 of a certified copy of the birth certificate by the State 19 Registrar shall not apply to births where the death of the 20 21 infant occurred a short time following the birth, unless the 22 certificate is requested by the father or mother, or where adoption is indicated. 23

24 "(c) When a birth occurs outside an institution, the 25 certificate shall be prepared and filed by one of the 26 following in the indicated order of priority:

"(1) The physician <u>or midwife</u> in attendance at the
 birth or who sees the child within three days after the birth.

3 "(2) Any other person in attendance at or4 immediately after the birth.

5 "(3) The father, the mother, or in the absence of 6 the father and the inability of the mother, the person in 7 charge of the premises where the birth occurred.

"(d) When a birth occurs in a moving conveyance 8 within the United States and the child is first removed from 9 the conveyance in this state, the birth shall be registered in 10 this state and the place where it is first removed shall be 11 12 considered the place of birth. When a birth occurs on a moving 13 conveyance while in international waters or air space or in a 14 foreign country or its air space and the child is first 15 removed from the conveyance in this state, the birth shall be registered in this state, but the certificate shall show the 16 17 actual place of birth as can be determined.

18 "(e) For the purposes of birth registration, the 19 mother is deemed to be the woman who gives birth to the child, 20 unless otherwise determined by law.

"(f)(1) If the mother was married at the time of either conception or birth, or between conception and birth, the name of the husband shall be entered on the certificate as the father of the child, unless it is established by law that he is not the father of the child.

"(2) If the mother was not married at the time of
either conception or birth or between conception and birth,

the name of the father shall not be entered on the certificate unless paternity has been determined by a court of competent jurisdiction or unless the legitimation process specified in Sections 26-11-1 through 26-11-3, inclusive, or otherwise provided by law has been completed.

6 "(3) If the father is not named on the certificate 7 of birth, no other information about the father shall be 8 entered on the certificate.

9 "(g) The birth certificate of a child born to a 10 married woman as a result of artificial insemination, with 11 consent of her husband, shall be completed in accordance with 12 subdivision (1) of subsection (f).

13 "(h) Either of the parents of the child shall attest 14 to the accuracy of the personal data entered on the 15 certificate in time to permit the filing of the certificate 16 within the five days prescribed in subsection (a)."

Section 3. Sections 34-19-2 to 34-19-10, inclusive,
Code of Alabama 1975, are hereby repealed.

19 Section 4. Although this bill would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased 20 21 expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further 22 requirements and application under Amendment 621, now 23 appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the 24 bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an 25 26 existing crime.

Section 5. This act shall become effective
 immediately following its passage and approval by the
 Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.