- 1 SB31
- 2 215850-1
- 3 By Senator Jones
- 4 RFD: Children, Youth and Human Services
- 5 First Read: 11-JAN-22
- 6 PFD: 01/06/2022

1	215850-1:n:12/06/2021:AHP/cmg LSA2021-2526	
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8	SYNOPSIS:	Existing law does not require employers to
9		provide family leave for adoptive parents during or
10		after the time of adoption.
11		This bill would, concurrently with federal
12		law, require certain employers to offer 12 weeks of
13		family leave to eligible employees for the birth
14		and care of a child during the first year after the
15		birth of the child and for an adopted child within
16		one year of placement.
17		This bill would require employers who
18		provide certain additional maternity benefits to
19		female employees to offer equivalent benefits to
20		adoptive parents.
21		This bill would allow state employees and
22		members of the Teachers' Retirement System to
23		purchase service credit for a period of time up to
24		one year for time spent on family leave.
25		This bill would also revise existing law
26		applying to the donation of accrued and unused
27		annual, sick, or compensatory leave to an employee

1	qualifying for maternity leave to extend that	
2	option to an employee adopting a child.	
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4	A BILL	
5	TO BE ENTITLED	
6	AN ACT	
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8	Relating to family leave and adoption; to amend	
9	Sections 16-25-11.12, 36-26-35.2, and 36-26-36.2, Code of	
10	Alabama 1975, to require certain employers to offer certain	
11	amounts of family leave to eligible employees for the birth	
12	and care of a child and for an adopted child; to require	
13	employers that provide certain amounts of additional maternity	
14	benefits to female employees to offer equivalent benefits to	
15	adoptive parents; to allow state employees and members of the	
16	Teachers' Retirement System to purchase service credit for	
17	time spent on family leave; and to authorize the donation of	
18	accrued and unused leave to an employee adopting a child under	
19	certain conditions.	
20	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:	
21	Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited	
22	as the "Adoption Promotion Act."	
23	Section 2. Sections 16-25-11.12, 36-26-35.2, and	
24	36-26-36.2, Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as	
25	follows:	

"§16-25-11.12.

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"(a) (1) Any provision of this chapter, to the contrary notwithstanding, active and contributing members of the Teachers' Retirement System may purchase service credit in the system not to exceed one year for any period of time while they were on maternity family leave from service without pay.

The Board of Control of the Teachers' Retirement System shall adopt rules and regulations for the administration of this section, including verification of the service that the member desires to purchase credit for in the system. The member shall receive credit for the service when he or she remits to the system the contributions required by subsection (b).

"(2) Notwithstanding the foregoing language subdivision (1), no member of the Teachers' Retirement System shall be eligible to receive credit for any period of time that the member is already credited with in the system or in any other retirement plan, with the exception of the federal Social Security program.

- "(b) Any member who is eligible to purchase service credit in the Teachers' Retirement System under subsection (a) shall pay to the Secretary-Treasurer of the system, prior to October 1, 2001, for the claimed service, a sum equal to the full actuarially determined cost for each year of service credit purchased as determined by the system's actuary.
- "(c) Subsequent to October 1, 2001, any member claiming service credit under the provisions of this section shall claim and purchase the service credit no later than June

30 of the year immediately following the expiration of the maternity leave.

3 "\$36-26-35.2.

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"(a) Notwithstanding any other laws to the contrary, a state employee employed in any branch of state government may donate his or her accrued and unused annual, sick, or compensatory leave to another state employee who has qualified for catastrophic sick leave or maternity family leave. The donation shall be subject to the approval of the appointing authority of the employee making the donation and, if the donating employee is in a position with a lower pay grade than the position of the employee receiving the donation, the approval of the State Personnel Board. The appointing authority of the employee receiving the donation may limit the number of hours an employee may receive per catastrophic illness or maternity family leave. No employee may receive more than 480 hours of donated leave throughout his or her career with the state without the approval of the State Personnel Board.

"(b) For purposes of this section only, "family leave" means maternity or adoption leave pursuant to rules of the State Personnel Board.

"§36-26-36.2.

"(a) (1) Annual leave, compensatory leave, and sick leave donation programs for catastrophic illnesses or maternity family leave of qualified state employees shall provide for donations of leave to occur between all state

- employees employed in the Executive, Legislative, and Judicial
 Branches of state government.
- "(2) For purposes of this subsection only, "family

 leave" means maternity or adoption leave pursuant to rules of

 the State Personnel Board.

"(b) The personnel departments of all branches of state government shall coordinate efforts to promulgate adopt and implement the administrative rules and procedures necessary to implement this section."

Section 3. (a) For purposes of this section, the terms "eligible employee" and "employer" have the same meaning as in 29 U.S.C. § 2611.

(b) (1) An employer shall provide 12 weeks of unpaid family leave, to run concurrently with any other leave provided pursuant to federal law, to an eligible employee for the birth and care of a child born to that employee during the first year after the child's birth, or for the care of a child placed with the employee in connection with adoption within one year of the placement of the child with the employee.

Requests for additional family leave due to the adoption of an ill child or a child with a disability shall be considered on the same basis as comparable cases of complications accompanying the birth of a child of an employee. Nothing in this subsection shall require an employer to provide additional family leave to an eligible employee once the employee has exhausted the leave to which the employee is entitled under federal law.

pursuant to this subsection is foreseeable based on an expected placement of a child with an employee in connection with an adoption, the employee, before the date the leave is to begin, shall provide his or her employer with at least 30 days' notice of the employee's intention to take the leave, except that if the date of placement requires leave to begin in less than 30 days, the employee shall provide notice as is practicable.

- (c) (1) An employer who provides paid leave to an employee for the birth and care of a child born to that employee shall also provide the lesser of either equivalent paid leave or two-weeks paid leave to an employee for the care of a child placed with the employee in connection with adoption during the first year after the placement of the child with the employee.
- (2) An employer is only required to provide paid leave benefits described in subdivision (1) to one of two different eligible employees if both employees would be using the benefits for the care of a child placed for adoption with both employees.
- (d) An employer may not penalize an employee for exercising the rights provided by this section.
- (e) Leave benefits accrued pursuant to this section may not be taken by an employee intermittently unless the employee and the employer agree otherwise.

Section 4. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.