- 1 SB30
- 2 136341-1
- 3 By Senator Sanders
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 05-FEB-13
- 6 PFD: 12/18/2012

1	136341-1:n:02/16/2012:ANS/th LRS2012-77
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8	SYNOPSIS: Under existing law, a person who commits a
9	capital offense may be sentenced to death or life
10	without parole.
11	This bill would repeal the death penalty.
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13	A BILL
14	TO BE ENTITLED
15	AN ACT
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17	To amend Sections 13A-5-39, 13A-5-43, 13A-5-44, and
18	15-18-100, Code of Alabama 1975, relating to the death
19	penalty; to remove death as a potential punishment for
20	commission of a capital offense; to remove provisions relating
21	to sentencing and the sentencing hearing; and to repeal
22	Sections 13A-5-45, 13A-5-46, 13A-5-47, 13A-5-48, 13A-5-49,
23	13A-5-50, 13A-5-51, 13A-5-52, 13A-5-53, 13A-5-55, 13A-5-59,
24	15-18-80, 15-18-81, 15-18-82, 15-18-83, 15-18-84, 15-18-85,
25	and 15-18-86, Code of Alabama 1975.
26	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

1	Section 1. Sections 13A-5-39, 13A-5-43, 13A-5-44,
2	and 15-18-100, Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as
3	follows:
4	"§13A-5-39.
5	"(1) CAPITAL OFFENSE. An offense for which a
6	defendant shall be punished by a sentence of death or life
7	imprisonment without parole according to the provisions of
8	this article.
9	"(2) DURING. The term as used in Section 13A-5-40(a)
10	means in the course of or in connection with the commission
11	of, or in immediate flight from the commission of the
12	underlying felony or attempt thereof.
13	"(3) EXPLOSIVES and EXPLOSION. The terms shall have
14	the meanings provided in Section 13A-7-40(2) and (3).
15	"(4) BURDEN OF INTERJECTING THE ISSUE. Shall be
16	defined as provided in Section 13A-1-2(14).
17	"(5) MURDER and MURDER BY THE DEFENDANT. Shall be
18	defined as provided in Section 13A-5-40(b).
19	"(6) PREVIOUSLY CONVICTED and PRIOR CRIMINAL
20	ACTIVITY. As used in Sections 13A-5-49(2) and 13A-5-51(1),
21	these terms refer to events occurring before the date of the
22	sentence hearing.
23	"(7) UNDER SENTENCE OF IMPRISONMENT. As used in
24	Section 13A-5-49(1), the term means while serving a term of
25	imprisonment, while under a suspended sentence, while on
26	probation or parole, or while on work release, furlough,
27	escape, or any other type of release or freedom while or after

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serving a term of imprisonment, other than unconditional release and freedom after expiration of the term of sentence.

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"§13A-5-43.

"(a) In the trial of a capital offense the jury
shall first hear all the admissible evidence offered on the
charge or charges against the defendant. It shall then
determine whether the defendant is guilty of the capital
offense or offenses with which he is charged or of any lesser
included offense or offenses considered pursuant to Section
13A-5-41.

"(b) If the defendant is found not guilty of the capital offense or offenses with which he is charged, and not guilty of any lesser included offense or offenses considered pursuant to Section 13A-5-41, the defendant shall be discharged.

16 "(c) If the defendant is found not guilty of the 17 capital offense or offenses with which he is charged, and is 18 found guilty of a lesser included offense or offenses 19 considered pursuant to Section 13A-5-41, sentence shall be 20 determined and imposed as provided by law.

21 "(d) If the defendant is found guilty of a capital 22 offense or offenses with which he is charged, the sentence 23 shall be determined as provided in Sections 13A-5-45 through 24 13A-5-53.

25 "\$13A-5-44.

26 "(a) The selection of the jury for the trial of a
27 capital case shall include the selection of at least two

alternate jurors chosen according to procedures specified by
 law or court rule.

3 "(b) The separation of the jury during the pendency 4 of the trial of a capital case shall be governed by applicable 5 law or court rule.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the 6 7 defendant with the consent of the state and with the approval of the court may waive the participation of a jury in the 8 9 sentence hearing provided in Section 13A-5-46. Provided, however, before any such waiver is valid, it must 10 11 affirmatively appear in the record that the defendant himself 12 has freely waived his right to the participation of a jury in 13 the sentence proceeding, after having been expressly informed 14 of such right.

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"§15-18-100.

"When any defendant is convicted and sentenced to 16 17 death or to imprisonment in the penitentiary, the presiding judge, if he is of the opinion that such defendant should be 18 pardoned, may postpone the execution of the sentence for such 19 20 time as may appear necessary to obtain the action of the 21 Governor on an application for commutation of the death 22 sentence and action of the Board of Pardons and Paroles on an application for pardon." 23

24 Section 2. This act shall apply to death sentences 25 imposed before and after the effective date of this act. All 26 existing death sentences imposed prior to the effective date 1 of this act shall be commuted to life imprisonment without 2 parole.

Section 3. All laws or parts of laws which conflict with this act are repealed. Specifically, Sections 13A-5-45, 13A-5-46, 13A-5-47, 13A-5-48, 13A-5-49, 13A-5-50, 13A-5-51, 13A-5-52, 13A-5-53, 13A-5-55, and 13A-5-59 of, and Article 5 (commencing with Section 15-18-80) of Chapter 18 of Title 15 of the Code of Alabama 1975, are repealed.

9 Section 4. This act shall become effective 10 immediately following its passage and approval by the 11 Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.