

- 1 SB285
- 2 UA2CDXG-1
- 3 By Senator Stutts
- 4 RFD: Fiscal Responsibility and Economic Development
- 5 First Read: 01-Apr-25



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SYNOPSIS:

Under existing law, health care institutions and providers must apply for and obtain a certificate of need as a requirement for constructing new medical facilities or offering new or expanded health care services.

This bill would eliminate the certificate of need requirement for any proposed new or expanded facility or health care service that provides obstetric care or psychiatric treatment.

This bill would also delete duplicative language and also make nonsubstantive, technical revisions to update the existing code language to current style.

A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

Relating to the certificate of need program; to amend Section 22-21-265, Code of Alabama 1975, to exclude new or expanded health care facilities that provide obstetric or psychiatric care from the certificate of need requirement; to amend Sections 22-21-260, 22-21-263, and 22-21-264, Code of

- 29 Alabama 1975, to make conforming changes; and to delete
- 30 duplicative language and make nonsubstantive, technical
- 31 revisions to update the existing code language to current
- 32 style.
- 33 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
- 34 Section 1. Sections 22-21-260, 22-21-263, 22-21-264,
- and 22-21-265, Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as
- 36 follows:
- 37 "\$22-21-260
- 38 As used in this article, the following words and terms,
- and the plurals thereof, shall—have the meanings ascribed to
- 40 them in this section, unless otherwise required by their
- 41 respective context:
- 42 (1) ACQUISITION. Obtaining the legal equitable title to
- 43 a freehold or leasehold estate or otherwise obtaining the
- 44 substantial benefit of such titles or estates, whether by
- 45 purchase, lease, loan or suffrage, gift, devise, legacy,
- 46 settlement of a trust or means whatever, and shall include any
- 47 act of acquisition. The term "acquisition" shalldoes not mean
- 48 or include:
- a. Anyany conveyance, or creation of any lien or
- security interest by mortgage, deed of trust, security
- 31 agreement, or similar financing instrument, nor shall it mean
- 52 or include any;
- b. Any transfer of title or rights as a result of the
- 54 foreclosure, or conveyance or transfer in lieu of the
- 55 foreclosure, of any such mortgage, deed of trust, security
- 56 agreement, or similar financing instrument, nor shall it mean



57 or include any; or

- c. Any gift, devise, legacy, settlement of trust, or other transfer of the legal or equitable title of an interest specified hereinabove by a natural personan individual to any member of such person's the individual's immediate family. For the purposes of this section paragraph, "immediate family" shall meanmeans the spouse of the grantor or transferor and any other person related to the grantor or transferor to the fourth degree of kindred as such degrees are computed according to law.
- (2) APPLICANT. Any person, as defined in this section, who files an application for a certificate of need.
 - (2.1) (3) CAMPUS. The contiguous real property, contained within a single county, which is owned or leased by a health care facility and upon which is located the buildings and any other real property used by the health care facility to provide existing institutional health services which are subject to review.
 - (3) (4) CAPITAL EXPENDITURE. An expenditure, including a force account expenditure (i.e., an expenditure for a construction project undertaken by the health care facility as its own contractor), which, under generally accepted accounting principles, is not properly chargeable as an expense of operation and maintenance and which satisfies any of the following:
- a. Exceeds two million dollars (\$2,000,000) indexed annually for inflation for major medical equipment; eight hundred thousand dollars (\$800,000) for new annual operating



- costs indexed annually for inflation; four million dollars

 (\$4,000,000) indexed annually for inflation for any other

 capital expenditure. The index referenced in this paragraph

 shall be the Consumer Price Index Market Basket Professional

 Medical Services index as published by the U.S. Department of

 Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. The SHPDA shall publish
- b. Changes the bed capacity of the facility withrespect to which such expenditure is made.

this index information to the general public.

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- c. Substantially changes the health services of the facility with respect to which such expenditure is made.
- 96 (4)(5) CONSTRUCTION. Actual commencement, with bona
 97 fide intention of completing the construction, or completion
 98 of the construction, erection, remodeling, relocation,
 99 excavation, or fabrication of any real property constituting a
 100 facility under this article, and the term construct shall mean
 101 and include means and includes any act of construction.
 102 "Ground breaking ceremony," "receipt of bids," "receipt of
 103 quotation," or similar action that will permit unilateral
- quotation," or similar action that will permit unilatera termination without penalty shall not be considered construction.
- 106 $\frac{(5)}{(6)}$ FIRM COMMITMENT or OBLIGATION. Any of the 107 following:
- a. Any executed, enforceable, unconditional, written
 agreement or contract not subject to unilateral cancellation
 for the acquisition or construction of a health care facility
 or purchase of equipment therefor.
- b. Actual construction of facilities peculiarly adapted

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- to the furnishing of one or more particular services and with the bona fide intention of furnishing such service or services.
- 116 c. Any executed, unconditional, written agreement not
 117 subject to unilateral cancellation for the bona fide purpose
 118 of furnishing one or more services.

119 (6) (7) HEALTH CARE FACILITY. General and specialized 120 hospitals, including tuberculosis, psychiatric, long-term care, and other types of hospitals, and related facilities 121 such as, laboratories, out-patient clinics, and central 122 123 service facilities operated in connection with hospitals; skilled nursing facilities; intermediate care facilities; 124 125 skilled or intermediate care units operated in veterans' 126 nursing homes and veterans' homes, owned or operated by the 127 State Department of Veterans' Affairs, as these terms are 128 described in Chapter 5A (commencing with Section 31-5A-1) of 129 Title 31, rehabilitation centers; public health centers; 130 facilities for surgical treatment of patients not requiring 131 hospitalization; kidney disease treatment centers, including 132 free-standing hemodialysis units; community mental health 133 centers and related facilities; alcohol and drug abuse 134 facilities; facilities for the developmentally disabled; 135 hospice service providers; and home health agencies and health 136 maintenance organizations. The term health care facility 137 shalldoes not include the offices of private physicians or 138 dentists, whether for individual or group practices and regardless of ownership, or Christian Science sanatoriums 139 140 operated or listed and certified by the First Church of



141	Christ, Scientist, Boston, Massachusetts, or a veterans'
142	nursing home or veterans' home owned or operated by the State
143	Department of Veterans Veterans Affairs, not to exceed 150
144	beds to be built in Bay Minette, Alabama, and a veterans'
145	nursing home or veterans' home owned or operated by the State
146	Department of Veterans Affairs not to exceed 150 beds
147	to be built in Huntsville, Alabama, for which applications for
148	federal funds under federal law are being considered by the
149	U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs prior to March
150	18, 1993.
151	(7) (8) HEALTH SERVICE AREA. A geographical area
152	designated by the Governor, as being appropriate for effective
153	planning and development of health services.
154	(8) (9) HEALTH SERVICES. Clinically related (i.e.,
155	diagnostic, curative, or rehabilitative) services, including
156	alcohol, and drug abuse, and mental health services
157	customarily furnished on either an in-patient or out-patient
158	basis by health care facilities, but not including the lawful
159	practice of any profession or vocation conducted independently
160	of a health care facility and in accordance with applicable
161	licensing laws of this state.
162	(9) (10) INSTITUTIONAL HEALTH SERVICES. Health services
163	provided in or through health care facilities or health
164	maintenance organizations, including the entities in or
165	through which such services are provided.
166	$\frac{(9.1)}{(11)}$ MAJOR MEDICAL EQUIPMENT. Medical clinical
167	equipment intended for use in the diagnosis or treatment of

168 medical conditions, which is used to provide institutional

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169 health services of a health care facility which are subject to 170 review, and which expenditure exceeds the thresholds 171 referenced in this section and in Section 22-21-263. 172 (10) (12) MODERNIZATION. The alteration, repair, 173 remodeling, and renovation of existing buildings, including 174 equipment within the existing buildings. Modernization does 175 not include the replacement of existing buildings which are 176 used by a health care facility to provide institutional health 177 services which are subject to review and does not include the replacement of major medical equipment. 178 179 (11) (14) PERSON. Any person individual, firm, partnership, association, joint venture, corporation, limited 180 liability company, or other legal entity, the State of Alabama 181 182 and its political subdivisions or parts thereof, and any 183 agencies or instrumentalities and any combination of persons herein specified, but person shall the term does not include 184 185 the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof, 186 except in the case of voluntary submission to the regulations 187 established by this article. 188 (12) (15) RURAL HEALTH CARE PROVIDER/APPLICANT/HOSPITAL. 189 A provider or applicant or hospital which is designated by the 190 United States government Health Care Financing Administration 191 as rural.

(13) (16) STATE HEALTH PLAN. a. A comprehensive plan which is prepared triennially and reviewed at least annually and revised as necessary by the Statewide Health Coordinating Council, with the assistance of the State Health Planning and Development Agency, and approved by the Governor.

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197 b. The Statewide Health Coordinating Council shall meet at least annually to determine whether revisions for the State 198 199 Health Plan are necessary. If the Statewide Health 200 Coordinating Council fails to meet and to review or revise the 201 State Health Plan on an annual basis, there shall be no fees 202 required on all certificate of need applications filed with 203 the Certificate of Need Review Board until the Statewide 204 Health Coordinating Council meets and reviews or revises the 205 State Health Plan. For purposes of this paragraph, the annual meeting of the Statewide Health Coordinating Council shall 206 207 occur on or before August 1 of each calendar year. 208 c. The State Health Plan shall provide for the 209 development of health programs and resources to assure that 210 quality health services will be available and accessible in a 211 manner which assures continuity of care, at reasonable costs, 212 for all residents of the state. Nothing in this section should 213 be construed as permitting expenditures for facilities, 214 services, or equipment which are inconsistent with the State 215 Health Plan. 216 (14) (17) STATE HEALTH PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT AGENCY 217 (SHPDA) or STATE AGENCY or SHPDA. An agency of the State of 218 Alabama which is designated by the Governor as the sole State 219 Health Planning and Development Agency, which shall consist of 220 three consumers, three providers, and three representatives of 221 the Governor who all shall serve staggered terms and all be appointed by the Governor. Where used in this article, the 222 terms, "state agency," and the "SHPDA," shall be synonymous 223

and may be used interchangeably.

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(15) (18) STATEWIDE HEALTH COORDINATING COUNCIL. A council, appointed by the Governor, established pursuant to Sections 22-4-7 and 22-4-8 to advise the State Health Planning and Development Agency on matters relating to health planning and resource development and to perform other functions as may be delegated to it, to include an annual review of the State Health Plan.

(16) (13) TO OFFER. When used in connection with health services, a health care facility or health maintenance organization that holds itself out as capable of providing, or as having the means for the provision of, specified health services."

237 "\$22-21-263

- (a) All new institutional health services which that are subject to this article and which that are proposed to be offered or developed within the state shall be subject to review under this article. No institutional health services which that are subject to this article shall be permitted which are inconsistent with the State Health Plan. For the purposes of this article, new institutional health services shall include any of the following:
- (1) The construction, development, acquisition through lease or purchase, or other establishment of a new health care facility or health maintenance organization. A transaction involving the sale, lease, or other transfer or change of control of an existing health care facility, existing health maintenance organization, or existing institutional health service is not subject to certificate of need review or



253	approval under this article unless the transaction also
254	involves implementing one or more of the new institutional
255	health services described in subdivision (2) , (3) , or (4) . The
256	two immediately preceding sentences are applicable to all
257	transactions occurring on or after July 30, 1979.
258	Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this article,
259	expenditures incurred in the sale, lease, or other transfer of
260	an existing health care facility or existing health
261	maintenance organization or existing institutional health
262	service shall not be subject to subdivision (2).
263	(2) Any expenditure by or on behalf of a health care
264	facility or health maintenance organization which, under
265	generally accepted accounting principles consistently applied,
266	is a capital expenditure in excess of two million dollars
267	(\$2,000,000) indexed annually for inflation for major medical
268	equipment; in excess of eight hundred thousand dollars
269	(\$800,000) for new annual operating costs indexed annually for
270	inflation; and in excess of four million dollars (\$4,000,000)
271	indexed annually for inflation for any other capital
272	expenditure by or on behalf of a health care facility or a
273	health maintenance organization. The index referenced in this
274	subdivision shall be the Consumer Price Index Market Basket
275	Professional Medical Services index as published by the U.S.

(3) A change in the existing bed capacity of a health care facility or health maintenance organization through the addition of new beds, the relocation of one or more beds from

Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. The SHPDA

shall publish this index information to the general public.

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281	one physical facility to another, or reallocation among
282	services of existing beds through the conversion of one or
283	more beds from one category to another within the following
284	bed categories: general medical surgical, inpatient
285	<pre>psychiatric, inpatient/residential alcohol and drug abuse or</pre>
286	inpatient rehabilitation beds, or long-term care beds
287	including skilled nursing care, intermediate care,
288	transitional care, and swing beds. Notwithstanding any
289	provision of this subdivision to the contrary, any health care
290	facility or health maintenance organization in which at least
291	65 percent of the beds are dedicated or used exclusively for
292	acute care services, general medical surgical, or
293	nonspecialized services may reallocate existing beds within
294	the following specialized bed categories: inpatient
295	<pre>psychiatric, inpatient/residential alcohol and drug</pre>
296	rehabilitation beds $_{ au}$ to acute care services $_{ au}$ or general
297	medical surgical beds without first obtaining a certificate of
298	need from the SHPDA.

(4) Health services proposed to be offered in or through a health care facility or health maintenance organization, and which were not offered on a regular basis in or through such the health care facility or health maintenance organization within the 12 month period prior to the time such the services would be offered. Health services, other than those health services involving long-term care services, including, without limitation, skilled and intermediate nursing home care, swing beds services, or transitional care services, provided directly by acute care hospitals classified





as rural by the U.S. Bureau of Census/Office Census, Office of Management and Budget, United States government Health Care Financing Administration or acute care hospitals with less than 105 beds that are located over 20 miles from the nearest acute health care facility located within Alabama shall not be subject to this subdivision but shall be subject to the other subdivisions of this subsection. Provided, however, that the exemption from this subdivision herein established shall not apply to home health services provided outside of the county in which the hospital is located.

- (b) The four conditions of new institutional health services listed in this section shall be mutually exclusive.
- (c) Notwithstanding all other provisions of this article to the contrary, those facilities and distinct units operated by the Department of Mental Health and those facilities and distinct units operating under contract or subcontract with the Department of Mental Health where the contract constitutes the primary source of income to the facility shall not be subject to review under this article.
- (d) For the purposes of this article, and notwithstanding all other provisions of this article to the contrary and notwithstanding any and all provisions of the State Health Plan on September 1, 2003, relating to lithotripsy, magnetic resonance imaging, and positron emission tomography, new institutional health services, which that are subject to this article, shall not include any health services provided by a mobile or fixed-based extracorporeal shock wave lithotripter, mobile or fixed-based magnetic resonance



337 imaging, or positron emission tomography proposed to be 338 offered in or through a health care facility or health 339 maintenance organization. The SHPDA, after consultation with 340 and the advice of the Statewide Health Coordinating Council, 341 in accordance with the Alabama Administrative Procedure Act 342 and within 60 days of September 1, 2003, shall cause the State 343 Health Plan to be amended to repeal and delete all sections of the Alabama State Health Plan relating to mobile and 344 fixed-based lithotripters, mobile and fixed-based magnetic 345 resonance imaging, and positron emission tomography, and cause 346 347 the amendment and repeal of any other SHPDA rules and regulations inconsistent with this article." 348

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The SHPDA, pursuant to the provisions of Section 22-21-274, shall prescribe by rules and regulations the criteria and clarifying definitions for reviews covered by this article. These criteria shall include at least the following:

- (1) Consistency with the appropriate State Health

 Facility and services plans effective at the time the

 application was received by the State Agency, which shall
 include the latest approved revisions of the following plans:
- a. The most recent Alabama State Health Plan which shall include updated inventories and separate bed need methodologies for inpatient rehabilitation beds, inpatient psychiatric beds and inpatient/residential alcohol and drug abuse beds.
 - b. Alabama State Health Plan for services to the



365 mentally ill.

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- 366 c. Alabama State <u>Health</u> Plan for rehabilitation facilities.
- d. Alabama developmental disabilities plan.
- e. Alabama Statestate alcoholism plan.
- f. Such other other state plans State Plans as may from time to time be required by state or federal statute.
- 372 (2) The relationship of services reviewed to the any
 373 long-range development plan (if any) of the person providing
 374 or proposing such services.
- 375 (3) The availability of alternative, less costly, or 376 more effective methods of providing such services.
- 377 (4) Determination of a substantially unmet public
 378 requirement for the proposed health care facility, service, or
 379 capital expenditure that is consistent with orderly planning
 380 within the state and the community for furnishing
 381 comprehensive health care, such determination to be
 382 established on the merits of the proposal after giving
 383 appropriate consideration to all of the following:
- a. Financial feasibility of the proposed change in service of or facility.
- b. Specific data supporting the demonstration of need for the proposed change in facility or service shall be reasonable, relevant, and appropriate.
 - c. Evidence of evaluation and consistency of the proposed change in facility or service with the facility's and the community's overall health and health-related plans.
- d. Evidence of consistency of the proposal with the



- need to meet nonpatient care objectives of the facility such as teaching and research.
- e. Evidence of review of the proposed facility,

 service, or capital expenditure when appropriate and requested

 by other state agencies.
- f. Evidence of the locational appropriateness of the

 location of the proposed facility or service, such

 as including, but not limited to, transportation accessibility,

 manpower availability, local zoning, and environmental health,

 etc.;
- g. Reasonable potential of the facility to meet licensure standards.
- 405 h. Reasonable consideration shall be given to medical
 406 facilities Consideration of whether the proposed facility or
 407 service will be involved in medical education.
- 408 (5) Determination that the person applying is an 409 appropriate applicant, or the most appropriate applicant in 410 the event of duplicative applications, for providing the 411 proposed health care facility or service, such determination 412 to be established from the evidence as toof the ability of the 413 person, directly or indirectly, to render adequate service to 414 the public, including affirmative evidence as to the 415 following:
- a. Professional capability of the facility proposing the capital expenditure.
- b. Management capability of the facility proposing the capital expenditure.
- 420 c. Adequate manpower to enable the facility to offer



- 421 the proposed service.
- d. Evidence of the existence of the applicant's
- 10ng-range planning program and an ongoing planning process.
- e. Evidence of existing and ongoing monitoring of
- 425 utilization and the fulfilling of unmet or under metunder-met
- 426 health needs in the case of expansion.
- f. Evidence of communication with all planning,
- 428 regulatory, and utility agencies and organizations that
- 429 influence the facility's destiny.
- 430 (6) Consideration of the special needs and
- 431 circumstances of those entities which provide a substantial
- 432 portion of their services or resources, or both, to
- 433 individuals not residing in the health service area in which
- 434 the entities are located or in adjacent health service areas.
- 435 (7) The special needs and circumstances of health
- 436 maintenance organizations.
- 437 (8) In case of a construction project, consideration
- 438 shall be given to both of the following:
- a. The costs and methods of the proposed construction
- including the costs and methods of energy provision; and.
- b. The probable impact of the construction project
- 442 reviewed on the costs of providing health services."
- 443 "\$22-21-265
- 444 (a) On or after July 30, 1979, no No person to which
- 445 this article applies shall acquire, construct, or operate a
- 446 new institutional health service, as defined in this article,
- 447 or furnish or offer, or purport to furnish a new institutional
- 448 health service, as defined in this article, or make an

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449	arrangement or commitment for financing the offering of a new
450	institutional health service, unless the person shall first
451	obtain from the SHPDA a certificate of need therefor.
452	(b) Notwithstanding any provisions provision of this
453	article to the contrary, those facilities and distinct units
454	operated by the Department of Mental Health, and those
455	facilities and distinct units operating under contract or
456	subcontract with the Department of Mental Health where the
457	contract constitutes the primary source of income to the
458	facility, shall not be required to obtain a certificate of
459	need under this article.
460	$\frac{\text{(b)}}{\text{(c)}}$ (1) Notwithstanding $\frac{\text{all}}{\text{any}}$ other
461	<pre>provisions provision of this article to the contrary, the</pre>
462	replacement of equipment by health care facilities shall be
463	exempt from certificate of need review, provided:
464	$\frac{(1)}{a}$. The replacement does not change the purpose, use,
465	or application of the equipment-;
466	$\frac{(2)}{b}$. The existing equipment is taken out of service.
467	$\frac{(3)}{c}$. The replacement equipment does not enable the
468	health care facility to expand its health services: and
469	$\frac{(4)}{d}$. The replacement equipment does not enable the
470	health care facility to provide any health services not
471	previously provided on a regular basis.
472	(2) A determination of whether the acquisition of
473	equipment is exempt from review under this section shall be
474	made by the Executive Director of the SHPDA upon the filing of
475	an application requesting the determination, on the form or

forms prescribed by the CON Review Board, together with a fee

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477	in the amount of 20 percent of the fee provided in Section
478	22-21-271. If it is determined that the replacement is not
479	reviewable pursuant to this section, the applicant shall be
480	notified in writing that no certificate of need is required.
481	The SHPDA shall define an appeals process.

(d) Any provision in this article to the contrary notwithstanding, a rural hospital shall only be required to submit a fee equal to 25 percent of the fee applicable to non-rural hospitals when filing a request for determination under this section.

(e) (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article to the contrary, the modernization or construction of a nonclinical building, parking facility, or any other noninstitutional health services capital item on the existing campus of a health care facility shall be exempt from certificate of need review, provided the construction or modernization does not allow the health care facility to provide new institutional health services subject to review and not previously provided on a regular basis.

(d) (f) The SHPDA shall maintain the Alabama State

Health Plan to include separate bed need methodologies for

inpatient psychiatric services, inpatient rehabilitation

services, and inpatient/residential alcohol and drug abuse

services. The SHPDA shall utilize these methodologies in

considering all certificate of need applications.

(e) (g) Notwithstanding allany other provisions provision of this article to the contrary, the increase in the number of nursing home beds of a health care facility licensed pursuant



505 to Section 22-21-260(6) as a skilled nursing care facility or 506 an intermediate care facility, but excluding an increase in 507 the bed capacity of an intermediate care facility designated 508 as an ICF-MR by the State Board of Committee on Public Health 509 and operated by the state Department of Mental Health which 510 facilities shall be are governed by the other provisions of 511 this article, shall be exempt from certificate of need review, 512 provided:

(1) The increase does not exceed 10 percent of the total skilled nursing beds of the facility, rounded to the nearest whole number, or 10 beds, whichever is greater.

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- (2) The average rate of occupancy for the nursing home beds of the facility is not less than 95 percent, rounded to the nearest whole number, for the 24-month period ending on June 30 of the year immediately preceding the application for exemption from the certificate of need review.
- (3) The aggregate average rate of occupancy for all other skilled nursing facilities and intermediate nursing facilities in the same county as the requesting facility's is not less than 95 percent, rounded to the nearest whole number, for the 24-month period ending on June 30 of the year immediately preceding the application for exemption from certificate of need review.
- 528 (4) The increase does not require capital expenditures 529 exceeding the capital expenditure thresholds prescribed in 530 Section 22-21-263(a)(2).
 - (5) The facility has not been granted an increase of beds under this exemption within the immediately preceding



533 24-month period.

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534 In calculating the average occupancy for the facility 535 under subdivision (2) of this subsection and for all other 536 skilled and intermediate nursing facilities in the same county 537 under subdivision (3) of this subsection, beds previously 538 granted, including beds granted after January 1, 1995, to the 539 facility, and to other skilled or intermediate nursing 540 facilities in the same county as the requesting facility, 541 pursuant to a certificate of need or to this exemption shall 542 be deemed built and available for occupancy as of the date 543 granted regardless of when the beds were placed in service. SHPDA shall promulgate regulations adopt rules to determine how 544 545 occupancy shall be calculated for the purpose of this 546 subsection, taking into account certain factors such as, but 547 without limitation, disregarding beds that have not been 548 available for use for the three years next-preceding the 549 period for which occupancy is being measured.

- (6) The facility has had an average daily census comprised of 40 percent of Medicaid patients within the fiscal year ended June 30 immediately prior to filing an application for exemption under this section.
- of need shall expire and be deemed null and void unless the beds are placed in service not less than 12 months after the date the exemption is granted. Notwithstanding the foregoing, SHPDA may promulgateadopt rules permitting the Executive Director of SHPDA to grant one extension not to exceed twelve12 months upon a showing of substantial progress.

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Notwithstanding the foregoing, any exemption granted by the SHPDA prior to April 10, 1995, for facilities which have agreed to the provisions of the June 21, 1995 consent decree, is ratified and confirmed and shall be deemed to have been granted in accordance with this subsection. In addition, any facility which was granted an exemption by the SHPDA prior to April 10, 1995, is ratified and confirmed and shall be deemed to have been approved as of the latter of the actual date approved or March 3, 1995, and to have been granted in accordance with this subsection.

<u>b.</u> A determination of whether the increase in beds is exempt from review under this section shall be made by the Executive Director of SHPDA upon the filing of an application requesting the determination, on the form or forms prescribed by the CON Review Board, together with a fee in an amount to be determined by the review board in accordance with Section 22-21-271(a). The SHPDA shall <u>promulgate</u> adopt rules affording an applicant pursuant to this subsection a right to appeal adverse rulings.

c. Applications pursuant to this section for exemption from certificate of need review for an increase in bed capacity shall be made only during the 90-day period beginning January 1 through March 31 of each year.

d. The provisions of this section shall automatically terminate and become null and void on December 31, 2005, unless a bill to continue or reestablish the provisions of this section shall be passed by both houses of the Legislature and enacted into law.



(f) (h) Notwithstanding all other provisions of this article to the contrary, an existing home health agency may accept referrals of patients from outside its Medicare certified service area without obtaining a certificate of need, provided all of the following conditions are met:

- (1) The county of the referral is contiguous to a county for which the home health agency holds a certificate of need or an exemption granted pursuant to provisions of Section 22-21-263.
- 598 (2) The home health agency establishes no branch office 599 in the county of the referral.
- 600 (3) The home health agency incurs no capital
 601 expenditures in the county of the referral in excess of five
 602 hundred dollars (\$500).

The home health agency shall notify the SHPDA that it has begun accepting referrals from a county contiguous to its service area within 14 days of the receipt of the first referral from the contiguous county. No notice to the SHPDA shall be required related to subsequent referrals in the same contiguous county. The SHPDA shall take steps to provide for the inclusion of statistical information relating to the service to referrals outside the Medicare certified service area in its annual statistical reports. The SHPDA may impose, by rule, a reasonable charge upon home health agencies accepting such referrals to cover the additional cost of gathering and processing the information.

(g) (i) Notwithstanding allany other provisions provision of this article to the contrary, the replacement, including



for relocation in the same county, of an existing acute care

618 hospital by the construction of a new digital hospital shall

619 be exempt from certificate of need review provided the

620 hospital meets all of the following:

- (1) The digital hospital design incorporates a fully automated, centralized, digital system to integrate all current and future medical technologies with capabilities for all systems to interface in a comprehensive medical record. The integration of medical technology shall include, but not be limited to, all patient medical records, diagnostic images, diagnostic reports, laboratory results, pharmacy data, pharmacological interactions, contraindications, surgical reports, surgical streaming video, pathology reports, unique patient identification, voice activated transcription, wireless applications, automated billing with electronic
- (2) The electronic medical systems shall interface on a single electronic platform to produce the most favorable patient outcome with a reduction in medical errors.

transmission capability, and electronic procurement systems.

- (3) Medical records shall only be accessed by authorized clinical personnel who are provided access by hospital consoles, physician offices, physician homes, or any remote location via unique identification requirements.
- 640 (4) Patient rooms shall be designed to provide optimal
 641 electronic documentation of vital signs, real-time data entry,
 642 any and all treatment protocols, physician orders, and patient
 643 progression.
 - (5) The digital hospital shall have a minimum project



- cost of one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000) to include design, systems, property, buildings, equipment, and
- (6) The construction and design of the facility shall utilize technology and materials for patient flow to limit general public contact with patient care areas,

 healthcare health care workers, and hazardous materials to reduce the potential for cross-contamination and resulting direct medical costs.
- 654 (7) The digital hospital environment shall be energy 655 efficient, cost effective, and clinically designed to produce 656 the most favorable environment.
- 657 (8) The digital hospital shall meet all of the 658 following conditions:
- a. Operate as an acute care hospital.

electronic software development.

- b. Replace an existing acute care hospital located in the same county as the digital hospital.
- 662 c. Be licensed for no more than the same number of
 663 hospital beds and for the same bed categories as the existing
 664 acute care hospital to be replaced by the digital hospital,
 665 unless otherwise approved by the Certificate of Need Review
 666 Board through issuance of a certificate of need.
- d. Shall not exceed the same scope of health services, including the same amount of diagnostic or therapeutic major medical equipment, as the existing acute care hospital to be replaced by the digital hospital, unless otherwise approved by the SHPDA approval process.
- e. Shall not exceed the number of inpatient and

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outpatient surgical suites as contained in the existing acute care hospital to be replaced by the digital hospital, unless otherwise approved by the SHPDA approval process.

- (9) The existing acute care hospital, replaced by the digital hospital, shall be taken out of service as an acute care hospital and shall not be converted to or used as another health care facility, unless approved by the Certificate of Need Review Board through issuance of a certificate of need.
- (10) Any presently reviewable health service which is proposed to be offered by the digital hospital which was not offered on a regular basis within the preceding twelve-month period in or through the existing acute care hospital to be replaced by the digital hospital shall be subject to Certificate of Need Review Board approval through issuance of a certificate of need.
- of need review shall be the first digital hospital developed in the state, and the digital hospital shall be located in a county where there is located an accredited medical school and teaching facility and not less than 3,000 licensed general hospital beds, and construction shall be commenced within one year from the issuance of a certificate of need by SHPDA.
- (12) A determination whether the construction of a digital hospital is exempt from review under this subsection shall be made by the Executive Director of the SHPDA, upon the filing of an application requesting the determination, on the forms acceptable to the Executive Director of SHPDA together with an application fee as provided in Section 22-21-271. If



it is determined that the replacement facility is not reviewable pursuant to this section, SHPDA shall notify the applicant in writing that the application is exempt from certificate of need review and shall issue a certificate of need. The applicant shall have a right of may appeal from any adverse ruling denying exemption, and the SHPDA shall promulgate adopt rules affording an applicant a right to appeal adverse rulings pursuant to this subsection.

- automatically terminate and become null and void upon the issuance of the first certificate of need for the construction and operation of a digital replacement hospital as herein provided or on December 31, 2005, whichever first occurs, unless a bill to continue or reestablish the provisions of this subsection shall be passed by both houses of the Legislature and enacted into law.
- (j) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article to the contrary, the acquisition, construction, operation, or furnishing of a new institutional health service that provides any of the following shall be exempt from certificate of need review:
- (1) Obstetric care, whether to be rendered in a freestanding birth center or in a maternity ward in any existing hospital.
- (2) A neonatal intensive care unit.

(3) Mental health services as defined by Section
22-56-2, regardless of whether the services are rendered in a
freestanding facility or unit within an existing hospital on



29	an inpatient or outpatient basis, including a designated
30	mental health facility as defined by Section 22-52-1.1."
31	Section 2. This act shall become effective on October
32	1, 2025.