- 1 SB164
- 2 189173-1
- 3 By Senator Singleton
- 4 RFD: Constitution, Ethics and Elections
- 5 First Read: 11-JAN-18

189173-1:n:12/20/2017:PMG*/th LSA2017-2612 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Under existing law, there is a separate 8 SYNOPSIS: ballot for each party for which there are 9 10 candidates in primary elections, and an elector may 11 only vote for candidates of one political party. 12 This bill would create a primary election 13 system for all offices other than the office of 14 President where all qualified candidates, including 15 party candidates and independent candidates, would 16 have their names placed on the same primary 17 election ballot and all qualified electors would 18 vote the same ballot. 19 This bill would provide that if a candidate 20 receives a majority of the votes cast in the 21 primary election, the candidate is deemed the 22 winner of the election, otherwise the two 23 candidates who receive the highest number of votes 24 in a primary election, regardless of their party 25 affiliation or lack thereof, would be placed on the 26 ballot in the general election.

| 1 | This bill would also authorize the Secretary |
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| 2 | of State to adopt rules to implement the provisions |
| 3 | of this act. |
| 4 | |
| 5 | A BILL |
| 6 | TO BE ENTITLED |
| 7 | AN ACT |
| 8 | |
| 9 | Relating to primary elections, to amend Sections |
| 10 | 17-5-2, 17-5-7, 17-5-8, 17-6-21, 17-6-22, 17-9-3, 17-11-12, |
| 11 | 17-13-1, 17-13-2, 17-13-3, 17-13-5, 17-13-6, 17-13-7, 17-13-8, |
| 12 | 17-13-16, 17-13-18, 17-13-22, 17-13-50, 17-16-45, 17-16-46, |
| 13 | and 21-4-21, Code of Alabama 1975; to add Section 17-13-8.2 to |
| 14 | the Code of Alabama 1975; to repeal Sections 17-13-7.1, |
| 15 | 17-13-19, 17-13-20, 17-13-21, 17-13-23, 17-13-41, and |
| 16 | 17-13-101, Code of Alabama 1975; to create a primary election |
| 17 | system for all offices other than the office of President |
| 18 | whereby all qualified candidates, including party candidates |
| 19 | and independent candidates, would have their names on the |
| 20 | primary election ballot and all qualified electors would vote |
| 21 | the same ballot; to provide that if a candidate receives a |
| 22 | majority of the votes cast in the primary election, the |
| 23 | candidate is deemed the winner of the election, otherwise the |
| 24 | two candidates who receive the highest number of votes in a |
| 25 | primary election, regardless of their party affiliation or |
| 26 | lack thereof, would be placed on the ballot in the general |

1 election; and to authorize the Secretary of State to adopt 2 rules to implement the provisions of this act. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA: 3 Section 1. Sections 17-5-2, 17-5-7, 17-5-8, 17-6-21, 4 17-6-22, 17-9-3, 17-11-12, 17-13-1, 17-13-2, 17-13-3, 17-13-5, 5 17-13-6, 17-13-7, 17-13-8, 17-13-16, 17-13-18, 17-13-22, 6 17-13-50, 17-16-45, 17-16-46, and 21-4-21, Code of Alabama 7 1975, are amended to read as follows: 8 "\$17-5-2. 9 10 "(a) For purposes of this chapter, the following terms shall have the following meanings: 11 "(1) CANDIDATE. An individual who has done any of 12 13 the following: "a. Taken the action necessary under the laws of the 14 15 state to qualify himself or herself for nomination or for election to any state office or local office or in the case of 16 an independent seeking ballot access, on the date when he or 17 18 she files a petition with the judge of probate in the case of county offices, with the appropriate qualifying municipal 19 20 official in the case of municipal offices, or the Secretary of 21 State in all other cases. 22 "b. Received contributions or made expenditures in excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or given his or her 23 24 consent for any other person or persons to receive 25 contributions or make expenditures in excess of one thousand 26 dollars (\$1,000), with a view to bringing about his or her

27 nomination or election to any state office or local office.

"(2) COMMISSION. The State Ethics Commission created
 pursuant to Section 36-25-3.

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"(3) CONTRIBUTION.

4 "a. Any of the following shall be considered a5 contribution:

"1. A gift, subscription, loan, advance, deposit of
money or anything of value, a payment, a forgiveness of a
loan, or payment of a third party, made for the purpose of
influencing the result of an election.

"2. A contract or agreement to make a gift,
subscription, loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything
of value for the purpose of influencing the result of an
election.

14 "3. Any transfer of anything of value received by a
15 political committee from another political committee,
16 political party, or other source.

17 "4. The payment of compensation by any person for 18 the personal services or expenses of any other person if the services are rendered or expenses incurred on behalf of a 19 20 candidate, political committee, or political party without 21 payment of full and adequate compensation by the candidate, 22 political committee, or political party. Provided, however, 23 that the payment of compensation by a corporation for the 24 purpose of establishing, administering, or soliciting 25 voluntary contributions to a separate, segregated fund as 26 permitted in this chapter, shall not constitute a contribution. 27

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"b. The term "contribution" does not include:

"1. The value of services provided without
compensation by individuals who volunteer a portion or all of
their time on behalf of a candidate or political committee.

5 "2. The use of real or personal property and the 6 cost of invitations, food, or beverages, voluntarily provided 7 by an individual to a candidate or political committee in 8 rendering voluntary personal services on the individual's 9 residential or business premises for election-related 10 activities.

"3. The sale of any food or beverage by a vendor for use in an election campaign at a charge to a candidate or political committee less than the normal comparable charge, if the charge to the political committee for use in an election campaign is at least equal to the cost of the food or beverage to the vendor.

17 "4. Any unreimbursed payment for travel expenses
18 made by an individual who, on his or her own behalf,
19 volunteers personal services to a candidate or political
20 committee.

"5. The payment by a state or local committee of a political party of the cost of preparation, display, or mailing or other distribution incurred by the committee with respect to a printed slate card or sample ballot, or other printed listing of two or more candidates for any public office for which an election is held in the state, except that this subparagraph shall not apply in the case of costs incurred by the committee with respect to a display of the
 listing made on broadcasting stations, or in newspapers,
 magazines, or other similar types of general public political
 advertising.

5 "6. The value or cost of polling data and voter 6 preference data and information if provided to a candidate or 7 political committee, unless the information was compiled with 8 the advance knowledge of and approval of the candidate or the 9 political committee.

10 "c. For purposes of reporting contributions as 11 required by this chapter, the date of receipt of a 12 contribution shall be the first date the recipient of the 13 contribution is able to make use of the contribution. In the 14 case of a contribution in the form of a check, the date of 15 receipt is the earlier of either of the following:

16 "1. Ten days from the date that the check came 17 within the recipient's control.

18 "2. The date that the check was deposited into the19 recipient's account.

"(4) DESIGNATED FILING AGENT. An individual
appointed and authorized as attorney in fact to electronically
submit any report or other filing required by this chapter on
behalf of a candidate, his or her principal campaign
committee, or a political action committee.

"(5) ELECTION. Unless otherwise specified, any
 general, special, <u>or</u> primary, <u>or runoff</u> election, or any
 convention or caucus of a political party held to nominate a

candidate, or any election at which a constitutional amendment
 or other proposition is submitted to the popular vote.

"(6) ELECTIONEERING COMMUNICATION. Any communication 3 disseminated through any federally regulated broadcast media, 4 5 any mailing, or other distribution, electronic communication, 6 phone bank, or publication which (i) contains the name or 7 image of a candidate; (ii) is made within 120 days of an election in which the candidate will appear on the ballot; 8 (iii) the only reasonable conclusion to be drawn from the 9 10 presentation and content of the communication is that it is intended to influence the outcome of an election; and (iv) 11 entails an expenditure in excess of one thousand dollars 12 13 (\$1,000).

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"(7) EXPENDITURE.

15 "a. The following shall be considered expenditures:
16 "1. A purchase, payment, distribution, loan,
17 advance, deposit, or gift of money or anything of value made
18 for the purpose of influencing the result of an election.

19 "2. A contract or agreement to make any purchase, 20 payment, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of 21 money or anything of value, for the purpose of influencing the 22 result of an election.

23 "3. The transfer, gift, or contribution of funds of24 a political committee to another political committee.

25 "4. The payment of any qualifying fee or other cost26 associated with qualifying to run for office.

27 "b. The term "expenditure" does not include:

"1. Any news story, commentary, or editorial
prepared by and distributed through the facilities of any
broadcasting station, newspaper, magazine, or other periodical
publication, unless the facilities are owned or controlled by
any political party or political committee.

6 "2. Nonpartisan activity designed to encourage
7 individuals to register to vote, or to vote.

8 "3. Any communication by any membership organization 9 to its members or by a corporation to its stockholders and 10 employees if the membership organization or corporation is not 11 organized primarily for the purpose of influencing the result 12 of an election.

13 "4. The use of real or personal property and the 14 cost of invitations, food, or beverages, voluntarily provided 15 by an individual in rendering voluntary personal services on 16 the individual's residential or business premises for 17 election-related activities.

18 "5. Any unreimbursed payment for travel expenses 19 made by an individual who, on his or her own behalf, 20 volunteers personal services to a candidate or political 21 committee.

"6. Any communication by any person which is not made for the purposes of influencing the result of an election.

25 "7. The payment by a state or local committee of a 26 political party of the cost of preparation, display, or 27 mailing or other distribution incurred by the committee with

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respect to a printed slate card or sample ballot, or other 1 2 printed listing of two or more candidates for any public office for which an election is held in the state, except that 3 this subparagraph shall not apply in the case of costs 4 5 incurred by the committee with respect to a display of the listing made on broadcasting stations, or in newspapers, 6 7 magazines, or other similar types of general public political 8 advertising.

9 "c. For purposes of reporting expenditures as 10 required by this chapter, the date an expenditure is made is 11 the date the instrument authorizes the expenditure. In the 12 case of an expenditure made by check or electronic payment, 13 the date of expenditure is the date of the check or electronic 14 payment.

15 "(8) IDENTIFICATION. The full name and complete16 address.

17 "(9) LOAN. A transfer of money, property, or 18 anything of value in consideration of a promise or obligation, 19 conditional or not, to repay in whole or part.

"(10) LOCAL OFFICE. Any office under the constitution and laws of the state, except circuit, district, or legislative offices, filled by election of the registered voters of a single county or municipality, or by the voters of a division contained within a county or municipality.

"(11) PERSON. An individual, partnership, committee,
association, corporation, labor organization, or any other
organization or group of persons.

"(12) PERSONAL AND LEGISLATIVE LIVING EXPENSES. 1 2 Household supplies, personal clothing, tuition payments, mortgage, rent, or utility payments for a personal residence; 3 admission to an entertainment event or fees for a country club 4 5 or social club, unless tied to a specific campaign event or 6 functions involving constituents; and any other expense, 7 excluding food and beverages, that would exist irrespective of the candidate's campaign or duties as a legislator. Personal 8 9 and legislative living expenses shall not include expenses for 10 food, beverages, travel, or communications incurred by the legislator in the performance of the office held. 11

"(13) POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEE. Any committee, 12 13 club, association, political party, or other group of one or more persons, whether in-state or out-of-state, which receives 14 15 or anticipates receiving contributions and makes or anticipates making expenditures to or on behalf of any Alabama 16 state or local elected official, proposition, candidate, 17 18 principal campaign committee or other political action committee. For the purposes of this chapter, a person who 19 20 makes a political contribution shall not be considered a 21 political action committee by virtue of making such 22 contribution.

"(14) POLITICAL PARTY. A political party as definedin Section 17-13-40.

"(15) PRINCIPAL CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE. The principal
 campaign committee designated by a candidate under Section
 17-5-4. A political action committee established primarily to

benefit an individual candidate or an individual elected
 official shall be considered a principal campaign committee
 for purposes of this chapter.

4 "(16) PROPOSITION. Any proposal for submission to
5 the general public for its approval or rejection, including
6 proposed as well as qualified ballot questions.

7 "(17) PUBLIC OFFICIAL. Any person elected to public 8 office, whether or not that person has taken office, by the vote of the people at the state, county, or municipal level of 9 10 government or their instrumentalities, including governmental corporations, and any person appointed to a position at the 11 12 state, county, or municipal level of government or their 13 instrumentalities, including governmental corporations. For purposes of this chapter, a public official includes the 14 15 chairs and vice chairs or the equivalent offices of each state political party as defined in Section 17-13-40. 16

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"(18) STATE. The State of Alabama.

18 "(19) STATE OFFICE. All offices under the 19 constitution and laws of the state filled by election of the 20 registered voters of the state or of any circuit or district 21 and shall include legislative offices.

"(b) The words and terms used in this chapter shall
have the same meanings respectively ascribed to them in
Section 36-25-1.

25 "\$17-5-7.

26 "(a) Except as provided in subsection (d) and in
27 Section 17-5-7.1, a candidate, public official, or treasurer

of a principal campaign committee as defined in this chapter, may only use campaign contributions, and any proceeds from investing the contributions that are in excess of any amount necessary to defray expenditures of the candidate, public official, or principal campaign committee, for the following purposes:

7 "(1) Necessary and ordinary expenditures of the8 campaign.

9 "(2) Expenditures that are reasonably related to 10 performing the duties of the office held. For purposes of this 11 section, expenditures that are reasonably related to 12 performing the duties of the office held do not include 13 personal and legislative living expenses, as defined in this 14 chapter.

15 "(3) Donations to the State General Fund, the16 Education Trust Fund, or equivalent county or municipal funds.

"(4) Donations to an organization to which a federal income tax deduction is permitted under subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or any other charitable, educational, or eleemosynary cause of Section 501 of Title 26 of the U. S. Code.

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"(5) Inaugural or transitional expenses.

24 "(6) Donations to a legislative caucus organization 25 registered under this chapter which does not operate as a 26 political action committee. 1 "(7) Legal fees and costs associated with any civil 2 action, criminal prosecution, or investigation related to 3 conduct reasonably related to performing the duties of the 4 office held.

5 "(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, 6 including, but not limited to, Section 13A-10-61, a candidate, 7 public official, or principal campaign committee may only 8 accept, solicit, or receive contributions:

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"(1) To influence the outcome of an election.

10 "(2) For a period of 12 months before an election in which the person intends to be a candidate. Provided, however, 11 candidates for legislative and statewide office and their 12 13 principal campaign committees may not accept, solicit, or receive contributions during the period when the Legislature 14 15 is convened in session. For purposes of this section, the Legislature is convened in session at any time from the 16 17 opening day of the special or regular session and continued 18 through the day of adjournment sine die for that session. However, this subdivision shall not apply within 120 days of 19 20 any primary, runoff, or general election, and shall not apply 21 to the candidates or their principal campaign committees participating in any special election as called by the 22 Governor. This subdivision shall not apply to a loan from a 23 24 candidate to his or her own principal campaign committee.

"(3) For a period of 120 days after the election in which the person was a candidate, but only to the extent of any campaign debt of the candidate or principal campaign 1 committee of the candidate as indicated on the campaign 2 financial disclosure form or to the extent of reaching the 3 threshold that is required for qualification as a candidate 4 for the office which he or she currently holds, or both.

5 "(4) For the purpose of paying all expenses
6 associated with an election challenge including, but not
7 limited to, quo warranto challenges.

8 "(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, 9 including, but not limited to, Section 13A-10-61, a candidate, 10 public official, or principal campaign committee shall not 11 accept, solicit, or receive contributions for any of the 12 following reasons:

13 "(1) As a bribe, as defined by Sections 13A-10-60 to 14 13A-10-63, inclusive.

15 "(2) For the intention of corruptly influencing the 16 official actions of the public official or candidate for 17 public office.

18 "(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a principal campaign committee, during a two-year period 19 20 commencing on the day after each regularly scheduled general 21 election and ending on the day of the next regularly scheduled 22 general election, may pay qualifying fees to a political party and in addition thereto, during that period, may expend up to 23 24 a cumulative total of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) of 25 campaign contributions, and any proceeds from investing the contributions, for the following purposes: 26

"(1) Tickets for political party dinners or
 functions.

3 "(2) State or local political party dues or similar
4 expenses incurred by independent or write-in candidates.

5

"§17-5-8.

6 "(a) The treasurer, designated filing agent, or 7 candidate, shall file with the Secretary of State or judge of 8 probate, as designated in Section 17-5-9, periodic reports of 9 contributions and expenditures at the following times once a 10 principal campaign committee files its statement under Section 11 17-5-4 or a political action committee files its statement of 12 organization under Section 17-5-5:

13 "(1) Beginning after the 2012 election cycle, 14 reqardless Regardless of whether a candidate has opposition in 15 any election, monthly reports not later than the second 16 business day of the subsequent month, beginning 12 months before the date of any primary, special, runoff, or general 17 18 election for which a political action committee or principal campaign committee receives contributions or makes 19 20 expenditures with a view toward influencing such election's 21 result. A monthly report shall include all reportable 22 transactions for the previous full month period. Reports shall be required as provided in subdivisions (2) and (3). 23

"(2) With regard to a primary, special, runoff, or
general election, a report shall be required weekly on the
Monday of the succeeding week for each of the four weeks

before the election that includes all reportable activities
 for the previous week.

"(3)a. In addition to the reporting dates specified 3 in subdivisions (1) and (2), reports required to be filed with 4 5 the Secretary of State shall be filed with the Secretary of State on the eighth, seventh, sixth, fifth, fourth, third, and 6 7 second day preceding a legislative, state school board, or other statewide primary, special, runoff, or general election, 8 and by 12:01 p.m. on the day preceding a legislative, state 9 10 school board, or statewide, primary, special, runoff, or general election if any principal campaign committee or 11 political action committee receives or spends in the aggregate 12 13 five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or more on that day with a view toward influencing an election's results. If a daily report is 14 15 required pursuant to this subdivision, the report shall include all reportable activity occurring on the day of the 16 17 report as well as all reportable activity that has occurred on 18 each day since the most recent prior report. Principal campaign committees and political action committees that are 19 20 exempt from electronic filing and principal campaign 21 committees and political action committees required to make 22 daily reports pursuant to this subdivision for the 2012 election cycle may file reports by facsimile (FAX) 23 24 transmission provided they keep proper documentation in their 25 office.

26 "b. Electronic filing on the Secretary of State's
27 website may be implemented sooner than the 2014 election cycle

1 as an alternative method of reporting; however, electronic
2 filing shall be required beginning with the 2014 election
3 cycle. Electronic filings shall be available to the public on
4 a searchable database maintained on the Secretary of State's
5 website.

"(b) Except as provided in subsection (k) (j), each 6 7 principal campaign committee, political action committee, and elected state and local official covered under the provisions 8 9 of this chapter who has not closed his or her principal 10 campaign committee, shall annually file with the Secretary of State or judge of probate, as designated in Section 17-5-9, 11 12 reports of contributions and expenditures made during that 13 year. No annual report is required to be filed by a person who holds office because he or she was appointed to serve the 14 15 remainder of a term vacated by another person, until the 16 person serving has created a principal campaign committee. The 17 annual reports required under this subsection shall be made on 18 or before January 31 of the succeeding year.

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"(c) Each report under this section shall disclose:

"(1) The amount of cash or other assets on hand at
the beginning of the reporting period and forward until the
end of that reporting period and disbursements made from same.

"(2) The identification of each person who has made contributions to such committee or candidate within the calendar year in an aggregate amount greater than one hundred dollars (\$100), together with the amount and date of all such contributions; provided, however, in the case of a political 1 action committee identification shall mean the name and city 2 of residence of each person who has made contributions within 3 the calendar year in an aggregate amount greater than one 4 hundred dollars (\$100).

5 "(3) The total amount of other contributions 6 received during the calendar year but not reported under 7 subdivision (c)(2) of this section.

8 "(4) Each loan to or from any person within the 9 calendar year in an aggregate amount greater than one hundred 10 dollars (\$100), together with the identification of the 11 lender, the identification of the endorsers, or guarantors, if 12 any, and the date and amount of such loans.

"(5) The total amount of receipts from any othersource during such calendar year.

15 "(6) The grand total of all receipts by or for such16 committee during the calendar year.

"(7) The identification of each person to whom 17 18 expenditures have been made by or on behalf of such committee or elected official within the calendar year in an aggregate 19 20 amount greater than one hundred dollars (\$100), the amount, 21 date, and purpose of each such expenditure, and, if 22 applicable, the designation of each constitutional amendment 23 or other proposition with respect to which an expenditure was 24 made.

"(8) The identification of each person to whom an
expenditure for personal services, salaries, and reimbursed
expenses greater than one hundred dollars (\$100) has been

1 made, and which is not otherwise reported or exempted from the 2 provisions of this chapter, including the amount, date, and 3 purpose of such expenditure.

4 "(9) The grand total of all expenditures made by
5 such committee or elected official during the calendar year.

6 "(10) The amount and nature of debts and obligations 7 owed by or to the committee or elected official, together with 8 a statement as to the circumstances and conditions under which 9 any such debt or obligation was extinguished and the 10 consideration therefor.

"(d) Each report required by this section shall be 11 signed and filed by the elected official or on behalf of the 12 13 political action committee by its chair or treasurer and, if filed on behalf of a principal campaign committee, by the 14 15 candidate represented by such committee. There shall be attached to each such report an affidavit subscribed and sworn 16 17 to by the official or chair or treasurer and, if filed by a 18 principal campaign committee, the candidate represented by such committee, setting forth in substance that such report is 19 20 to the best of his or her knowledge and belief in all respects 21 true and complete, and, if made by a candidate, that he or she 22 has not received any contributions or made any expenditures 23 which are not set forth and covered by such report.

"(e) Commencing with the 2014 election cycle,
 electronic <u>Electronic</u> filing of contributions and expenditures
 for any legislative, state school board, and statewide
 primary, special, runoff, or general election shall be

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1 mandatory, except as provided in subsection (g) (f). The 2 Secretary of State may provide electronic reporting sooner 3 than the 2014 election cycle. Electronic filing shall satisfy 4 any filing requirements of this chapter and no paper filing is 5 required for any report filed electronically.

6 "(f) In the 2012 election cycle the provisions for 7 the time of filing contained in subsection (a) shall apply to 8 the paper or facsimile (FAX) filings for any legislative, 9 state school board, or statewide primary, special, runoff, or 10 general election.

"(g) (f) Electronic filing of reports shall not apply to any campaign, principal campaign committee, or political action committee receiving five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or less per election cycle.

15 "(h)(g) In connection with any electioneering communication paid for by a person, nonprofit corporation, 16 entity, principal campaign committee, or other political 17 18 committee or entity, the payor shall disclose its contributions and expenditures in accordance with this 19 20 section. The disclosure shall be made in the same form and at 21 the same time as is required of political action committees in this section; provided, however, no duplicate reporting shall 22 23 be required by a political committee.

24 "(i)(h) Notwithstanding any disclosure requirements 25 of subsection (h) (g), churches are exempt from the 26 requirements of this section unless the church's expenditures 27 are used to influence the outcome of an election. Nothing herein shall require a church to disclose the identities, donations, or contributions of members of the church. As used in this section, the term church is defined in accordance with and recognized by Internal Revenue Service guidelines and regulations.

"(j) (i) Notwithstanding the disclosure requirements 6 7 of this section, the provisions of this section shall not be interpreted to nor shall they require any disclosure for 8 9 expenses incurred for any electioneering communication used by 10 any membership or trade organization to communicate with or inform its members, its members' families, or its members' 11 employees or for any electioneering communication by a 12 13 business entity of any type to its employees or stockholders or their families. 14

15 "(k)(j) Each report required by this section shall 16 include all reportable transactions occurring since the most recent prior report; however, duplicate reporting is not 17 18 required by this section. A political action committee or principal campaign committee that is required to file a daily 19 20 report is not required to also file a weekly report for the 21 week preceding an election specified in subdivision (3) of 22 subsection (a); a committee required to file a weekly report is not required to also file a monthly report in the month in 23 24 which the election is held; and a committee required to file a 25 monthly report is not required to also file an annual report in the year in which the election is held. The monetary 26

1 balance in a report of each committee shall begin at the 2 monetary amount appearing in the most recent prior report.

3 "(1)(k) The Secretary of State may promulgate
4 administrative rules pursuant to the Alabama Administrative
5 Procedure Act as are necessary to implement and administer the
6 changes made to this section by Act 2012-477.

7

"§17-6-21.

"(a) The official ballots shall contain the names of 8 9 all candidates nominated by caucus, convention, mass meeting, 10 primary election, or other assembly of any political party or faction, or by petition of electors and certified as provided 11 in Section 17-9-3, but no person's name shall be printed upon 12 13 the ballots who, within the time period set forth in subsection (c), notifies the judge of probate in writing, 14 15 acknowledged before an officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments, that he or she will not accept the nomination 16 17 specified in the certificate of nomination or petition of 18 electors. The name of each candidate shall appear but one time on the ballot and under only one emblem. 19

"(b) A nomination for a candidate in a primary or 20 21 general election shall be finalized by the respective state 22 executive committees not later than 76 days before the primary 23 or general election. Any amendment to a certification of a 24 candidate by a state executive committee shall be filed with 25 the judge of probate in the case of a county office, or the Secretary of State in the case of a state or federal office. 26 27 Any amendment filed after the 76th day before a primary or a

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1 general election shall be accepted by the judge of probate or 2 the Secretary of State but shall not be cause for reprinting of the ballots. The name of a candidate who is the subject of 3 the amendment and who is disqualified by a political party or 4 5 who has withdrawn as a candidate shall remain on the ballot, not be replaced by the name of another candidate, and the 6 7 appropriate canvassing board shall not certify any votes for 8 the candidate. Any amendment to a certification to correct the spelling of the name of a candidate that is filed after the 9 10 76th day before a primary or general election, or after the printing of absentee ballots for a primary runoff election has 11 12 commenced, shall not be cause for reprinting of the ballots 13 and shall not affect the counting or certification of any votes cast for the candidate. 14

15 "(c) The notification deadline for persons who do not wish to accept nomination in a primary election is 76 days 16 17 before the date of the election. A person who does not wish to 18 accept nomination in a second primary election shall submit 19 the notification set forth in subsection (a) before the 20 printing of absentee ballots. The notification deadline for 21 persons who do not wish to accept nomination in a general 22 election is 76 days before the date of the election. In the event that a candidate submits a notification of withdrawal 23 24 after the applicable deadline, the name of the candidate shall 25 remain on the ballot and the appropriate canvassing board may 26 not certify any votes for the candidate.

27 **"**§17-6-22.

"(a) No political party, except those qualified as a
 political party under Chapter 13, shall be included on any
 general election ballot unless:

"(1) The party shall have filed with the Secretary 4 5 of State or other appropriate official on the date of the 6 first primary election a list of the signatures of at least 7 three percent of the qualified electors who cast ballots for the office of Governor in the last general election for the 8 state, county, city, district, or other political subdivision 9 10 in which the political party seeks to qualify candidates for office; and unless 11

"(2) The party shall have fulfilled all otherapplicable requirements of federal, state, or local laws.

14 "(b) The provisions of this section are supplemental 15 to the provisions of Chapter 13, and other laws regarding the 16 conduct of elections in Alabama, and shall repeal only those 17 laws or parts of laws in direct conflict herewith.

"§17-9-3.

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19 "(a) The following persons shall be entitled to have 20 their names printed on the appropriate ballot for the general 21 election<u>:</u>, provided they are otherwise qualified for the 22 office they seek:

"(1) Except for the office of President, the
 candidates who qualify to run in the general election, as
 provided in Section 17-13-18.

26 "(2) For the office of President, all of the 27 <u>following:</u>

1 a. All candidates who have been put in nomination by 2 a presidential preference primary election and certified in writing by the chair and secretary of the canvassing board of 3 the appropriate party holding the primary and filed with the 4 5 judge of probate of the county, in the case of a candidate for county office, and the Secretary of State. in all other cases, 6 on the day next following the last day for contesting the 7 primary election for that office if no contest is filed. If a 8 contest is filed, then the certificate for the contested 9 10 office must be filed on the day next following the date of settlement or decision of the contest. 11

12 "(2) All candidates who have been put in nomination 13 by any caucus, convention, mass meeting, or other assembly of 14 any political party or faction and certified in writing by the 15 chair and secretary of the nominating caucus, convention, mass meeting, or assembly and filed with the judge of probate, in 16 17 the case of a candidate for county office, and the Secretary 18 of State in all other cases, on or before 5:00 P.M. on the 19 date of the first primary election as provided for in Section 20 17 - 13 - 3.

21 "(3) <u>b.</u> Each candidate who has been requested to be
22 an independent candidate for <u>a specified the</u> office <u>of</u>
23 <u>President</u> by written petition signed by electors qualified to
24 vote in the election to fill the office when the petition has
25 been filed with the judge of probate, in the case of a county
26 office and with the Secretary of State in all other cases, on
27 or before 5:00 P.M. on the date of the first primary election

1 as provided for in Section 17-13-3. The number of qualified 2 electors signing the petition shall equal or exceed three 3 percent of the qualified electors who cast ballots for the 4 office of Governor in the last general election for the state. 5 , county, district, or other political subdivision in which 6 the candidate seeks to qualify.

7 "(b) The Secretary of State, not later than 74 days before the general election, shall certify to the judge of 8 probate of each county in the state, in the case of an officer 9 10 to be voted for by the electors of the whole state, and to the judges of probate of the counties composing the circuit or 11 district in the case of an officer to be voted for by the 12 13 electors of a circuit or district, upon suitable blanks to be 14 prepared by him or her for that purpose, the fact of 15 nomination or independent candidacy of each nominee or 16 independent candidate or candidate of a party who did not 17 receive more than 20 percent of the entire vote cast in the 18 last general election preceding the primary who has qualified 19 to appear on the general election ballot. The judge of probate 20 shall then prepare the ballot with the names of each candidate 21 qualified under the provisions of this section printed on the 22 ballot. The judge of probate may not print on the ballot the 23 name of any independent candidate who was a candidate in the 24 primary election of that year and the name of any nominee of a 25 political party who was a candidate for the nomination of a 26 different political party in the primary election of that year 27 the names of the applicable candidates.

1

2

"(c) The Secretary of State may adopt rules to implement this section.

3

"§17-11-12.

"Not less than 55 days prior to the holding of any 4 5 election, except a municipal election, to which this chapter 6 pertains, or in the case of a runoff primary election, not 7 more than seven days after the first primary election, the officer charged with the printing and distribution of the 8 official ballots and election supplies shall deliver to the 9 10 absentee election manager of each county in which the election is held or to the person designated to serve in his or her 11 place a sufficient number of absentee ballots, envelopes, and 12 13 other necessary supplies. Not more than seven days after the last day to qualify as a candidate in a municipal election, or 14 15 in the case of a runoff municipal election, not more than 14 days after the first election, or in the case of a municipal 16 17 election held for a purpose other than the election of 18 municipal officers, not more than seven days after the giving of notice of the election, the officer charged with the 19 20 printing and distribution of the official ballots and election 21 supplies shall deliver to the absentee election manager of the 22 municipality in which the election is held, or to the person designated to serve in his or her place, a sufficient number 23 24 of absentee ballots, envelopes, and other necessary supplies. 25 If the absentee election manager is a candidate with 26 opposition in the election, he or she shall immediately, upon receipt of the ballots, envelopes, and supplies, deliver them 27

1 to the person authorized to act in his or her place, as 2 provided in Section 17-11-13.

3

"§17-13-1.

4 "A primary election, including a separate and
5 special presidential preference primary election, within the
6 meaning of this chapter, is an election held by the qualified
7 voters who are members of any political party, for the purpose
8 of nominating a candidate or candidates for public or party
9 office.

10

"§17-13-2.

"All primary elections held by any political party 11 12 in this state for the nomination of any state, national, 13 district, circuit, county, or municipal officer shall be held and conducted under the provisions of this chapter and, except 14 15 as herein modified, shall be held and conducted in the same 16 manner and form, under the same requirements and subject to the same forfeitures, penalties, and punishments as are now or 17 18 shall hereafter be provided by law for the holding of regular general state elections, but nothing herein contained shall 19 20 make it obligatory upon any political party or parties to hold 21 participate in a primary election.

22

"§17-13-3.

"(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b),
primary elections, except special primary elections and
presidential preference primaries, held at the expense of the
state or counties, shall be held on the first Tuesday in June.
When necessary, as provided in this chapter, a second or

1 runoff primary election shall be held on the sixth Tuesday 2 following the primary election. Any second primary shall be held by the same election officers who held the first primary, 3 and be held at the same places as the first primary election. 4 5 No primary shall be held by any political party except as 6 herein provided. Primary elections herein provided for shall 7 be held at the regular polling places established for the purpose of holding general elections. 8

9 "(b) In years in which a presidential primary is 10 conducted, the primary election shall be the first Tuesday in 11 March.

12 "(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in 13 any year in which the primary election is held in March and 14 the primary election is held in conjunction with the 15 presidential preference primary election, as provided in this 16 section and Section 17-13-100, any reference in any existing 17 statutes to a primary election being held in June shall be 18 construed to refer to the primary election in March.

19

"§17-13-5.

20 "(a) All candidates for seeking nomination to public 21 office or for election to party office in the by a party to run for an elected office in a primary election provided for 22 in this chapter shall file their declaration of candidacy with 23 24 the state party chair if they seek any federal, state, 25 circuit, or district office, or the state Senate, House of 26 Representatives, or any other office that is not a county office not later than 5:00 P.M. 116 days before the date of 27

Page 29

the primary election. All candidates for nomination or election to a county office shall file their declaration with the county party chair not later than 5:00 P.M. 116 days before the date of the primary election.

5 "(b) The state party chair shall, no later than 5:00 P.M. 82 days before the primary election, shall certify the 6 7 names of all primary election candidates, except candidates for county offices, to the Secretary of State. The county 8 party chair shall, not later than 5:00 P.M. 82 days prior to 9 10 the date of the primary election, certify to the judge of probate the names of all candidates for nomination to county 11 offices or election to county party offices. 12

13 "(c) All candidates seeking to run as an independent candidate for an elected office other than the office of 14 15 President shall file a written petition with the Secretary of State signed by electors qualified to vote in the election to 16 fill the office no later than 5:00 P.M. 90 days before the 17 18 date of the primary election. The number of qualified electors signing the petition must equal or exceed one percent of the 19 qualified electors who cast ballots for the office of Governor 20 21 in the last general election for the state or the district in 22 which the candidate seeks to qualify.

"(d) The Secretary of State shall, not less than 74 days prior to the date of the primary election, <u>shall</u> certify to the judge of probate of every county in which the election is to be held the names of the opposed candidates for nomination to federal, state, circuit, or district offices, the state Senate, House of Representatives, and all other
 opposed candidates to public or party office, except
 candidates for county offices.

"(c) (e) The judge of probate of each county shall 4 5 have the ballots prepared for the primary election. If a legally qualified candidate for nomination to an office is 6 7 unopposed when the last date for filing declarations of candidacy has passed, his or her name shall not appear on the 8 9 ballots to be used in the primary election, and he or she 10 shall be the nominee of the party with which he or she has qualified for the office. If a legally qualified candidate for 11 12 election to a party office is unopposed when the last date for 13 filing declarations of candidacy has passed, his or her name 14 shall not appear on the ballots to be used in the primary 15 election, and he or she shall be declared elected to the party office for which he or she qualified. For a presidential 16 preference primary election, a separate ballot shall be 17 18 prepared for the office of President, as provided in Section 17-13-8.2. 19

20

"§17-13-6.

"The name of no candidate shall be printed upon any official ballot used at any primary election unless such person is legally qualified to hold the office for which he or she is a candidate and unless he or she is eligible to vote in the primary election in which he or she seeks to be a candidate and <u>for all party candidates, he or she</u> possesses the political qualifications prescribed by the governing body
 of his or her political party.

3

"§17-13-7.

"(a) All persons who are gualified electors under 4 5 the general laws of the State of Alabama and who are also members of a political party and entitled to participate in 6 7 such primary election under the rules of the party shall be entitled to vote therein in a primary election, except only 8 9 qualified electors who are members of a political party are 10 entitled to participate in a presidential preference primary election. and shall receive the official primary ballot of 11 12 that political party, and no other; but every

13 "(b) The governing body of a party shall have the 14 right, power, and authority to fix and prescribe the political 15 or other qualifications of its own members. and shall, in its own way, declare and determine who shall be entitled and 16 17 qualified to vote in such primary election or to be candidates 18 therein or to otherwise participate in such political parties 19 and primaries. The qualifications of electors entitled to vote 20 in such primary election shall not necessarily be the same as 21 the qualifications for electors entitled to become candidates 22 therein. Nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to 23 prohibit any state executive committee of a party from fixing 24 such qualifications as it may deem necessary for persons 25 desiring to become candidates for nomination to offices at a primary election. 26

| 1 | " (b) A political party may require all poll lists |
|----|--|
| 2 | for primary elections to state at the top thereof that by |
| 3 | participating in the primary election a voter shall indicate a |
| 4 | preference for the party holding the primary, and will support |
| 5 | the nominees of that party in the general election, and that |
| 6 | he or she is qualified under the rules of such party to vote |
| 7 | in its primary election. No person shall be eligible to |
| 8 | participate in the primary unless he or she signs the poll |
| 9 | list and thereby certifies to the truth of the statement. |
| 10 | "§17-13-8. |
| 11 | "(a) This section applies to all primary ballots |
| 12 | <u>other than a ballot for the office of President.</u> Separate |
| 13 | official ballots and other election stationery and supplies |
| 14 | for each political party |
| 15 | "(b) Official ballots containing the names of all |
| 16 | qualified candidates, as provided in Section 17-13-5, shall be |
| 17 | printed and furnished for use at each election district or |
| 18 | precinct and shall be of a different color for each of the |
| 19 | political parties participating in such primary election. All |
| 20 | ballots for the same political party shall be alike, except as |
| 21 | herein otherwise provided, printed in plain type and upon |
| 22 | paper so thick that the printing cannot be distinguished from |
| 23 | the back. Across the top of the ballot shall be printed $rac{	extsf{the}}{	extsf{the}}$ |
| 24 | party's emblem, if any, and the words, "Official Primary |
| 25 | Election Ballot." Beneath this heading shall be printed the |
| 26 | year in which the election is held <u>.</u> and <u>Next to the name of</u> |
| 27 | each party candidate, the words "Democratic Party" or |

"Republican Party" or other proper party designation <u>shall be</u>
printed. Each group of candidates to be voted on shall be
preceded by the designation of the office for which the
candidates seek nomination, and in the proper place shall be
printed the words "Vote for one" or "Vote for two" (or more)
according to the number to be elected to such office at the
ensuing election.

8 "At the option of a political party at the bottom of 9 the ballot and after the name of the last candidate shall be 10 printed the following: "By casting this ballot I do pledge 11 myself to abide by the result of this primary election and to 12 aid and support all the nominees thereof in the ensuing 13 general election."

"Should any voter scratch out, deface, or in any way 14 15 mutilate or change the pledge printed on the ballot, the voter shall not be considered or held to have repudiated or to have 16 17 refused to take the pledge, but shall, conclusively, be 18 presumed and held to have scratched out, defaced, or mutilated 19 or changed the same for the sole purpose of identifying the 20 ballot; and, accordingly, such ballot shall be marked "spoiled ballot" and shall not be counted. 21

22

"§17-13-16.

"The counting of the ballots having been completed,
the results shall be publicly proclaimed. Separate
certificates for each of the political parties entering the
primary and the <u>The</u> results of the election shall be drawn up
by the inspector and clerks at each and every voting place,

which shall contain all matters and things provided for in the 1 2 law regulating general elections. The certificates shall be signed by the election workers; one copy of the same shall be 3 forthwith posted in a conspicuous place at such voting place, 4 5 one copy shall be transmitted to the chair of the county executive committee of each of the political parties in the 6 7 primary, at such place as the county executive committee of the county shall designate at which to receive such returns, 8 and another copy shall be transmitted to the chairs of the 9 10 state executive committees of the political parties participating in the primary. 11

12

"§17-13-18.

13 "(a) At the respective meetings of the respective 14 executive committees, the county executive committee, as to 15 candidates in the primary election for office, except candidates for county office, shall publicly ascertain, 16 17 determine, and declare whether any candidate for office in the 18 primary election has received a majority of the votes cast for the office, and, if so, declare the candidate the nominee of 19 20 the party for the office for which he or she was a candidate 21 and for which he or she received a majority of the votes cast for that office in the primary election. 22

"(b) If no candidate receives a majority of all of
the votes cast in such primary election for any one office or
offices for the nomination to which there were more than two
candidates, then there shall be held a second primary election
on the sixth Tuesday following the primary election, and the

chair of the state executive committee shall certify to the 1 Secretary of State, immediately upon the completion of such 2 canvass, the names of the two candidates of the party to 3 receive the highest number of votes in the first primary 4 election for such office or offices, except county officers, 5 and who are to be voted for in the second primary election. 6 7 The chair of each county executive committee shall, immediately upon the completion of such canvass, certify to 8 the judge of probate of the county the names of the two 9 10 candidates who received the highest number of votes in the 11 first primary for nomination to any county office. The 12 Secretary of State shall, within two business days from the 13 date the certificate is received from the chair of the state 14 executive committee, certify to the judge of probate of any 15 county where a second primary election is to be held the name 16 or names of the candidates certified as herein provided by the 17 chair of the state executive committee. The judge of probate 18 of each county in Alabama shall in the manner and form as 19 required by this chapter and the general laws of Alabama, have 20 prepared and printed all election supplies and all ballots to 21 be voted in the second primary election, which ballots shall 22 contain, under appropriate headings or titles of the offices to be filled, the names of the two candidates for each office 23 24 so certified by the Secretary of State and the chair of the 25 county executive committee, as herein required, as well as 26 such other matters as are required by this chapter and the

general laws of Alabama, on ballots for the first primary
 election.

3 "(c) At the second primary election, no person can
4 be a candidate except the two persons who receive the highest
5 number of votes for the offices for which they were candidates
6 in the first primary election.

7 "(d) The returns from the second primary election shall be made and the votes canvassed, tabulated, and 8 certified and the results declared in the same manner provided 9 10 in this chapter for making, canvassing, tabulating, certifying, and declaring the results of the first primary 11 12 election. The county executive committee of the parties 13 participating in the primary election shall meet at the 14 courthouse of their respective counties not later than the second Friday following the second primary election and 15 receive the returns, canvass and tabulate the same by 16 17 precinct, and publicly declare the results thereof. The chair 18 of each county executive committee shall forthwith, and not 19 later than noon on the second Monday following the primary 20 election, certify and return to the chair of the state 21 executive committee a statement and tabulation by precincts of 22 the results of the second primary election and of the number 23 of votes received by each candidate for office therein voted 24 for, except candidates for county office. Not later than noon 25 on the third Wednesday following the second primary election, the state executive committee, or such subcommittee thereof as 26 27 may have been appointed by the chair thereof for such purpose,

shall meet at the State Capitol in Montgomery and receive the 1 returns and canvass and tabulate the same by counties, and 2 publicly declare on that day the result thereof as to all 3 candidates voted for, except as to candidates for county 4 office, which results shall be final. At such respective 5 meetings of the respective executive committees, the county 6 7 executive committee, as to candidates for county office voted for in the second primary election, and the state executive 8 committee, as to candidates for office in the second primary 9 10 election voted for therein, except candidates for county office, shall publicly ascertain and determine the candidates 11 12 receiving a majority of all of the votes cast in such second 13 primary election for any one office, and the candidates so 14 ascertained and determined to have received a majority of all of the votes cast in such second primary election for the 15 16 office shall be declared the nominee of the party for such 17 office by the respective county and state executive 18 committees. Thereupon and immediately upon the completion of 19 such canvass, the chair thereof shall certify to and file with 20 the judge of probate of the county the names of those who have 21 been nominated in the first or the second primary election or 22 as otherwise authorized or provided by this chapter, as candidates of the party for county offices; and in like 23 24 manner, and immediately upon the completion of such canvass, by the state executive committee, or subcommittee thereof, the 25 chair of the state executive committee shall certify to and 26 27 file with the Secretary of State the names of those who have

1 been nominated in the first or second primary election or as 2 otherwise authorized or provided by this chapter as candidates of the party for office, except candidates for county office, 3 and the names of the persons so certified shall be placed upon 4 the official ballot of the general election to be held in 5 November next thereafter as the candidates of the party for 6 7 the offices for which they, respectively, have been so nominated. 8

"(e) The state executive committee or such 9 10 subcommittee as provided in this section shall also provide 11 the Secretary of State with the second primary election 12 returns by precincts according to county on a form authorized 13 by the Secretary of State on the third Wednesday following the 14 secondary primary, county and municipal returns excepted. "(a) This section applies to all primary elections 15 other than a presidential preference primary election. 16 "(b) If a candidate for a single seat office 17 18 receives a majority of the votes cast to fill the office, that 19 candidate shall be declared by the Secretary of State as the 20 winner, in which case a subsequent general election will not 21 be held for that office. In instances where no candidate receives a majority of the votes cast, a general election 22 23 between the two candidates receiving the highest number of 24 votes shall be held. If any candidate eligible to be in a subsequent general election withdraws, dies, or is found to be 25 ineligible, the remaining two candidates receiving the highest 26

1 <u>number of votes shall be the candidates in the general</u>
2 <u>election.</u>

3 "(c) For multiple seat offices, the candidates
4 receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared by the
5 Secretary of the State as the winners of each of the offices.

6 "<u>(d) The Secretary of State may adopt rules to</u> 7 implement this section.

"§17-13-22.

9 "The Secretary of State shall, not later than 74 10 days before the general election, shall certify to the judge of probate of each county in the state a separate list of 11 12 nominees of each party for each office other than county 13 office and, for the office of President, each candidate who has requested to be an independent candidate for the office of 14 15 President and has filed a written petition in accordance with Section 17-9-3, except nominees for county offices, to be 16 17 voted for by the voters of such county.

18

8

"§17-13-50.

"(a) When any political party shall desire to hold 19 20 any mass meeting, beat meeting, or other meeting of the voters 21 of such party for the purpose of nominating any candidate or candidates for public office to be voted for in a general 22 23 election in Alabama or for the purpose of selecting delegates 24 or other representatives to any convention which may select 25 such candidates for public office or when any such party shall 26 desire to hold such mass meeting, beat meeting, or other 27 meeting of the voters of such party for the purpose of

selecting committeemen, representatives, or other party
 officers of such party, all of such meetings shall be held as
 provided in this section.

"(b) All such meetings shall be held before the 4 5 first primary election. The general public is privileged to 6 attend such meetings, but not to participate. No less than 7 five days prior to the date upon which any such mass meeting, beat meeting, or other meeting is to be held, notice of such 8 9 meeting, including the time and place of such meeting, shall 10 be filed with the judge of probate of the county in which any such meeting is to be held and shall be published in a 11 12 newspaper of general circulation in the county at the expense 13 of the political party holding such meeting. The judge of probate shall immediately forward to the Secretary of State a 14 15 certified copy of all notices filed under this section.

16

"\$17-16-45.

In all election contests other than political party primaries or runoffs, any person or candidate involved in the contest is entitled to make an examination of the ballots cast, given, or rejected in the election, to make an examination of the voting equipment used in the election, and to make an examination of voting machine computations or printouts.

24

"§17-16-46.

25 "In all election contests involving elections other 26 than party primaries or runoffs:

"(1) The examining person or candidate seeking to 1 2 examine the ballots, electronic voting machines, or electronic voting machine computations or printouts must move, within 10 3 days of the filing of the contest, the court before whom the 4 5 election contest is pending for an examination. The court shall set a hearing on the motion for examination which must 6 take place within 10 days after service of the motion on the 7 8 parties and candidates involved in the election contest. The 9 hearing shall be held to determine the procedures to be used 10 for the examination and the court shall, within five days after the hearing, set forth the procedures for the 11 examination. Absent a subsequent court order extending the 12 13 time for reasonable cause shown, the examination must be finished within 15 days of the court order which sets forth 14 15 the examination procedures.

"(2) Examination procedures shall be within the 16 17 discretion of the court. The court shall consider, in 18 determining appropriate procedures, the need to preserve the integrity of the ballots, electronic voting machines, and 19 20 electronic voting machine computations and printouts; the need 21 to ensure that votes were accurately cast and counted; the 22 need to ensure that all persons and candidates involved in the 23 election have the opportunity to observe the examination and 24 ensure that an examination does not wrongfully alter the 25 election results; the need to expeditiously conclude the 26 election contest; and any other factor which is relevant to 27 the integrity of the election process. The court must, when so

requested by any party or candidate involved in the contest,
 allow such party or candidate, and his or her agents, to
 observe all of the examination proceedings.

"(3) The court shall require the examining party or 4 5 candidate to make a deposit with the court or post a bond in a 6 sum adequate to ensure prompt payment of all reasonable, 7 necessary, and actual expenses incurred by any governmental entity during and as a result of the examination. If the 8 9 examining person or candidate prevails in the election contest 10 as a result of information obtained from the examination of the ballots, electronic voting machines, or electronic voting 11 machine computations or printouts, he or she shall not be 12 13 responsible for any expenses or costs incurred by any 14 governmental entity during and as a result of the examination.

15

"§21-4-21.

16 "As used in this article, unless the context clearly 17 indicates a different meaning, the following terms shall have 18 meanings ascribed to them as follows:

19 "(1) ELDERLY INDIVIDUAL. An individual 65 years of 20 age or older;

21 "(2) ELECTION FOR STATE OFFICE. A general, special, 22 <u>or primary</u>, or runoff election for an executive, legislative, 23 or judicial state office that is contested on a statewide 24 basis;

"(3) HANDICAPPED INDIVIDUAL. An individual qualified
to vote, who, by reason of illness, injury, age, congenital
malfunction, or other permanent or temporary incapacity or

disability, is unable without accessible facilities or registration and voting aids to have access to registration and voting equal to that available to persons who are not so affected;

5

12

13

"(4) STATE. State of Alabama;

6 "(5) VOTING PRECINCT. The area inhabited by all 7 individuals assigned to one polling place for a state 8 election."

9 Section 2. Section 17-13-8.2 is added to the Code of
10 Alabama 1975, to read as follows:

11 §17-13-8.2.

(a) This section only applies to a ballot for the office of President.

(b) Separate official ballots for each political 14 15 party shall be printed and furnished for use at each election district or precinct and shall be of a different color for 16 17 each of the political parties participating in the 18 presidential preference primary election. All ballots for the 19 same political party shall be alike, printed in plain type and 20 upon paper so thick that the printing cannot be distinguished 21 from the back. Across the top of the ballot shall be printed the party's emblem, if any, and the words, "Official Primary 22 Election Ballot for the Office of President." Beneath this 23 24 heading shall be printed the year in which the election is 25 held and the words "Democratic Party" or "Republican Party" or 26 other proper party designation. Each delegate to be voted on 27 shall be preceded by the designation of the office for which

1 the delegate seeks nomination, and in the proper place shall
2 be printed the words "Vote for one."

(c) At the option of a political party at the bottom 3 of the ballot and after the name of the last delegate shall be 4 5 printed the following: "By casting this ballot I do pledge 6 myself to abide by the result of this primary election and to 7 aid and support the nominee in the ensuing general election." Should any voter scratch out, deface, or in any way mutilate 8 9 or change the pledge printed on the ballot, the voter shall 10 not be considered or held to have repudiated or to have refused to take the pledge, but shall, conclusively, be 11 presumed and held to have scratched out, defaced, or mutilated 12 13 or changed the same for the sole purpose of identifying the ballot; and, accordingly, such ballot shall be marked "spoiled 14 ballot" and shall not be counted. 15

Section 3. Sections 17-13-7.1, 17-13-19, 17-13-20, 17 17-13-21, 17-13-23, 17-13-41, and 17-13-101, Code of Alabama 18 1975, are repealed.

19 Section 4. This act shall become effective on the 20 first day of the third month following its passage and 21 approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law, and 22 shall apply to primary elections held after January 1, 2019.