- 1 HB46
- 2 182671-2
- 3 By Representative Scott
- 4 RFD: State Government
- 5 First Read: 07-FEB-17
- 6 PFD: 01/25/2017

1	ENGROSSED
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3	
4	A BILL
5	TO BE ENTITLED
6	AN ACT
7	
8	To require tax preparers to include their federal
9	preparer tax identification number on Alabama income tax
10	returns prepared; to provide penalties for violations; ensure
11	that business privilege tax returns are due at the same time
12	as the corresponding federal income tax return, for financial
13	institutions the due date will correspond with the Alabama
14	excise tax return due date; Section 12 of Act 99-665, as
15	amended by Act 2000-705, is codified by this bill as part of
16	Section 40-14A-22, these changes include, but are not limited
17	to, codifying the maximum business privilege tax amount for a
18	Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT); the name of the Taxpayer
19	Advocate is being changed to the Taxpayer Assistance Officer,
20	and allows for multiple Taxpayer Assistance Officers.
21	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
22	Section 1. A new Article is hereby added to the Code
23	of Alabama 1975, and shall be known and may be cited as the
24	"Alabama Taxpayer Protection and Assistance Act."
25	Section 2. The Alabama Taxpayer Protection and
26	Assistance Act is enacted to protect consumers by establishing

a mechanism to ensure that qualified individuals provide tax
 preparation services in Alabama.

3 Section 3. When used in this act, the following
4 terms shall have the following meanings:

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(1) DEPARTMENT. The Alabama Department of Revenue.

6

(2) INCOME TAX RETURN PREPARER.

(a) A person who prepares for compensation, or who
employs one or more persons to prepare for compensation, any
income tax return or claim for refund, required to be filed
pursuant to Title 40, Chapter 18, Code of Alabama 1975. The
preparation of a substantial portion of a return or claim for
refund shall be treated as the preparation of that return or
claim for refund.

(b) A person is not an income tax preparer if all heor she solely performs the following duties:

1. furnishes typing, reproducing, or other
 mechanical assistance;

prepares returns or claims for refunds for the
 employer by whom he or she is regularly and continuously
 employed, or for an affiliate of that employer, including a
 subchapter K entity for which he or she prepares a return;

3. prepares as a fiduciary, returns or claims for
refunds for any person; or

4. prepares claims for refunds for a taxpayer in
response to any notice of deficiency issued to that taxpayer
or in response to any waiver of restriction after the
commencement of an audit of that taxpayer or of another

1 taxpayer if a determination in the audit of the other taxpayer
2 directly or indirectly affects the tax liability of the
3 taxpayer whose claims he or she is preparing.

4 (3) PERSON. An individual, firm, proprietorship,
5 association, corporation, or another entity.

6 (4) PTIN. Preparer Tax Identification Number issued
7 by the Internal Revenue Service and referenced in Internal
8 Revenue Service Notice 2011-6.

9 Section 4. No person may provide tax preparation 10 services for Alabama income tax returns, unless an IRS issued 11 Preparer Tax Identification Number is provided by such 12 preparer when submitting a return and signing as a paid 13 preparer.

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Section 5. Duties of the Department.

(a) For taxable years beginning on or after January
1, 2018, the Department shall, by rule, require any income tax
return preparer, as defined in this act, to include his or her
PTIN on any tax return prepared by the income tax return
preparer and filed under Title 40, Chapter 18, Code of Alabama
1975, or any claim for refund of tax imposed by Title 40,
Chapter 18, Code of Alabama 1975.

(b) The Department shall develop and by rule
implement a program using the PTIN as an oversight mechanism
to assess returns, to identify high error rates, patterns of
suspected fraud, and unsubstantiated basis for tax positions
by income tax return preparers.

(c) The Department shall, by rule, establish formal 1 2 and regular communication protocols with the Commissioner of 3 the Internal Revenue Service to share and exchange PTIN 4 information on income tax return preparers who are suspected 5 of fraud, disciplined, or barred from filing tax returns with the Department or the Internal Revenue Service. The Department 6 7 may, by rule, establish additional communication protocols with other states to exchange similar enforcement or 8 discipline information. 9

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Section 6. Enforcement.

(a) The Department may investigate the actions of
any income tax return preparer filing Alabama income tax
returns and may bar or suspend an income tax return preparer
from filing returns with the Department for good cause,
subject to the appeal rights under Chapter 2A of Title 40.

(b) In addition to all other penalties provided by law, any person violating this act by failing to provide his or her PTIN shall pay a civil penalty to the Department in the amount of \$50 per offense, but not to exceed \$25,000 per calendar year; however, no penalty shall be imposed if the failure is due to reasonable cause and not due to willful neglect, as determined by the Department.

23 Section 7. Section 40-14A-22 is hereby amended as 24 follows:

25 "§40-14A-22.

26 "(a) Levy of tax. There is hereby levied an annual
27 privilege tax on every corporation, limited liability entity,

and disregarded entity doing business in Alabama, or 1 2 organized, incorporated, qualified, or registered under the laws of Alabama. The tax shall accrue as of January 1 of every 3 taxable year, or in the case of a taxpayer organized, 4 5 incorporated, qualified, or registered during the year, or doing business in Alabama for the first time, as of the date 6 7 the taxpayer is organized, incorporated, registered, or qualifies to do business, or begins to do business in Alabama, 8 as the case may be. The taxpayer shall be liable for the tax 9 10 levied by this article for each year beginning before the taxpayer has been dissolved or otherwise ceased to exist or 11 12 has withdrawn or forfeited its qualification to do business in 13 Alabama. The amount of the tax due shall be determined by multiplying the taxpayer's net worth in Alabama by the rate 14 15 determined in subsection (b).

16 "(b) Rate of tax. For all taxable years of taxpayers 17 that begin after December 31, 1999, the rate of tax shall be 18 as set forth below.

19 If taxable

20 income of the

21 taxpayer is:

22	at least	but less	The tax rate
		than	shall be
23		\$1	\$0.25 per
			\$1,000

1	\$1	\$200,000	\$1.00 per
			\$1,000
2	\$200,000	\$500 , 000	\$1.25 per
			\$1,000
3	\$500 , 000	\$2,500,000	\$1.50 per
			\$1,000
4	\$2,500,000		\$1.75 per
			\$1,000

5 "(c) Minimum tax. Except as provided in subsection 6 (f), the privilege tax levied by this article on certain 7 corporations, business trusts, limited liability entities, and 8 disregarded entities shall not be less than \$100.

9

"(d) Maximum tax.

10 "(1) Except as provided in subdivision (2), the 11 privilege tax levied by this article shall not exceed \$15,250 12 for any taxpayer for the taxable year beginning January 1, 13 2000. For each taxable year thereafter, the maximum tax shall 14 not exceed \$15,000 for any taxpayer, except as provided in 15 subdivision (2).

16 "(2) With respect to any (i) financial institution 17 groups as defined in subsection (f) (1); (ii) insurance 18 company that is subject to the premium taxes levied by Chapter 19 4A of Title 27; and (iii) corporation, company, limited 20 liability entity, or association whose property is assessed

for taxation pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 21 and is 1 2 also obligated to serve the general public, but is not subject to the Alabama Corporate Income tax, the privilege tax levied 3 by this article shall not exceed \$3,000,000, for any taxpayer 4 5 or, for a financial institution group, for the financial institution group as a whole each year except as provided in 6 7 subsection (e). With respect to any real estate investment trust as defined in Chapter 13 of Title 10, the privilege tax 8 levied by this article shall not exceed \$500,000, for any 9 10 taxpayer each year except as provided in subsection (e). The 11 privilege tax levied by this article on any electing family 12 limited liability entity shall not exceed \$500.

"The privilege tax levied by this article on any corporation organized as a not-for-profit corporation that does not engage in any business other than holding title to property and paying the expenses thereof, including, without limitation, a property owners' association or a corporation organized solely to hold title to property on a temporary basis, shall not exceed \$100.

20 "(e) Short taxable years. If any taxpayer's taxable 21 year is less than 12 months because the taxpayer is 22 incorporated or organized within the taxable year, or if any 23 foreign corporation or foreign limited liability entity 24 qualifies, registers, or begins to do business in this state 25 within the taxable year or converts to a taxable year other 26 than the calendar year, the amount of the tax levied by this 27 article shall be determined in the manner specified in this

article but apportioned to the short taxable year in same proportion as the number of days in the short taxable year bears to 365, but in no event less than \$100 nor more than the applicable amount specified in subsection (d).

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"(f) Minimum taxes for financial institution groups.

6 "(1) For purposes of this subsection, the following 7 terms shall mean:

"a. Affiliated Group. (i) One or more chains of 8 corporations or limited liability entities connected through 9 10 the ownership of stock or ownership interests with a common 11 parent which is a corporation or limited liability entity, but 12 only if the common parent owns directly stock or ownership 13 interests meeting the requirements of item (ii) in at least one of the other corporations or limited liability entities, 14 15 and only if stock or ownership interests meeting the 16 requirements of item (ii) in each of the corporations or limited liability entities (except the common parent) is owned 17 18 directly by one or more of the other corporations or limited 19 liability entities. (ii) The ownership of stock or ownership 20 interests of any corporation or limited liability entity meets 21 the requirements of this paragraph if it possesses at least 80 22 percent of the total voting power or capital and profits 23 interest of the corporation or limited liability entity.

24 "b. Financial Institution. The meaning given in25 Section 40-16-1.

26 "c. Financial Institution Group. All taxpayers in an27 affiliated group where at least one member of the group is a

financial institution that is subject to the provisions of Chapter 16. In the event a financial institution taxpayer is not a member of an affiliated group, that financial institution shall be treated as a financial institution group.

5 "(2) To the extent that the members of a financial 6 institution group have different taxable years, the group 7 shall be deemed, for purposes of the business privilege tax 8 and corporate shares tax levied by Articles Article 2 and 3, 9 to have a calendar taxable year.

10 "(3) Taxpayers who are members of a financial 11 institution group shall complete their corporate shares tax 12 and business privilege tax returns without regard to this 13 subsection. Those taxpayers shall submit their returns together, and the minimum tax amount provided in subdivision 14 15 (5) shall apply to the aggregate business privilege tax and 16 corporate shares tax liability of the group. To the extent 17 that the minimum amount provided in subdivision (5) applies to 18 determine the liability of the group, each taxpayer which is a 19 member of the group shall be liable for that portion of the 20 group liability which is equal to the amount multiplied by the 21 ratio of the taxpayer's liability without regard to this 22 subsection over the liability of the group without regard to 23 this subsection. Upon the annual election of the common 24 parent, a financial institution group may file a single 25 return, executed by the common parent of that financial 26 institution group. The return shall be completed as if the 27 financial institution group were a single taxpayer. Each

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member of the financial institution group shall be jointly and severally liable for the group's business privilege tax and corporate shares tax liabilities.

"(4) For the taxable year beginning January 1, 2000, 4 5 the tax returns of all members of a financial institution group shall be due July 10, 2000. For taxable years beginning 6 7 after December 31, 2000, the tax returns for all members of a financial institution group shall be due March 15 of the 8 taxable year. The tax returns for all members of a financial 9 10 institution group shall be due no later than the corresponding 11 Alabama financial institution excise tax return due date. 12 Extensions for filing these returns shall not be granted for 13 more than six months. beyond September 15 of the taxable year. For the return due July 10, 2000, any corporate shares taxes 14 15 and business privilege taxes accrued and paid by any member of the financial institution group before July 10, 2000, shall be 16 17 applied against the minimum tax amount provided in subdivision 18 (5).

"(5) For taxable years beginning on or after January
 1, 2000, the minimum aggregate business privilege and
 corporate shares taxes tax levied by Articles Article 2 and 3
 on all members of a financial institution group shall be:

"a. For financial institutions with total deposits
inside Alabama of less than one billion dollars
(\$1,000,000,000) within that financial institution group, as
reported to the FDIC, OTS, or the NCUSIF as of June 30 of the
immediately preceding taxable year, the tax rate shall be

\$.125 per one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of such deposits. For
 deposit rate purposes for all future periods, the deposits
 shall in no event be less than the deposits listed as of June
 30, 1999.

5 "b. For financial institutions with total deposits inside Alabama of one billion dollars (\$1,000,000,000) or 6 7 greater up to and including six billion dollars 8 (\$6,000,000,000) within that financial institution group, as reported to the FDIC, OTS, or the NCUSIF as of June 30 of the 9 10 immediately preceding taxable year, the tax rate shall be \$.17 per one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of such deposits. For 11 12 deposit rate purposes for all future periods, the deposits 13 shall in no event be less than the deposits listed as of June 30, 1999. 14

"c. For financial institutions with total deposits 15 16 inside Alabama greater than six billion dollars 17 (\$6,000,000,000) within that financial institution group, as 18 reported to the FDIC, OTS, or the NCUSIF as of June 30 of the 19 immediately preceding taxable year, the tax rate shall be 20 \$.225 per one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of such deposits. For deposit rate purposes for all future periods, the deposits 21 22 shall in no event be less than the deposits listed as of June 23 30, 1999.

24 "d. Provided, however, that in the case of a 25 financial institution group that, as of June 30, 1999, (i) had 26 total deposits of less than one billion dollars 27 (\$1,000,000,000) and (ii) derived at least a majority of its

deposits, as reported to FDIC, OTS, or NCUSIF, that were 1 2 booked to one or more branches or offices located within 3 Alabama from account holders whose addresses of record on the books of the financial institution group were outside the 4 5 State of Alabama, the phrase "total deposits in Alabama," for purposes of calculating the minimum aggregate business 6 7 privilege and shares tax levied by Articles Article 2 and 3 8 for all taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2000, shall only include deposits of account holders whose addresses 9 10 of record on the books of the financial institution group are inside the State of Alabama. 11

12 "e. In the event a financial institution group sells 13 Alabama deposits to another financial institution group that reports those deposits in Alabama for purposes of Act 14 15 2000-705, those deposits shall not be taxed more than once 16 pursuant to the provisions of Act 2000-705 in the same taxable 17 year. The liability for such taxes shall be the responsibility 18 of the purchaser, and the tax base for the selling group shall 19 be adjusted accordingly.

20 "f. In the event an existing financial institution 21 group reports deposits in any year less than 96.5 percent of 22 the deposits reported as of June 30, 1999, the alternative 23 minimum tax shall be based on the deposits reported as of June 24 30, 1999. In the event an existing financial institution group 25 reports deposits in any year more than 96.5 percent of the 26 deposits reported as of June 30, 1999, the alternative minimum 27 tax shall be based on the deposits reported for that taxable

year. For financial institutions coming into existence after June 30, 1999, the deposits upon which the alternative minimum tax is based shall not be less than the deposits reported the first full year that financial institution reported deposits to the FDIC, OTS, or NCUSIF."

6 Section 8. Section 40-14A-25 is hereby amended as
7 follows:

8

"§40-14A-25.

"(a) Every taxpayer shall file a privilege tax 9 10 return, which shall include the public record disclosures 11 required by Section 10-2B-16.22, with the department for every 12 taxable year for which it is subject to the tax levied by this 13 article. A disregarded entity that is owned by an individual, general partnership, or other entity not subject to the tax 14 15 levied by this article shall file a return and pay the tax 16 levied on it by this article. Except as provided in Section 17 40-14A-22(f) (4), the return required by this section is due 18 not no later than the corresponding federal income tax return 19 as required to be filed as provided under federal law. March 15 20 of the taxable year for all taxpayers except limited liability 21 entities for which the due date of the return shall be April 22 15 of the taxable year, or, in In the case of a taxpayer's 23 initial return, 30 days two and one half months after the 24 taxpayer comes into existence, qualifies or registers to do 25 business, or commences doing business in Alabama as the case 26 may be. For all taxable years beginning after December 31, 27 2000, a corporation shall file the return required by this

section not later than two and one-half months after the 1 beginning of the corporation's taxable year; a limited 2 liability entity shall file the return required by this 3 section not later than three and one-half months after the 4 beginning of the limited liability entity's taxable year; and 5 a A disregarded entity that is required to file a return by 6 7 this section shall file the return not later than the time its owner is required to file its return. If a taxpayer is 8 required to change its taxable year pursuant to the previous 9 10 sentence, then it shall file a return for the short taxable year beginning January 1, 2001, and ending on the day before 11 12 the beginning of its new taxable year, and the return shall be 13 filed not no later than the corresponding federal income tax return as required to be filed as provided under federal law. 14 15 two and one-half months, if a corporation, and three and 16 one-half months, if a limited liability entity, after the beginning of its new taxable year. In cases where receivers, 17 18 trustees in bankruptcy, or assignees are operating the 19 property or business of taxpayers, those receivers, trustees, 20 or assignees shall file returns for the taxpayers in the same 21 manner and form as the taxpayers are required to file returns. 22 Any tax due on the basis of returns filed by receivers, 23 trustees, or assignees shall be collected in the same manner 24 as if collected from the taxpayers for whose business or 25 property they have custody and control. The department may grant a reasonable extension of time for filing returns under 26

rules and regulations prescribed by the department. No
 extension shall be for more than six months.

"(b) The tax provided in this article shall be 3 4 reported on forms and in the manner as prescribed by the 5 department. The failure to receive a form from the department 6 shall not relieve a taxpayer from liability for any tax, 7 penalty, or interest otherwise due. The tax due, as reported, shall constitute an admitted liability for that amount. The 8 department may compute and assess additional tax, penalty, and 9 10 interest against a taxpayer as provided in Chapter 2A. 11 Interest on overpayments of business privilege tax will be 12 computed and paid in the manner provided in Section 13 40 - 1 - 44 (b) (1)b.

14 "(c) A corporation that is a member of an Alabama 15 affiliated group that has elected to file a consolidated 16 return pursuant to Section 40-18-39 or Section 40-16-3(b), if 17 it is subject to the tax imposed by this article, shall file a 18 separate return reporting and paying tax on its net worth 19 without regard to other members of the affiliated group."

20 Section 9. The Code Commissioner, pursuant to 21 Section 29-7-8, Code of Alabama 1975, shall change all 22 references to the Taxpayer Advocate in Title 40, Chapter 2A, 23 to Taxpayer Assistance Officer or Taxpayer Assistance 24 Officers.

25 Section 10. The Department shall adopt rules to 26 assist with the implementation and enforcement of this act. Section 11. If any part of this act is declared
 invalid or unconstitutional, that declaration shall not affect
 the part which remains.

Section 12. All laws or parts of laws which conflict
with this act are hereby repealed.

6 Section 13. This act shall become effective for tax 7 returns due on or after January 1, 2018, following its passage 8 and approval by the Governor, or upon its otherwise becoming 9 law.

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3	House of Representatives
4 5 6 7 8	Read for the first time and re- ferred to the House of Representa- tives committee on State Government
9 10 11	Read for the second time and placed on the calendar 23-FEB-17
12 13 14	Read for the third time and passed as amended 04-APR-17 Yeas 101, Nays 0, Abstains 0

Jeff Woodard Clerk