- 1 HB445
- 2 174983-1
- 3 By Representative Faulkner
- 4 RFD: Ways and Means General Fund
- 5 First Read: 17-MAR-16

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8	SYNOPSIS:	Under existing law, each person, firm,
9		corporation, association, or copartnership
10		operating an amusement or entertainment machine
11		business where the machine is operated by the use
12		of coin, cash, token, or credit card is required to
13		pay an annual privilege license tax based on the
14		total sales of each machine.
15		This bill would levy an annual license fee
16		on the privilege of owning and operating a bona
17		fide coin, cash, token, or credit card amusement or
18		entertainment machine for commercial use by the
19		public, regardless of the total sales derived from
20		such machines, with the exception of a single
21		business location with 50 machines or more.
22		This bill would provide for the collection
23		of the fee.
24		This bill would provide for a civil penalty
25		for a violation.
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27		A BILL

1	TO BE ENTITLED	
2	AN ACT	
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4	Relating to amusement or entertainment machines; to	
5	levy an annual license fee on the privilege of owning a bona	
6	fide coin, cash, token, or credit card amusement or	
7	entertainment machine for commercial use by the public,	
8	regardless of the total sales derived from the machines; to	
9	provide for the collection of the license tax; and to provide	
10	a civil penalty for a violation.	
11	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:	
12	Section 1. (a) This act shall be known and may be	
13	cited as the "Amusement-Entertainment Machine Fee Act."	
14	(b) This act does not apply to any single business	
15	or arcade location with 50 machines or more. Such a business	
16	or arcade shall operate under their current fee structure.	
17	Section 2. The following words shall have the	
18	following meanings unless the context clearly indicates	
19	otherwise:	
20	(1) APPLICANT or LICENSEE. An owner, as defined in	
21	this act, who is licensed to do business in this state,	
22	including an owner's officers, directors, shareholders,	
23	individuals, members of any association or other entity not	
24	specified, and, when applicable in context, the business	
25	entity itself.	
26	(2) BONA FIDE COIN-OPERATED AMUSEMENT MACHINE. a. A	
27	machine of any kind or character used by the public to provide	

1	amusement or entertainment, whose operation requires the
2	payment by the insertion of a coin, bill, other money, credit
3	card, token, ticket, card, or similar object, whether or not
4	it affords an award to a successful player, and which can be
5	legally shipped interstate according to federal law,
6	including, but not limited to, the following:
7	1. Pinball machines.
8	2. Console machines.
9	3. Video games.
10	4. Crane machines.
11	5. Claw machines.
12	6. Pusher machines.
13	7. Bowling machines.
14	8. Novelty arcade games.
15	9. Foosball or table soccer machines.
16	10. Miniature racetrack, football, or golf machines.
17	11. Target or shooting gallery machines.
18	12. Basketball machines.
19	13. Shuffleboard games.
20	14. Kiddie ride games.
21	15. Skeeball machines.
22	16. Air hockey machines.
23	17. Roll down machines.
24	18. Trivia machines.
25	19. Laser games.
26	20. Simulator games.
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21. Virtual reality machines.

1 22. Maze games. 2 23. Racing games. 24. Coin-operated pool tables or coin-operated 3 billiard tables. 4 5 25. Any other similar amusement machine which can be legally operated in Alabama. 6 b. The term also means a machine of any kind or character used by the public to provide music whose operation 8 requires the payment of or the insertion of a coin, bill, 9 10 other money, credit card, token, ticket, card, or similar 11 object such as jukeboxes or other similar types of music 12 machines. 13 c. The term bona fide coin-operated amusement 14 machine does not include the following: 15 1. Coin-operated washing machines or dryers. 16 2. Vending machines which for payment of money 17 dispense products or services. 18 3. Gas and electric meters. 19 4. Pay telephones. 20 5. Pay toilets. 21 6. Cigarette vending machines. 22 7. Coin-operated scales. 23 8. Coin-operated gumball machines. 24 9. Coin-operated parking meters. 25 10. Coin-operated television sets which provide cable or network programming. 26

11. Coin-operated massage chairs or beds.

- 1 12. Machines which are not legally permitted to be operated in Alabama.
  - (3) COMMISSIONER. The Commissioner of the Alabama Department of Revenue.

- (4) DECAL. The decal issued to each machine owner for each bona fide coin-operated amusement machine to show proof of payment of the fee.
- (5) LOCATION LICENSE. The initial and annually renewed license which every location or premises owner or location operator shall purchase and always display for public viewing in the location where one or more bona fide coin-operated amusement machines are available for commercial use by the public for play in order to operate legally any machine in this state.
- (6) LOCATION LICENSE FEE. The fee paid per machine on the premises of the location owner or location operator to obtain the location license.
- (7) LOCATION OWNER or LOCATION OPERATOR. An owner or operator of a business or premises where one or more bona fide coin-operated amusement machines are available for commercial use and play by the public.
- (8) MASTER LICENSE. The certificate that each owner of a bona fide coin-operated amusement machine is required to obtain.
- (9) OWNER. A person, individual, firm, company, association, or other business entity owning any bona fide coin-operated amusement machine, except that owner does not

include an individual who owns a bona fide coin-operated amusement machine solely for personal use and who does not make the machine available for play by others at a charge, either directly or indirectly.

Section 3. (a) The fee imposed by this act shall be the exclusive fee or tax levied on bona fide coin-operated amusement machines. A local government may not impose any tax, fee, or assessment of any kind on the machines. Nothing contained in this act shall affect the liability of a person for state or local sales tax that is imposed from the sale of the machine.

- (b) The supervision and collection of the fees imposed by this act are under the direction of the Alabama Department of Revenue. The commissioner may promulgate rules to effectuate the purposes of this act. All rules shall be promulgated in accordance with the Alabama Administrative Procedure Act.
- (c) The fees imposed by this act shall be administered and collected on an annual basis for the privilege of owning or operating a bona fide coin-operated amusement machine used commercially for public play for tax years beginning on January 1, 2017, with application for the year 2017 beginning on October 1, 2016.

Section 4. (a) There is levied an annual license fee on the privilege of owning bona fide coin-operated amusement machines for commercial use by the public. Prior to exercising the privilege each owner who offers others the opportunity to

play for a charge, whether directly or indirectly, any bona fide coin-operated amusement machine shall pay to the commissioner the annual license fee as follows:

- (1) Level one license. For five or fewer machines, the owner shall pay a master license fee of five hundred dollars (\$500). If the owner acquires a sixth or greater number of machines during a calendar year which require a certificate for lawful operation under this act so that the total number of machines owned does not exceed 10 machines or more, the owner shall pay an additional master license fee of five hundred dollars (\$500); however, if the number of machines exceeds 10 but not more than 50, the additional master license fee shall be one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500).
  - (2) Level two license. For six or more machines but not more than 50 machines, the owner shall pay a master license fee of two thousand dollars (\$2,000). If the owner acquires more than 50 machines during a calendar year which require a certificate for lawful operation under this act, the owner shall pay an additional master license fee of one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500).
  - (3) Level three license. For 51, but not more than 100 machines, the owner shall pay a master license fee of three thousand five hundred dollars (\$3,500); however, if the owner acquires more than 100 machines during the calendar year, the owner shall pay an additional license fee of one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500).

1 (4) Level four license. For 101 or more machines, 2 the owner shall pay a master license fee of five thousand 3 dollars (\$5,000).

- (b) Upon payment of the annual master license fee, the commissioner shall issue the appropriate master license certificate to the owner. Each master license certificate with sufficient copies for display shall contain the name and address of the owner.
- (c) An owner may obtain a six-month master license on or after July 1 of a tax year by paying a fee of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) for a level one license, one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for a level two license, one thousand seven hundred fifty dollars (\$1,750) for a level three license, and two thousand five hundred dollars (2,500) for a level four license. The license shall expire on December 31 of the current tax year.
- (d) A refund or credit of the master license tax levied in this section may not be made to any owner who ceases to own bona fide coin-operated amusement machines prior to the end of any tax year.
- (e) The commissioner may issue a duplicate original master license certificate if an original master license certificate has been lost, stolen, or destroyed. If an original master license certificate is lost, stolen, or destroyed, a sworn, written statement must be submitted explaining the circumstances by which the master license was lost, stolen, or destroyed, and a replacement fee of one

- hundred dollars (\$100) shall be paid before a duplicate original master license certificate may be issued.
- 3 (f) A master license is effective for a single 4 business entity.

- (q) A master license is nontransferable.
- (h) Application for renewal of a master license must be made to the commissioner by October 1 of each year. Owners who apply after the October 1 date shall remit an apportioned amount equal to the remaining months of the year after the application date. An owner who properly completes a renewal application, timely files the renewal application with the commissioner, and remits all fees with the renewal application may continue to offer bona fide coin-operated amusement machines for play by the public after December 31 if the renewal license and new stickers have not been issued; provided, however, that the owner shall display with the expired master license in each location where bona fide coin-operated amusement machines are offered for play by the public a copy of a receipt showing that the application for the renewal license was timely filed.
- (i) An original application for a master license, an application for a six-month license, or a renewal application must be accompanied by the appropriate fees.
- (j) The commissioner shall give written notice to an applicant or licensee of any denial of an application or renewal application or revocation of a master license.

(k) The commissioner may not renew a master license and shall suspend or revoke a master license if the commissioner finds that the applicant or licensee owes to the state any taxes, fees, delinquent taxes or fees, or penalties resulting from delinquent taxes, or that an owner has made a machine available for commercial use and play by the public without a valid decal attached.

- (1) Acceptance and display of a location license issued under this act constitutes consent by the location owner or business operator of the business where a bona fide coin-operated amusement machine is available for commercial use and play by the public that the commissioner and the commissioner's agents may freely enter the business premises during normal business hours for the purpose of ensuring compliance with this act.
- (m) The licensee or owner of the machine shall securely affix a decal to each machine available for commercial use and play by the public. Owners may transfer machines from location to location if all machines in commercial use available for play by the public have a decal and the owner uses the stickers only for machines that the owner owns, and provided that the location owner has paid the location fee for the applicable number of machines.

Section 5. (a) Each licensee or owner of the machine shall pay an annual location license fee of fifteen dollars (\$15) for each bona fide coin-operated amusement machine offered to the public for play. The annual location license

fee levied by this section shall be collected by the 1 2 commissioner on an annual basis from January 1 to December 1 each year. The commissioner may establish procedures for 3 location license fee collection and set due dates for payment of the fees. No refund or credit of the location license fee shall be allowed to any licensee or owner who ceases to offer 7 bona fide coin-operated amusement machines to the public for commercial use prior to the end of any license period. 8

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- (b) The commissioner may refuse to issue or renew a location license or may revoke or suspend a location license issued if:
- (1) The licensee or applicant has intentionally violated a provision of this act or a regulation promulgated under this act.
- (2) The licensee or applicant has intentionally failed to provide requested information or answer a question, intentionally made a false statement in or in connection with his or her application or renewal, or omitted any material or requested information.
- (3) The licensee or applicant used coercion to accomplish a purpose or to engage in conduct regulated by the commission.
- (4) The licensee or applicant has engaged in unfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive acts or practices.
- (5) An applicant, a person, firm, corporation, legal entity, or organization having any interest in any operation

for which an application has been submitted, fails to meet any obligations imposed by the tax laws or other laws or regulations of this state.

Section 6. (a) A civil penalty of not more than fifty dollars (\$50) shall be assessed by the commissioner for each machine that is available for commercial use and play by the public without a decal.

- (b) A civil penalty of one hundred dollars (\$100) per machine shall be assessed by the commissioner against anyone who:
- (1) Knowingly makes a bona fide coin-operated amusement machine available for commercial use and play by the public without a decal affixed to the machine.
- (2) Knowingly permits bona fide coin-operated amusement machines to be operated by the public on the premises of the business without a decal affixed to each machine.
- (3) Intentionally removes a decal from a bona fide coin-operated amusement machine.

Section 7. (a) The commissioner shall provide written notice to the licensee of a bona fide coin-operated machine, and the location owner, that the machine is not in compliance with this act, and may issue a fine of fifty dollars (\$50) for each machine that is not in compliance. The fine shall be paid in 30 days and, if the fine is not paid and the machine is still not in compliance with this section, the fine shall be increased to one hundred dollars (\$100) for each

machine that is not in compliance. After 60 days from the issuance of the initial notice, the commissioner may confiscate each machine that is not in compliance with this act.

- (b) (1) A licensee or location owner, may contest a civil penalty or confiscation by filing, within 30 days from the date of the assessment or the confiscation, a written request for an opportunity to be heard, which shall clearly state the reasons for the request, including any facts to demonstrate that a violation has not occurred.
- determines that the licensee, or location owner, has stated adequate facts or legal grounds to warrant a hearing, the commissioner or his or her designee shall provide written notice of the hearing to show cause why a civil penalty should not be assessed or that the machines should not be confiscated, and shall mail written notice to the machine licensee, and location owner of the date, time, and place of the hearing. The determination shall be within the discretion of the commissioner or his or her designee.
- (3) A request for postponement of a hearing so scheduled shall only be granted where the rights of a machine owner, licensee, and location owner would be substantially prejudiced by the denial of the request. Only the commissioner or his or her designee has discretion to grant the request.
- (4) Following a hearing or after a waiver of the request for a hearing, the commissioner or his or her designee

may uphold or modify the civil penalty or confiscation. The determination shall be within the sole discretion of the commissioner or his or her designee.

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- (5) The commissioner or his or her designee may file an action for the collection of civil penalties imposed pursuant to this section in the county where the violation occurred.
- (c) All moneys received from the assessment of any penalty pursuant to this section shall accrue to the State General Fund.
  - Section 8. This act may not be construed to make legal an otherwise illegal device or to authorize or permit gambling on any device whatsoever.
- Section 9. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.