- 1 HB416
- 2 191354-1
- 3 By Representative Todd
- 4 RFD: Agriculture and Forestry
- 5 First Read: 15-FEB-18

191354-1:n:02/13/2018:PMG/th LSA2018-731 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Under existing law, the Office of Water 8 SYNOPSIS: Resources is the state agency responsible for 9 10 coordinating the water resources of the state. 11 This bill would create the Alabama 12 Conservation and Security Act to empower the state 13 to preserve water flows and availability and 14 establish additional conservation powers in times 15 of drought and water emergency. This bill would facilitate coordination 16 17 between water quality and water allocation 18 management, requiring the state to protect the 19 appropriate biological, chemical, and physical 20 integrity of waters by rule. 21 This bill would require the Water Resources 22 Commission to declare a water shortage or emergency 23 under certain conditions. 24 This bill would establish a burden of proof 25 for withdrawals of surface or underground water. 26 This bill would authorize the Office of 27 Water Resources to: (1) restrict any term or

condition in a certificate of use for the duration 1 2 of a water shortage or emergency; (2) provide conservation credits to water users that take 3 certain conservation measures during shortages or 4 5 emergencies; (3) restrict withdrawals for which no certificate is required during a shortage or 6 7 emergency; and (4) allocate water to and among uses 8 in order to alleviate a shortage or emergency. 9 This bill would also require the state to 10 preserve environmental flows and levels in all water sources the allow the Office of Water 11 12 Resources to establish by rule an environmental 13 flow or level in any water source after 14 consultation with the Alabama Water Resources 15 Council. 16 17 A BTLL 18 TO BE ENTITLED 19 AN ACT 20 21 Relating to water management; to create the Alabama Water Conservation and Security Act; to amend Sections 22 9-10B-2, 9-10B-3, 9-10B-20, 9-10B-22, 9-10B-23, and 9-10B-24, 23 24 Code of Alabama 1975; to add Sections 9-10B-31 and 9-10B-32, 25 to the Code of Alabama 1975; to provide legislative findings;

27 water availability in all waters of the state; to require the

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to empower state conservation agencies to preserve flows and

1 state to protect the appropriate biological, chemical, and 2 physical integrity of waters through water planning and management; to require the Water Resources Commission to 3 declare a water shortage or emergency under certain 4 5 conditions; to authorize the Office of Water Resources to take certain conservation measures during a shortage or emergency; 6 7 and to allow the Office of Water Resources to establish by rule an environmental flow or level in any water source after 8 consultation with the Alabama Water Resources Council. 9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA: 10

Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited
 as the Alabama Water Conservation and Security Act.

Section 2. The Legislature finds and declares the following:

(1) In accordance with the Alabama Water Resources
Act, all waters of the state, whether found on the surface of
the ground or underneath the surface of the ground, are among
the basic resources of the state held in trust for the public.

(2) All waters of the state are subject to the 19 20 state's sovereign power to plan and manage the use of those 21 waters, under law, in order to protect the public welfare, preserve public health and safety, promote economic growth, 22 23 mitigate the harmful effects of drought, resolve conflicts 24 among competing water users, achieve balance between 25 consumptive and nonconsumptive water uses, encourage 26 conservation, prevent degradation of natural environments, and 27 enhance productivity of water-related activities.

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(3) The efficient use of waters of the state for
 human consumption is recognized as a priority use of the
 state.

4 (4) All citizens have a stewardship responsibility
5 to conserve and protect the water resources of this state.

6 (5) Comprehensive water management is necessary to 7 ensure fair, efficient, sustainable, and productive use of the 8 total water supply of this state, satisfying economic, 9 environmental, and other social goals, whether public or 10 private, to prevent water unavailability from becoming a 11 limiting factor in the general improvement of social welfare.

12 (6) Recognizing the importance of proper water 13 planning and management, it is critical that the state devise 14 appropriate conservation and drought management strategies to 15 serve public health, safety, and welfare.

(7) The state, in the exercise of its sovereign
police power to protect the public interest in the waters of
this state, undertakes to efficiently and equitably allocate
available water in times of water shortage or emergency
through comprehensive water planning.

(8) The state shall preserve the flows and levels in
all waters of the state as necessary to protect the
appropriate biological, chemical, and physical integrity of
waters by reserving these waters from use and by authorizing
additional protections of the waters of this state.

1	Section 3. Sections 9-10B-2, 9-10B-3, 9-10B-20,
2	9-10B-22, 9-10B-23, and 9-10B-24, Code of Alabama 1975, are
3	amended to read as follows:
4	"§9-10B-2.
5	"The Legislature of the State of Alabama hereby
6	finds and declares that:
7	"(1) All waters of the state, whether found on the
8	surface of the ground or underneath the surface of the ground,
9	are among the basic resources of the State of Alabama; <u>held in</u>
10	trust for the public.
11	(2) All waters of the state are subject to the
12	state's sovereign power to plan and manage use, under law, in
13	order to protect public welfare, preserve public health and
14	safety, promote economic growth, mitigate the harmful effects
15	of drought, resolve conflicts among competing water users,
16	achieve balance between consumptive and nonconsumptive water
17	uses, encourage conservation, prevent degradation of natural
18	environments, and enhance productivity of water-related
19	activities.

"(2)(3) The efficient use of waters of the state for 20 21 human consumption is recognized as a priority use of the state 22 and it is the intent of this chapter that no limitation upon 23 the use of water for human consumption shall be imposed except 24 in emergency situations after the Office of Water Resources has considered all feasible alternatives to such limitations .+ 25 "(3)(4) The Recognizing that the use of such waters 26 should be conserved and managed to enable the people of this 27

state to realize the full beneficial use thereof and to maintain such water resources for use in the future; the state shall conserve the waters of the state through suitable policies and by encouraging private efforts to conserve water and avoid waste.

6 "(4)(5) The general welfare of the people of this 7 state is dependent upon the dedication of the <u>available</u> water 8 resources of the State of Alabama to beneficial use to the 9 fullest extent to which they are capable through the 10 development and implementation of plans and programs to manage 11 such quantitative water resources:7

12 "a. In order to promote efficiency, equity, order, 13 conjunctive management, and stability in utilization of the 14 water resources of this state over time, this chapter and all orders, certificate terms or conditions, and rules issued 15 16 pursuant to this chapter are to be interpreted to achieve the policies embodied in the law and to conform to the physical 17 18 laws that govern the natural occurrence, movement, and storage 19 of water.

"b. Recognizing the importance of proper planning
 and management, it is critical that the state devise
 appropriate conservation and drought management strategies to
 serve public health, safety, and welfare.
 "c. The state, in the exercise of its sovereign
 police power to protect the public interest in the waters of

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the state, undertakes to efficiently and equitably allocate

<u>available water in times of water shortage or emergency</u>
 through comprehensive water planning.

"(5)(6) It is the purpose of this chapter to 3 establish the Office of Water Resources and the Water 4 5 Resources Commission and to vest said office and commission with the power and responsibility to develop and carry out the 6 7 Alabama Comprehensive Water Plan and drought management strategies, and to develop other plans and strategies as may 8 be necessary for the management of the waters of the state as 9 10 well as the other goals and policies of this chapter 7.

"(6) (7) No person's beneficial use of the 11 12 quantitative waters of the state person possessing a 13 certificate of use shall be restricted from use by the Office of Water Resources or the Water Resources Commission except 14 where such beneficial use is within an area of the state 15 16 designated as a capacity stress area pursuant to restrictions are authorized under Section 9-10B-22 of this chapter. It is 17 18 the intent of the Legislature that any action taken which limits, restricts or conditions any person's beneficial use of 19 20 water resources of this state be implemented only after:

"a. the Water Resources Commission has determined that such action is necessary because the aggregate uses of the waters of the state in such area exceeds or will exceed the availability of such waters and is required to protect the availability of the waters of the state; and

"b. such person has been afforded due process of law
including, but not limited to, a public hearing. The

implementation and enforcement of any action limiting,
 restricting, or conditioning any person's beneficial use of
 water resources shall be under the direction of the Alabama
 Department of Environmental Management; and

5 "(7) (8) Notwithstanding any provision of this 6 chapter to the contrary, the provisions of this chapter shall 7 not apply to:

8 "a. Impoundments or other similar containments 9 confined and retained completely upon the property of a person 10 which store water where the initial diversion, withdrawal, or 11 consumption of such water is acknowledged in a certificate of 12 use;

"b. Waste water treatment ponds and waste water treatment impoundments subject to regulation under the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. Sections 1251 et seq., and ponds and impoundments subject to regulation under the Mine Safety and Health Act, 30 U.S.C. Sections 801 et seq., or the Surface Mining Control Act, 30 U.S.C. Sections 1201 et seq.; and

"c. Surface impoundments constituting solid waste
 management units under the Resource Conservation and Recovery
 Act, 42 U.S.C. Sections 6901 et seq.

"(9) It is critical that the state coordinate the
plans, laws, rules, and decisions pertaining to water
allocation with those pertaining to water quality.
"(10) The state's diverse hydrogeographic, economic,
and institutional conditions require the state to continue to

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1 <u>support the activities of local governments that address local</u>
2 <u>and regional water conditions and problems.</u>

3 "(11) The state should take all reasonable measures
4 to protect the reasonable needs of water basins of origin
5 through the regulation of interbasin transfers.

"§9-10B-3.

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7 "For the purposes of this chapter, the following
8 words and phrases, unless a different meaning is plainly
9 required by the context, shall have the following meanings:

10 "(1) ALABAMA COMPREHENSIVE WATER PLAN. A plan developed by the Office of Water Resources, or any watershed 11 12 management authority pursuant to this chapter, for the 13 intermediate and long-term protection, conservation, and 14 management of all the waters of the state and designed to 15 promote and secure the sustainable development and reasonable use of the waters of the state taking into account economic, 16 environmental, and other social values. 17

18 "(1)(2) AREA OF THE STATE. Any municipality or 19 county, including portions thereof, or other geographical area 20 of the state as may be designated by the commission pursuant 21 to this chapter.

"(2) (3) BENEFICIAL USE. The diversion, withdrawal, or consumption use of the waters of the state whether in place or through withdrawal, diversion, or consumption in such quantity and manner as is necessary for economic and efficient utilization without waste of water, without unreasonable injury to other certificate of use holders or the environment,

and consistent with the public interests of this state and 1 2 sustainable development. "(4) BIOLOGICAL, CHEMICAL, AND PHYSICAL INTEGRITY. 3 The maintenance of water in the source, in the volume, and at 4 5 the times necessary to support the following: "a. The preservation of riverine systems, wetlands, 6 7 and native wildlife, including fish, flora, and fauna. 8 "b. The water quality standards prescribed by federal or state laws, rules, or regulations relating to 9 10 effluent discharges and other expected impacts. "c. Instream uses of water as required by federal or 11 state laws, rules, or regulations. 12 13 "d. Adequate recreational opportunities to the 14 people of the state. 15 "e. The preservation of cultural or historic resources as determined by or as required by federal or state 16 laws, rules, or regulations. 17 18 "f. The prevention of serious hydrological 19 alteration of the body of water. "(3)(5) CAPACITY STRESS AREA. An area of the state 20 21 designated by the commission pursuant to this chapter where 22 the commission determines that the use of the waters of the state, whether ground water, surface water, or both, requires 23 24 additional coordination, management, and regulation for the 25 protection of the interests and rights of the people of the 26 state.

"(4)(6) CERTIFICATE OF USE. A certificate which 1 2 shall be written authorization issued by the Office of Water Resources, upon receipt of a declaration of beneficial use, in 3 accordance with this chapter, to a person entitled to hold and 4 5 exercise a water use involving acknowledging the diversion, withdrawal, or consumption of the waters of the state at a 6 7 specific time and place for a specific reasonable use as described in the written authorization. 8 9 "(5)(7) COMMISSION. The Alabama Water Resources 10 Commission or its successor. "(8) CONSERVATION MEASURE. A measure adopted by a 11 certificate of use holder, or several certificate holders 12 13 acting in concert pursuant to an approved conservation agreement under Section 9-10B-22, to reduce the withdrawals or 14 15 consumptive uses, or both, associated with the exercise of a water use, including, but not limited to the following: 16 17 "a. Improvements in water transmission and water use 18 efficiency. 19 "b. Reduction in water use. 20 "c. Enhancement of return flows. 21 "d. Reuse of return flows. 22 "(9) CONSUMPTIVE USE. A withdrawal that is not 23 returned to its water near or at its source of origin, 24 resulting in substantial diminution in quality or quantity or causing low flow conditions, including, but not limited to, 25 evaporation or incorporation into a product or crop. 26

1 "(7)(10) CRITICAL USE STUDY. An analysis of the 2 available supply of water resources within an area of the 3 state <u>a watershed</u> and an assessment of the existing and 4 reasonably foreseeable future demand for such resources to 5 determine if <u>a water shortage exists</u>, or is likely to exist, 6 <u>in</u> such area of the state should be designated as a capacity 7 stress area <u>watershed</u>.

"(8)(11) DECLARATION OF BENEFICIAL USE. A writing 8 9 signed and certified by, or on behalf of, a person to receive 10 a certificate of use and shall include the following: the name of the person to receive a certificate; the source or sources 11 12 of the waters of the state subject to such person's beneficial 13 use; the estimated quantity, in gallons, of the waters of the 14 state used on an annual average daily basis by such person and the estimated capacity in gallons, of waters of the state 15 16 potentially diverted, withdrawn or consumed on any given day 17 by such person; and a statement of facts establishing that the 18 use of such waters constitutes a beneficial use.

19 "(9)(12) DEPARTMENT. The Department of Economic and
 20 Community Affairs or its successor.

21 "(10)(13) DIRECTOR. The Director of the Department
 22 of Economic and Community Affairs.

23 "(11)(14) DIVISION CHIEF. The Chief of the Office of
 24 Water Resources or its successor.

25 "(15) DROUGHT MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES. Plans devised
 26 by the Office of Water Resources pursuant to this chapter for
 27 the allocation of water during periods of drought and

1	otherwise to cope with water shortages or water emergencies
2	and, insofar as is reasonably possible, to restore the waters
3	of the state to their condition prior to the drought.
4	"(16) ENVIRONMENTAL FLOW. The amount of flow needed,
5	as determined by the Office of Water Resources after
6	consultation with the Water Resources Council, to uphold the
7	natural biological, physical, and chemical integrity of a
8	waterway established using scientifically valid methodologies
9	considering hydrology, geomorphology, biology, connectivity,
10	and water quality. In determining environmental flow rates,
11	the Office of Water Resources shall give consideration to
12	consumptive and nonconsumptive water uses, such as
13	agricultural, industrial, municipal, and domestic uses; energy
14	production; assimilative waste capacity; recreation;
15	navigation; fish and wildlife resources and other ecologic
16	values; estuarine resources; aquifer recharge; and aesthetics.
17	" (12) (17) GROUND WATER. Water in a saturated zone or
18	stratum beneath the surface of land or water, whether or not
19	flowing through known and definite channels, and regardless of
20	whether it is the result of natural or artificial recharge.
21	"(18) INTERBASIN TRANSFER. Any transfer of water,
22	for any purpose and regardless of the quantity involved, from
23	one river basin to another.
24	" (13) (19) OFFICE OF WATER RESOURCES. The Alabama
25	Office of Water Resources or its successor, which shall serve
26	as the central unit of the state's government for protecting,

1 <u>maintaining, improving, allocating, and planning regarding the</u> 2 <u>waters of the state pursuant to this chapter.</u>

3 "(14)(20) PERSON. Any and all persons, natural or 4 artificial, including any individual, firm, association, 5 organization, partnership, business, trust, corporation, 6 company, any federal agency, authority, or corporation created 7 by the United States of America, and the state and all 8 political subdivisions, regions, districts, municipalities, 9 and public agencies thereof.

10 "(15)(21) PUBLIC WATER SYSTEM. A system for the 11 provision to the public of piped water for human consumption 12 or other uses, if such system has at least 15 service 13 connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 14 individuals at least 60 days out of the year. A public water 15 system includes:

16 "a. any collection, treatment, storage, and 17 distribution facilities under the control of the operator of 18 such system and used primarily in connection with such system; 19 and

20 "b. any collection or pretreatment storage
21 facilities not under such control which are used primarily in
22 connection with such system.

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"(16)(22) STATE. The State of Alabama.

24 "(17)(23) SURFACE WATER. Water upon the surface of 25 the earth, whether contained in bounds created naturally or 26 artificially or diffused. Water from natural springs shall be considered "surface water" when it exits from the spring onto the surface of the earth.

"(24) SURFACE WATER REGIONS. Those certain areas of 3 the state designated by this chapter and to be referred to 4 5 individually as: "a. Central Alabama Surface Water Region. That area 6 7 of the state formed by the Counties of Etowah, Cherokee, St. Clair, Calhoun, Cleburne, Shelby, Talladega, Clay, Randolph, 8 Bibb, Coosa, Tallapoosa, Chilton, Perry, Autauga, Elmore, 9 10 Macon, Montgomery, Dallas, Lowndes, Wilcox, and Monroe.

11 "<u>b. Coastal Alabama Surface Water Region. That area</u> 12 of the state formed by the Counties of Mobile and Baldwin, and 13 all bays, tidal estuaries, and portions of the Gulf of Mexico 14 <u>over which this state has jurisdiction.</u>

15 "<u>c. North Alabama Surface Water Region. That area of</u>
16 the state formed by the Counties of Lauderdale, Limestone,
17 <u>Madison, Jackson, Colbert, Franklin, Lawrence, Morgan,</u>
18 Marshall, and DeKalb.

19 "d. Southeast Alabama Surface Water Region. That 20 area of the state formed by the Counties of Russell, Bullock, 21 Pike, Barbour, Lee, Chambers, Butler, Crenshaw, Coffee, Dale, Henry, Conecuh, Covington, Geneva, Houston, and Escambia. 22 23 "e. West Alabama Surface Water Region. That area of 24 the state formed by the Counties of Marion, Winston, Cullman, 25 Blount, Lamar, Fayette, Walker, Jefferson, Pickens, 26 Tuscaloosa, Greene, Hale, Sumter, Marengo, Choctaw, Clarke, 27 and Washington.

"(25) SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT. The integrated 1 2 management of resources taking into consideration the needs of 3 future generations as well as the current generation, assuring equitable access to resources, optimizing the use of 4 5 nonrenewable resources, and averting the exhaustion of renewable resources. 6 7 "(18)(26) WATER RESOURCES COUNCIL. The Alabama Water Resources Council or its successor. 8 9 (19) (27) WATERS or WATERS OF THE STATE. A quantity, 10 regardless of the size or duration, of any spring, brook, creek, stream, river, pond, swamp, lake, reservoir, 11 12 impoundment, sound, tidal estuary, bay, waterway, aquifer, or 13 any other body or accumulation of water, surface water, or 14 ground water, or water found within the atmosphere, public or 15 private, natural or artificial, that: "a. is contained within the borders of this state; 16 17 "b. flows through or to this state or any portion 18 thereof; or "c. borders upon this state or any portion thereof, 19 20 including those portions of the Gulf of Mexico over which this 21 state has jurisdiction. 22 "(28) WATERSHED. An area of land from which all 23 waters drain, on the surface or beneath the ground to a common 24 point; provided, however, that in any administrative or 25 judicial proceeding pursuant to this chapter, the watershed 26 shall be measured at the lowest point relevant to the issue to

27 be determined.

"(29) WITHDRAWAL. The removal or exercise of
physical control of surface or underground water from its
natural course or location by any means, regardless of whether
the water is returned to its waters or origin, consumed, or
discharged elsewhere.

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"§9-10B-20.

7 "(a) A declaration of beneficial use shall be 8 submitted within 90 days of the promulgation of rules and 9 regulations governing such declarations by each public water 10 system that regularly serves, individually or in combination with other such systems, more than 10,000 households and by 11 each person who diverts, withdraws, or consumes more than 12 13 100,000 gallons of water on any day from the waters of the 14 state.

15 "(b) A declaration of beneficial use shall be 16 submitted within 180 days of the promulgation of rules and 17 regulations governing such declarations by each public water 18 system that regularly serves, individually or in combination 19 with other such systems, less than 10,000 households.

"(c) No declaration of beneficial use shall be required to be submitted by any person, other than public water systems, who diverts, withdraws, or consumes less than 100,000 gallons of water each day from the waters of the state unless the commission determines by regulation that the submission of declaration of beneficial use by such person is necessary to accomplish the purposes of this chapter. In 1 addition, no declaration of beneficial use shall be required 2 and no certificate of use shall be issued for:

3 "(1) In-stream uses of water, including, but not
4 limited to, recreation, navigation, water oxygenation system,
5 and hydropower generation; or

6 "(2) Impoundments covering not more than 100 acres 7 in surface area:

8 "a. Confined and retained completely upon the 9 property of a person; and

10 "b. Used solely for recreational purposes, including11 sport fishing.

"(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 12 13 chapter to the contrary, each person who has the capacity 14 proposes to use 100,000 gallons or more of water on any day in 15 total for purposes of irrigation shall submit a declaration of beneficial use to the Office of Water Resources on or before 16 17 January 1, 1995. Persons who use waters for purposes of 18 irrigation, but who do not have the capacity to use 100,000 gallons or more of water on any day in total for purposes of 19 20 irrigation, are not required to submit a declaration of 21 beneficial use unless the commission determines by regulation 22 that such action is necessary to accomplish the purposes of 23 this chapter.

"(e) The Office of Water Resources shall issue a
certificate of use to any person required to submit a
declaration of beneficial use upon the submission of a
declaration of beneficial use. The declaration of beneficial

1 use shall contain all information required to be submitted 2 under regulations promulgated by the commission and shall establish that the proposed diversion, withdrawal, or 3 consumption of such water shall not interfere with any 4 5 presently known existing legal use of such water and is consistent with the objectives of this chapter. Each 6 7 certificate of use shall contain the following statement: "THE ISSUANCE OF THIS CERTIFICATE OF USE SHALL NOT CONFER OR MODIFY 8 ANY PERMANENT INTERESTS OR RIGHTS IN THE HOLDER THEREOF TO THE 9 10 CONTINUED USE OF THE WATERS OF THE STATE OF ALABAMA."

"(f) It shall be a condition of each certificate of 11 use issued by the Office of Water Resources that reports be 12 13 submitted annually to the Office of Water Resources, 14 indicating the amount of water, in gallons, diverted, 15 withdrawn, or consumed on a monthly basis by such person and 16 such other information required under regulations promulgated 17 by the commission. Such reports shall be signed and certified 18 that to the best of the person's knowledge and belief, the information contained therein is true, accurate, and complete. 19

"(g) The Office of Water Resources shall issue
 certificates of use or approve transfers of the waters of the
 state in such a manner as to protect and preserve the quality
 of those waters.

24 "(h) The Office of Water Resources may not issue a
 25 certificate of use for any use that appears likely to result
 26 in a violation of the water quality standards designated by

1 <u>the state without consulting with the Alabama Department of</u>
2 <u>Environmental Management.</u>

3	" <u>(i) The Office of Water Resources may not issue a</u>
4	certificate of use for any use that appears likely to violate
5	any rule, regulation, or legal order that protects, conserves,
6	or increases the wildlife of the state without consulting with
7	the Alabama Department of Conservation and Natural Resources.
8	" <u>(j) The Office of Water Resources may adopt rules</u>
9	as reasonably necessary to perform the functions authorized
10	pursuant to this section; provided, however, that no rule
11	shall conflict or be inconsistent with the rules adopted by
12	the commission in designating a capacity stress area.
13	"§9-10B-22.
14	" <u>(a) Declaration of a water shortage.</u>
15	" <u>(1) The commission shall declare a water shortage</u>
16	whenever it finds that in all or any part of the state,
17	because of droughts or otherwise, the available water falls so
18	far below normally occurring quantities that substantial
19	conflict among water users or injury to water resources is
20	expected to occur.
21	"(2) Before restricting the exercise of any right
22	conferred by a certificate of use issued under this chapter
23	because of a water shortage, the Office of Water Resources
24	shall serve notice of the proposed action and provide an
25	opportunity for a contested hearing to any person affected by
26	the proposed restriction.

1	"(3) In any hearing or litigation relating to this
2	subsection, the burden of proof shall be on the party
3	requesting the hearing or initiating the litigation.
4	"(b) Declaration of a water emergency.
5	"(1) The commission shall declare a water emergency
6	whenever it finds there exists a severe shortage of water
7	relative to lawful demand such that restrictions taken under a
8	declaration of water shortage are insufficient to protect
9	public health, safety, and welfare in all or any watershed of
10	the state.
11	"(2) In addition to its powers under a declaration
12	of water shortage, the Office of Water Resources, upon a
13	declaration of a water emergency by the commission and without
14	prior hearing, may order a person who holds a certificate of
15	use under this chapter immediately to cease or otherwise
16	change the withdrawal or use of water as necessary to
17	alleviate the emergency.
18	"(3) An emergency order issued under this section
19	shall specify the precise date and time on which the
20	restriction or change to the withdrawal or use of water is
21	necessary to alleviate the emergency.
22	"(4) Any restriction under this section shall not
23	take effect against any person affected by the restriction
24	until the Office of Water Resources serves the emergency order
25	on that person.
26	"(5) Any person affected by a restriction under this
27	section may obtain a hearing to challenge the restriction, to

1	begin not more than 10 days after the Office of Water
2	Resources receives the request for a hearing, and to be
3	concluded as soon as reasonably possible after the hearing
4	begins.
5	"(6) In any hearing or litigation relating to this
6	subsection, the burden of proof shall be on the party
7	requesting the hearing or initiating the litigation.
8	"(7) An emergency order shall remain in effect
9	pending the result of any hearing or litigation relating to
10	this section.
11	"(c) The commission, in declaring a water shortage
12	or a water emergency, shall determine and clearly delineate
13	the area of the state and the water sources included within
14	the shortage or emergency.
15	"(d) Authority to restrict a certificate of use.
16	"(1) The Office of Water Resources may restrict any
17	term or condition of a certificate of use issued under this
18	chapter for the duration of a water shortage or water
19	emergency declared by the commission.
20	"(2) The Office of Water Resources shall impose
21	restrictions according to previously developed drought
22	management strategies unless the commission determines that
23	the relevant drought management strategies are inappropriate
24	to the actual situation.
25	"(e) Conservation credits.
26	"(1) If practical, the Office of Water Resources, in
27	ordering restrictions on the withdrawal or use of water during

1 a water shortage or water emergency, may not order a person to 2 do more if that person has successfully implemented 3 conservation measures, pursuant to the plan of conservation made a term or condition of the certificate of use under which 4 5 the person exercises a water use, until other certificate of 6 use holders have achieved comparable restrictions in the 7 exercise of their water uses. "(2) When a person holding a certificate of use 8 9 voluntarily undertakes conservation measures during a period 10 of water shortage or water emergency beyond those required by this chapter, including the terms and conditions of the 11 person's certificate of use, that result in significant 12 13 quantifiable reductions in the water that person had been 14 using before the beginning of the water shortage or water 15 emergency, that person is entitled to a credit for such 16 reductions in any scheme of restrictions imposed by the Office 17 of Water Resources as a response to the water shortage or 18 water emergency. 19 "(3) When a written agreement between persons 20 holding certificates of use under this chapter to undertake

21 joint conservation measures in the event of an anticipated 22 water shortfall is filed with the Office of Water Resources 23 before the declaration of a water shortage or water emergency 24 and the agreement does not unreasonably impair the rights of 25 other persons who have a right to use the water, or the public 26 interest, or sustainable development, the agency shall do both 27 of the following:

1	"a. Register the agreement and include it in any
2	relevant drought management strategies if the agreement is
3	consistent with the policies of this chapter.
4	"b. Credit any water actually conserved under the
5	agreement to the obligations of the parties to the agreement
6	to restrict their water withdrawals or consumptive uses during
7	any water shortage or water emergency.
8	" <u>(</u> 4) When a written agreement between persons
9	holding certificates of use under this chapter to undertake
10	joint conservation measures is filed with the Office of Water
11	Resources during the declaration of a water shortage or water
12	emergency and the agreement does not unreasonably impair the
13	rights of other persons who hold certificates of use, or the
14	public interest, or sustainable development, the agency shall
15	do both of the following:
16	"a. Register the agreement and authorize the parties
17	to the agreement to implement those measures in lieu of
18	restrictions imposed or to be imposed by the Office of Water
19	Resources.
20	"b. Credit any water actually conserved under the
21	agreement to the obligations of the parties to the agreement
22	to restrict their water withdrawals or consumptive uses during
23	any water shortage or water emergency.
24	"(5) Conservation credits and registered agreements
25	on joint conservation measures shall be included in the
26	statewide data system.

"(f) The commission shall amend or terminate a
declaration of water shortage or water emergency upon a
finding that conditions justifying the declaration have
changed or no longer exist as to part or all of the area
included in the prior declaration.

"(a)(g) Upon the designation of any area of the 6 7 state as a capacity stress area where the commission 8 specifically finds the implementation of a use restriction 9 alternative is necessary because the aggregate existing or 10 reasonably foreseeable uses of the waters of the state in such an area exceed or will exceed the availability of such waters 11 12 and is required to protect the availability of public 13 interests in the waters of the state within such area, the 14 commission shall immediately initiate rule-making procedures 15 to consider appropriate conditions or limitations applicable 16 to all certificates of use within such area; provided, 17 however, that the commission shall not adopt or promulgate any 18 rule or regulation with respect to any capacity stress area without the concurrence of 13 of the members of the 19 20 commission. Any such conditions or limitations shall be 21 confined to matters necessary for the protection of the beneficial use of public interests in the waters of the state. 22 23 In addition to any other requirement of law, the notice of 24 rule-making shall be sent by certified mail, return receipt 25 requested, to each person within such area holding a certificate of use. The notice of rule-making shall include a 26

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description of the actions proposed by the commission, including the duration thereof, in the capacity stress area.

"(b) (h) Any rules or regulations proposed under this 3 section shall consider fully all relevant matters prior to the 4 5 adoption of any conditions, limitations, or restrictions upon any certificate of use within a capacity stress area. Such 6 matters shall include, but shall not be limited to: the uses 7 of water under each certificate of use within such area; the 8 9 environmental flows or levels of the waters within such area; 10 the uses of water and environmental flows or levels of other areas likely to be impacted by the proposed rules; the 11 quantity of any water returned by each holder of a certificate 12 13 of use to the capacity stress area; the reasonably foreseeable impacts to the economic or other interests of the state as a 14 15 result of the imposition of any conditions, limitations, or restrictions upon each certificate of use; and the effect of 16 such conditions, limitations, or restrictions upon the status 17 18 of such area as a capacity stress area.

19 "(c)(i) Every 12 months, or sooner if necessary or 20 requested by the division chief, the commission shall confirm 21 the conditions applicable to <u>a water shortage, a water</u> 22 <u>emergency, or</u> a capacity stress area to determine what, if 23 any, modifications to the designation of the capacity stress 24 area are appropriate.

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26 "(a) In the event the commission adopts or
 27 promulgates any rules or regulations The enforcement and

"§9-10B-23.

implementation of any rules limiting or reducing the quantity of water available to a person holding a certificate of use; the implementation and enforcement of such rules and regulations shall be under the direction of the Alabama Department of Environmental Management, and, for rules adopted pursuant to Section 9-10B-20, the Office of Water Resources.

"(b) The Alabama Department of Environmental
Management and the Alabama Environmental Management Commission
are hereby expressly authorized to perform the following
duties and functions with respect to the implementation and
enforcement of the rules and regulations adopted by the
commission:

"(1) To receive copies of all reports or other
documents submitted to the Office of Water Resources by
holders of certificates of use within a capacity stress area;

16 "(2) Acting through the Alabama Department of Environmental Management, to issue an order assessing a civil 17 18 penalty against any person in violation of any condition, limitation, or restriction of a certificate of use promulgated 19 20 by the commission pursuant to Section 9-10B-20 or Section 21 9-10B-22; provided, however, that all such orders shall be 22 consistent with, and subject to the limitations set forth in, subdivision (19) of Section 9-10B-5; 23

"(3) To recommend to the Office of Water Resources
or the commission actions to be taken within a capacity stress
area or modifications, amendments, or repeals of any rules or

Page 27

1 regulations adopted by the commission regarding a capacity 2 stress area;

3 "(4) Acting through the Alabama Environmental
4 Management Commission, to hear administrative appeals of any
5 order issued by the Alabama Department of Environmental
6 Management pursuant to this section; and

7 "(5) Acting through the Alabama Environmental 8 Management Commission, to adopt such rules and regulations as 9 reasonably necessary to perform the functions authorized 10 pursuant to this section; provided, however, that no such 11 rules or regulations shall conflict or be inconsistent with 12 the rules or regulations adopted by the commission in 13 designating a capacity stress area.

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"§9-10B-24.

15 "(a) There is hereby established the Alabama Water 16 Resources Council. The Water Resources Council shall act in an 17 advisory capacity to the Office of Water Resources and shall 18 be comprised of one representative appointed by each of the 19 following entities: The Alabama Department of Conservation and 20 Natural Resources, the Alabama Department of Environmental 21 Management, the Alabama Department of Public Health, the Soil 22 and Water Conservation Committee, the Alabama State Port 23 Authority, the Geological Survey of Alabama, and the Water 24 Resource Research Institute. From time to time, the division 25 chief may request any other state agency to appoint a representative to the Water Resources Council. The Water 26

Resources Council shall advise the Office of Water Resources
 on all matters concerning the waters of the state.

3 "(b) The Office of Water Resources may establish and convene planning advisory committees as may be necessary to 4 5 assist in the formulation of its plans, programs, and strategies. The planning advisory committees may include 6 7 representatives from agencies or branches of the United 8 States, agencies or branches of interstate or international 9 organizations with responsibility for waters of the state, 10 other agencies or branches of the state, other states sharing the watershed under study, the political subdivisions of the 11 12 state, and all persons or groups interested in or directly 13 affected by any proposed or existing plan or strategy." 14 Section 4. Sections 9-10B-31 and 9-10B-32 are added

15 to the Code of Alabama 1975, to read as follows:

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§9-10B-31.

17 (a) (1) The state shall preserve environmental flows 18 and levels in all water sources as necessary to protect the appropriate biological, chemical, and physical integrity of 19 20 waters by reserving such waters from allocation necessary to 21 meet these flows and levels; by maintaining the natural 22 hydrology of the watersheds and basins of the state to the 23 greatest extent possible; and by authorizing additional 24 protections of the waters of the state to restore and protect 25 the biological, chemical, and physical integrity of the 26 state's water resources.

1 (2) The Office of Water Resources, after 2 consultation with the Alabama Water Resources Council, shall 3 establish, by rule, the environmental flow or level in any body of water that is not subject to use under this chapter, 4 5 except as provided in this section. (b) Every person exercising a water use pursuant to 6 7 this chapter shall protect the prescribed environmental flow or levels when exercising such right. 8 9 (c) Standards for protected environmental flows or 10 levels. (1) The Office of Water Resources, after 11 12 consultation with the Alabama Water Resources Council, shall 13 establish an environmental flow or level as the amounts necessary for the biological, chemical, and physical integrity 14 of the body of water, taking into account normal seasonal 15 variations in flow and need. 16 (2) Effects of water shortages, water emergencies, 17 18 or designation of capacity stress areas. a. The commission shall declare a water shortage or 19 20 water emergency or designate a capacity stress area when the 21 environmental flows or levels established by this section are threatened or impaired. 22 23 b. During periods of water emergency, the Office of 24 Water Resources may allocate waters normally within protected 25 environmental flows or levels when necessary to prevent 26 serious injuries to water uses established before the 27 beginning of the water emergency and to prevent grave threats

to human life or health under circumstances in which water is not available from other sources, but only to the extent such allocation does not permanently impair the biological, chemical, or physical integrity of the water source.

5 c. To facilitate planning for water emergencies, the 6 Alabama Water Resources Council shall develop and recommend to 7 the Office of Water Resources the environmental flows or 8 levels that should not be subject to use, except to prevent 9 grave threats to human life or health under circumstances in 10 which water is not available from other sources for coping 11 with these needs.

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(3) Burden of proof.

a. In any proceeding under this chapter, the person proposing to withdraw water from a water source shall have the burden of showing by a preponderance of the evidence that the proposed withdrawal will not impair the protected environmental flows or levels as determined under this section.

b. Nothing in this chapter authorizes any person to
withdraw water from a source that would impair its established
protected environmental flow or level without first securing
authorization to do so from the Office of Water Resources or a
court reviewing a decision by the Office of Water Resources.
\$9-10B-32.

This chapter does not alter or abridge any right of action existing in law or equity, whether civil or criminal, nor does it prevent any person from exercising rights to
 suppress nuisances or otherwise to abate pollution.

3 Section 5. This act shall become effective on the 4 first day of the third month following its passage and 5 approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.