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- 1 5R8TMM-1
- 2 By Representative England
- 3 RFD: Judiciary
- 4 First Read: 25-Apr-23

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6 2023 Regular Session



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SYNOPSIS:

Under existing law, a person commits the crime of murder if he or she attempts to commit certain felony offenses and in the course of, in furtherance of, or in the immediate flight therefrom, he or she, or another participant, causes the death of another person.

This bill would provide an exception to the crime of murder, specifically, that a person does not commit the crime of murder if the person killed was a willing participant in the underlying felony.

This bill would further provide for penalties for the crime of murder.

Section 111.05 of the Constitution of Alabama of 2022, prohibits a general law whose purpose or effect would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds from becoming effective with regard to a local governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote unless: it comes within one of a number of specified exceptions; it is approved by the affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to the entity for the purpose.

The purpose or effect of this bill would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds

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29	within the meaning of the amendment. However, the bill
30	does not require approval of a local governmental
31	entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to become effective
32	because it comes within one of the specified exceptions
33	contained in the amendment.
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36	A BILL
37	TO BE ENTITLED
38	AN ACT
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40	Relating to crimes and offenses, to amend Section
41	13A-6-2, Code of Alabama 1975, to further provide for the
42	crime of murder; to provide for an exception to murder; to
43	further provide for penalties; and in connection therewith
44	would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new
45	or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of
46	Section 111.05 of the Constitution of Alabama of 2022.
47	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
48	Section 1. Section 13A-6-2, Code of Alabama 1975, is
49	amended to read as follows:
50	"\$13A-6-2
51	(a) A person commits the crime of murder if he or she
52	does any of the following:
53	(1) With intent to cause the death of another person,
54	he or she causes the death of that person or of another
55	person.
56	(2) Under circumstances manifesting extreme

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indifference to human life, he or she recklessly engages in conduct which creates a grave risk of death to a person other than himself or herself, and thereby causes the death of another person.

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- 61 (3) He or she commits or attempts to commit the crime 62 of arson in the first degree, burglary in the first or second 63 degree, escape in the first degree, kidnapping in the first 64 degree, rape in the first degree, robbery in any degree, 65 sodomy in the first degree, or aggravated child abuse under pursuant to Section 26-15-3.1, or any other felony clearly 66 67 dangerous to human life and, in the course of and in furtherance of the crime that he or she is committing or 68 attempting to commit, or in immediate flight therefrom, he or 69 70 she, or another participant if there be any, causes the death 71 of any person. A person does not commit murder under this subdivision if the person killed was a willing participant in 72 73 the commission of, or attempt to commit, the underlying 74 felony.
 - (4) He or she commits the crime of arson and a qualified governmental or volunteer firefighter or other public safety officer dies while performing his or her duty resulting from the arson.
 - (b) A person does not commit murder under subdivisions subdivision (a) (1) or (a) (2) of this section—if he or she was moved to act by a sudden heat of passion caused by provocation recognized by law, and before there had been a reasonable time for the passion to cool and for reason to reassert itself. The burden of injecting the issue of killing under legal

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provocation is on the defendant, but this does not shift the burden of proof. This subsection does not apply to a prosecution for, or preclude a conviction of, manslaughter or other crime.

- is a Class A felony; provided, that the punishment for murder or any offense committed under aggravated circumstances by a person 18 years of age or older, as provided by Article 2 of Chapter 5 of this title, is death or life imprisonment without parole, which punishment shall be determined and fixed as provided by Article 2 of Chapter 5 of this title or any amendments thereto. The punishment for murder or any offense committed under aggravated circumstances by a person under the age of 18 years, as provided by Article 2 of Chapter 5, is either life imprisonment without parole, or life, which punishment shall be determined and fixed as provided by Article 2 of Chapter 5 of this title or any amendments thereto and the applicable Alabama Rules of Criminal Procedure.
- (2) Murder pursuant to subdivision (a)(3) is a Class B felony.
- (d) If the defendant is sentenced to life on a capital offense, the defendant <u>must_shall</u> serve a minimum of 30 years, day for day, prior to first consideration of parole."

Section 2. Although this bill would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further requirements and application under Section 111.05 of the Constitution of Alabama of 2022, because the bill defines a new crime or



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113	amends the definition of an existing crime.
114	Section 3. This act shall become effective on the first
115	day of the third month following its passage and approval by
116	the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.