- 1 HB369
- 2 189204-1
- 3 By Representatives Hanes, Pettus, Whorton (R), Greer, Moore
- 4 (B) and Mooney
- 5 RFD: State Government
- 6 First Read: 01-FEB-18

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8	SYNOPSIS:	Under existing law, there is a requirement,
9		effective until September 30, 2017, that persons
10		applying for or receiving public assistance
11		benefits may be tested for illegal substance abuse.
12		Existing law does not require adult
13		recipients of public benefits offered by the state
14		to comply with mandatory community service program
15		requirements in order to be eligible for the
16		benefits.
17		This bill would require each adult recipient
18		of public benefits offered by the state to comply
19		with mandatory community service program
20		requirements in order to be eligible for the
21		benefits.
22		This bill would provide that any person who
23		does not comply shall be ineligible to receive
24		public assistance for a specified period of time
25		based on the frequency of noncompliance.
26		This bill would provide procedures and
27		exceptions for mandatory community service programs

1 to be developed by the Alabama Department of Human 2 Resources. This bill would require an applicant for 3 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), 5 administered by the Department of Human Resources, beginning October 1, 2018, to be tested for substance abuse if the applicant has been convicted of a drug offense. This bill would provide that any applicant 9 10 testing positive for a drug without a valid prescription would be ineligible for TANF temporary 11 12 cash assistance benefits under the program. 13 This bill would authorize a parent of a 14 minor child who tests positive for drugs to 15 designate a third party to receive the public 16 assistance for the benefit of minor child family 17 members. 18 This bill would require each department or agency of the state that provides public assistance 19 2.0 to adults to comply with mandatory community 2.1 service requirements pursuant to this act. 2.2 This bill would also authorize the 23 Department of Human Resources to promulgate rules 24 to implement the program. 25 26 A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

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Relating to public assistance, to require each adult recipient of public benefits to comply with mandatory community service program requirements in order to be eligible; to provide that any person who does not comply shall be ineligible to receive public assistance for a specified period of time based on the frequency of noncompliance; to provide procedures and exceptions for such mandatory community service programs to be developed by the Alabama Department of Human Resources; to require each department or agency that provides public assistance to adults to comply with mandatory community service as required under this act; to require an applicant for Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), administered by the Department of Human Resources, if the applicant has been convicted of a drug offense; to provide that any applicant testing positive for a drug without a valid prescription would be ineligible for TANF temporary cash assistance benefits under the program; to authorize a parent of a minor child who tests positive for drugs to designate a third party to receive the public assistance for the benefit of minor child family members; and to authorize the Department of Human Resources to promulgate rules to implement the program.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. As used in this act, the following words shall have the following meanings:

- 1 (1) DEPARTMENT. The Alabama Department of Human 2 Resources.
- 3 (2) DRUG. Includes all of the following:

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- a. A controlled substance for which a medical prescription or other legal authorization is required for purchase or possession, including, but not limited to: amphetamine, tetrahydrocannabinol, oxycodone, cocaine, phencyclidine, an opiate, barbiturate, benzodiazepine, methamphetamine, propoxyphene, tricyclic antidepressant or a metabolite of any of these substances.
 - b. A drug whose manufacture, sale, use, or possession is forbidden by law.
 - (3) DRUG OFFENSE. A drug offense, including the sale of a controlled substance as provided in Section 13A-12-211, Code of Alabama 1975, trafficking in controlled substances or cannabis as provided in Section 13A-12-231, Code of Alabama 1975, manufacturing controlled substances in the first degree as provided in Section 13A-12-218, Code of Alabama 1975, or trafficking in an analog controlled substance.
 - (4) DRUG SCREENING. Any chemical, biological, or physical instrumental analysis administered by a laboratory certified by the United States Department of Health and Human Services or other licensing agency in this state for the purpose of determining the presence or absence of a drug or its metabolites.

(5) RECIPIENT. A natural person 18 years of age or older who is not physically or mentally disabled who receives federal, state, or local benefits.

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Section 2. (a) Except as provided in subsection (f) or where exempted by federal law, on and after July 1, 2017, each recipient of state or local public benefits, as defined in 8 U.S.C. § 1621, or for federal public benefits, as defined in 8 U.S.C. § 1611, administered by an agency or a political subdivision of this state shall be required to participate in a community service program administered by the department.

(b) The department, in conjunction with the Alabama Department of Labor, shall establish and administer a community service program with the standards and procedures deemed necessary to accomplish the requirements of this section. The department shall establish a minimum number of hours of regulated community service to be required for persons receiving state or federal public benefits, to be determined by the age of the public benefit recipient, and which shall be a minimum of 20 hours of community service per week for each recipient. The department, on a monthly basis, shall issue a list of nonprofit 501(c)(3) programs which are eligible for community service work required under this section. No eligible nonprofit program shall be required to accept a recipient of public assistance for community service but shall be encouraged to do so. Volunteer service at a public or private school shall qualify for mandatory community service required under this section. Volunteer service at a

church where the recipient of public assistance is a member shall not qualify for mandatory community service required under this section. The department shall issue regulations prescribing forms and procedures for the verification of community service required by the recipients of public assistance.

- (c) A person receiving federal, state, or local public benefits who does not comply with required mandatory community service shall be ineligible to receive the benefits for a period of time to be enforced by the appropriate state agency or department granting the benefits as follows:
- (1) For the first noncompliance, a period of 90 days.
- 14 (2) For the second noncompliance, a period of 180 days.
 - (3) For the third and subsequent noncompliance, a period of one year, after which time the person shall be required to submit to a mandatory community service program before he or she shall be eligible to receive state or local public benefits.
 - (d) A recipient who receives federal, state, or local public benefits who refuses to submit to the mandatory community service program shall be ineligible to receive the benefits for a period of one year.
 - (e) This section shall be enforced without regard to race, religion, gender, ethnicity, or national origin.

1 (f) Mandatory community service under this section 2 may not be required for any of the following:

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- (1) Assistance for health care items and services that are necessary for the treatment of an emergency medical condition, as defined in 42 U.S.C. § 1396b(v)(3), of the person involved and are not related to an organ transplant procedure.
- (2) Short-term, noncash, in-kind emergency disaster relief.
 - (3) Public health assistance for immunizations with respect to immunizable diseases and for testing and treatment of symptoms of communicable diseases whether or not the symptoms are caused by a communicable disease.
 - (4) Programs, services, or assistance such as soup kitchens, crisis counseling and intervention, and short-term shelter specified by the United States Attorney General in his or her sole and unreviewable discretion after consultation with appropriate federal agencies and departments, which:
 - a. Deliver in-kind services at the community level, including through public or private nonprofit agencies.
 - b. Do not condition the provision of assistance, the amount of assistance provided, or the cost of assistance provided on the individual recipient's income or resources.
 - c. Are necessary for the protection of life or safety.
 - d. Provide prenatal care.
 - e. Provide public postsecondary education.

(g) Each state agency or department which administers any program of state or local public benefits shall provide an annual report to the department with respect to its compliance with this section.

- (h) Any and all errors and significant delays in benefits caused by compliance with this section shall be reported to the Governor who shall monitor mandatory community service errors and significant delays and report annually to the Legislature on such errors and significant delays to ensure that application of this section is not wrongfully denying benefits to residents of this state.
- (i) The provisions of this section shall be implemented after the date the department or other appropriate state agency whose duty it is to extend public benefits has received all federal waivers that are necessary to implement the provisions of this section from the United States Department of Health and Human Services.
- Section 3. (a) Commencing on October 1, 2018, the department shall implement and administer a drug screening program for any adult applying for temporary cash assistance who is otherwise eligible for the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program if the adult has a conviction for a drug offense within five years prior to the date of the application or initial payment for TANF temporary cash assistance.
- (b) The department shall require each applicant to disclose, under penalty of perjury, any criminal conviction

related to the use or distribution of a drug on any application for TANF temporary cash assistance.

- (c) The cost of the initial drug screening of each applicant shall be the responsibility of the department. The cost of any subsequent drug screening is the responsibility of the person screened. The department shall reimburse the person for the cost of the drug screening if the person tests negative for a drug.
- (d)(1) A person who refuses to take a drug screening or who delays the drug screening beyond the time set by the department is ineligible to receive TANF temporary cash assistance.
- (2) A person who tests positive for a drug as a result of a drug screening required under this section and who is unable to produce a valid prescription for the drug shall receive a warning that any subsequent positive drug screening will result in a loss of benefits. Upon a second positive drug screening, the person shall be ineligible for TANF temporary cash assistance for one year after the date of the positive drug screening results. Upon a third positive drug screening, the person shall be permanently ineligible for TANF temporary cash assistance. No person shall be subjected to more than two additional drug screenings in any calendar year.
- (3) A person who is denied TANF temporary cash assistance under this section may request an administrative hearing to review the denial.

1 (e) The results of a drug screening under this
2 section shall not be admissible in any criminal proceeding,
3 but is admissible without further authentication or
4 qualification in administrative hearings of the department and
5 judicial review of department determinations.

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- (f) The department shall do all of the following:
- (1) Provide notice of the potential for drug screening to applicants for TANF temporary cash assistance at the time of application. The notice shall advise the person that drug screening may be conducted as a condition for receiving benefits under certain conditions and that the person shall bear the cost of the drug screening after the initial screening. The person shall be advised that the required drug screening may be avoided if the person does not apply for TANF temporary cash assistance.
- (2) Require each person to be screened to sign a written acknowledgment that he or she has received notice of the department's drug-screening policy and that he or she understands the drug-screening requirement.
- (g) If a parent is deemed permanently ineligible for TANF temporary cash assistance as a result of failing a third drug screening conducted under this section, the dependent child or other adult family member's eligibility for public assistance benefits is not affected.
- (1) An appropriate protective payee shall be designated to receive benefits on behalf of the dependent child family members.

(2) The parent may choose to designate another person to receive benefits for the dependent child family members. The designated person must be an immediate family member or, if an immediate family member is not available or the family member declines the option, another person may be designated. The designated person must be approved by the department.

Section 4. The commissioner of the department shall promulgate rules to prescribe the design, operation, and standards for the implementation of this act.

Section 5. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.