- 1 HB360
- 2 124198-2
- 3 By Representative Johnson (R)
- 4 RFD: Health
- 5 First Read: 29-MAR-11

124198-2:n:03/21/2011:MCS/11 LRS2010-4156R1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 SYNOPSIS: Existing law does not specially provide 8 minimum and uniform standards and criteria for the 9 10 audit of pharmacy records. This bill would establish minimum and 11 12 uniform standards and criteria for the audit of 13 pharmacy records by or on behalf of certain entities. 14 15 This bill would prescribe the procedures for 16 conducting an audit. 17 This bill would provide for an appeal 18 process. 19 This bill would provide that an entity 20 conducting an audit may not use the accounting 21 practice of extrapolation in calculating 22 recoupments or penalties for audits. 23 24 A BILL 25 TO BE ENTITLED 26 AN ACT 27

1 Relating to audits of pharmacy records; to establish 2 minimum and uniform standards and criteria for the audit of pharmacy records by or on behalf of certain entities; to 3 4 prescribe the procedures for conducting an audit; to provide for an appeal process; and to provide that an entity 5 6 conducting an audit may not use the accounting practice of 7 extrapolation in calculating recoupments or penalties for audits. 8

9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

10Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited11as "The Pharmacy Audit Integrity Act."

Section 2. The following words shall have thefollowing meanings as used in this act:

14 (1) HEALTH BENEFIT PLAN. Any individual or group plan, employee welfare benefit plan, policy, or contract for 15 health care services issued, delivered, issued for delivery, 16 17 or renewed in this state by a health care insurer, health maintenance organization, accident and sickness insurer, 18 fraternal benefit society, nonprofit hospital service 19 20 corporation, nonprofit medical service corporation, health 21 care service plan, or any other person, firm, corporation, 22 joint venture, or other similar business entity that pays for 23 insureds or beneficiaries in this state. The term includes, 24 but is not limited to, entities created pursuant to Article 6, 25 Chapter 4, Title 10, Code of Alabama 1975. A health benefit 26 plan located or domiciled outside of the State of Alabama is 27 deemed to be subject to this act if it receives, processes,

adjudicates, pays, or denies claims for health care services
submitted by or on behalf of patients, insureds, or
beneficiaries who reside in Alabama. Provided, however, the
term shall not include accident-only, specified disease,
hospital indemnity, Medicare supplement, long-term care,
disability income, or other limited benefit health insurance
policies.

8 (2) PHARMACY. A place licensed by the Alabama State 9 Board of Pharmacy in which prescriptions, drugs, medicines, 10 medical devices, chemicals, and poisons are sold, offered for 11 sale, compounded, or dispensed and shall include all places 12 whose title may imply the sale, offering for sale, 13 compounding, or dispensing of prescriptions, drugs, medicines, 14 chemicals, or poisons.

15 (3) PHARMACY BENEFIT MANAGEMENT PLAN. An arrangement 16 for the delivery of pharmacist's services in which a pharmacy 17 benefit manager undertakes to administer the payment or reimbursement of any of the costs of pharmacist's services for 18 an enrollee on a prepaid or insured basis that contains one or 19 20 more incentive arrangements intended to influence the cost or 21 level of pharmacist's services between the plan sponsor and 22 one or more pharmacies with respect to the delivery of 23 pharmacist's services and requires or creates benefit payment differential incentives for enrollees to use under contract 24 25 with the pharmacy benefit manager.

26 (4) PHARMACY BENEFIT MANAGER. A business that
 27 administers the prescription drug or device portion of

1 pharmacy benefit management plans or health insurance plans on 2 behalf of plan sponsors, insurance companies, unions, and health maintenance organizations. The term includes a person 3 4 or entity acting for a pharmacy benefit manager in a contractual or employment relationship in the performance of 5 6 pharmacy benefits management for a managed care company, 7 nonprofit hospital or medical service organization, insurance company, or third-party payor. 8

9 (5) PHARMACIST SERVICES. Offering for sale,
10 compounding, or dispensing of prescriptions, drugs, medical
11 devices, medicines, chemicals, or poisons pursuant to a
12 prescription.

Section 3. The purpose of this act is to establish minimum and uniform standards and criteria for the audit of pharmacy records by or on behalf of certain entities.

Section 4. This act shall apply to any audit of the records of a pharmacy conducted by a managed care company, nonprofit hospital or medical service organization, health benefit plan, third-party payor, pharmacy benefit manager, a health program administered by a department of the state, or any entity that represents those companies, groups, or department.

23 Section 5. (a) The entity conducting an audit shall
24 follow these procedures:

(1) The pharmacy contract shall identify anddescribe in detail the audit procedures.

1 (2) The entity conducting the on-site or desk audit shall give the pharmacy written notice at least two weeks 2 before conducting the desk audit or the initial on-site audit 3 4 for each audit cycle. The notice should include a documented checklist of all items being audited. This document shall 5 6 serve as record for both the pharmacy and the entity 7 conducting the audit. On the day of the on-site audit, the auditor shall initial each item that was successfully audited. 8 The pharmacy shall produce any items not initialed by the 9 10 auditor within 30 days of the on-site audit. The auditor shall provide the pharmacy with a receipt for records or copies of 11 12 records that are taken from an on-site audit.

13 (3) The entity conducting the on-site audit may not 14 interfere with the delivery of pharmacist services to a 15 patient and shall utilize every effort to minimize 16 inconvenience and disruption to pharmacy operations during the 17 audit process.

18 (4) An audit that involves clinical or professional
19 judgment shall be conducted by or in consultation with a
20 pharmacist.

(5) A clerical or record-keeping error, such as a typographical error, scrivener's error, or computer error, regarding a required document or record shall not necessarily constitute fraud; however, those claims may be subject to recoupment. No such claim shall be subject to criminal penalties without proof of intent to commit fraud.

(6) An entity conducting an audit shall not require
 any documentation that is not required by state and federal
 law or Alabama Medicaid.

4 (7) Where not superseded by state or federal law,
5 audit information may not be shared. Auditors shall only have
6 access to previous audit reports on a particular pharmacy
7 conducted by that same entity.

8 (8) Any audit findings shall be disclosed to the9 health benefit plan.

(9) A pharmacy may use the records of a hospital, physician, or other authorized practitioner of the healing arts for drugs or medicinal supplies written or transmitted by any means of communication for purposes of validating the pharmacy record with respect to orders or refills of a legend or narcotic drug.

16 (10) All costs associated with the audit shall be
17 the responsibility of the auditing entity with the exception
18 of Alabama Medicaid.

(11) A finding of an overpayment or an underpayment may be a projection based on the number of patients served having a similar diagnosis or on the number of similar orders or refills for similar drugs, except that recoupment shall be based on the actual overpayment or underpayment of actual claims.

(12) A finding of an overpayment may not include the
 cost of the drugs that were dispensed in accordance with the
 prescriber's orders. A finding of an overpayment may not

include the dispensing fee amount unless a prescription was
 not dispensed.

3 (13) Each pharmacy shall be audited under the same
4 standards and parameters as other similarly situated
5 pharmacies audited by the entity.

(14) Where not superseded by state or federal law, 6 7 the period covered by an audit may not exceed two years from the date the claim was submitted to or adjudicated by a 8 managed care company, nonprofit hospital or medical service 9 10 organization, health benefit plan, third-party payor, pharmacy benefit manager, a health program administered by a department 11 12 of the state, or any entity that represents those companies, 13 groups, or department, and in any event the audit period may 14 not exceed the time a pharmacy is allowed to resubmit a claim 15 pursuant to a contract.

16 (15) An audit may not be initiated or scheduled 17 during the first five calendar days of any month due to the 18 high volume of prescriptions filled in the pharmacy during 19 that time unless otherwise consented to by the pharmacy.

20 (b) The entity shall provide the pharmacy with a 21 written report of the audit and comply with the following 22 requirements:

(1) The preliminary audit report shall be delivered
to the pharmacy within 120 days after the conclusion of the
audit, with a reasonable extension to be granted upon request.

(2) A pharmacy shall be allowed at least 30 days
 following receipt of the preliminary audit report in which to

produce documentation to address any discrepancy found during the audit, with a reasonable extension to be granted upon request.

4 (3) A final audit report shall be delivered to the
5 pharmacy within 180 days after receipt of the preliminary
6 audit report or final appeal, as provided for in Section 6,
7 whichever is later.

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(4) The audit report shall be signed by the auditor.

(5) Recoupments of any disputed funds, or repayment 9 10 of funds to the entity by the pharmacy if permitted pursuant to contractual agreement, shall occur after final internal 11 disposition of the audit, including the appeals process as set 12 13 forth in Section 6. If the identified discrepancy for an 14 individual audit exceeds twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000), future payments in excess of that amount to the 15 pharmacy may be withheld pending finalization of the audit. 16

17 (6) Interest shall not accrue during the audit18 period.

19 (7) Each entity conducting an audit shall provide a
20 copy of the final audit report, after completion of any review
21 process, to the plan sponsor.

22 Section 6. (a) Each entity conducting an audit shall 23 establish a written appeals process under which a pharmacy may 24 appeal an unfavorable preliminary audit report to the entity.

(b) If, following the appeal, the entity finds thatan unfavorable audit report or any portion thereof is

unsubstantiated, the entity shall dismiss the audit report or
 that portion without the necessity of any further action.

3 (c) If, following the appeal, any of the issues
4 raised in the appeal are not resolved to the satisfaction of
5 either party, that party may ask for mediation of those
6 unresolved issues. A certified mediator shall be chosen by
7 agreement of the parties from the mediators list maintained by
8 the Alabama Supreme Court.

Section 7. Notwithstanding any other provision in 9 10 this act, the entity conducting the audit may not use the accounting practice of extrapolation in calculating 11 12 recoupments or penalties for audits. An extrapolation audit 13 means an audit of a sample of prescription drug benefit claims 14 submitted by a pharmacy to the entity conducting the audit 15 that is then used to estimate audit results for a larger batch or group of claims not reviewed by the auditor. 16

Section 8. This act does not apply to any audit, review, or investigation that involves alleged fraud, willful misrepresentation, or abuse.

20 Section 9. This act shall become effective on the 21 first day of the third month following its passage and 22 approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.