- 1 HB32
- 2 113813-1
- 3 By Representative Shiver
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 12-JAN-10
- 6 PFD: 09/23/2009

1	113813-1:n:07/16/2009:JMH/tan LRS2009-3435	
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8	SYNOPSIS:	Under existing law, a grandparent may
9		petition a court for visitation under certain
10		circumstances if visitation is in the best interest
11		of the child. Under existing law, the authority of
12		a court to award visitation to the grandparent is
13		limited where the parent related to the grandparent
14		has either given up legal custody voluntarily or by
15		court order or where the parent has abandoned the
16		child financially unless the grandparent has
17		previously established a relationship with the
18		child. A court may order a grandparent visitation
19		if the court determines that visitation is in the
20		best interests of the child.
21		This bill would authorize the grandparent of
22		a child to petition for visitation even if the
23		parent related to the grandparent has given up
24		legal custody, either voluntarily or by court
25		order, or has financially abandoned the child.
26		This bill would create a rebuttable

presumption that the parent or parents with whom

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1 the child is living know what is in the best interest of the child. This bill would authorize 2 the court to consider, in determining what is in 3 4 the best interest of the child, the fact that a parent who is related to a grandparent petitioning 5 6 for visitation has either given up legal custody 7 voluntarily or by court order or has abandoned the 8 child financially.

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10 A BILL

11 TO BE ENTITLED

12 AN ACT

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To amend Section 30-3-4.1, Code of Alabama 1975; to provide further for circumstances in which a grandparent may petition for and in which a court may award to the grandparent visitation of a minor child; to create a rebuttable presumption that the parent or parents with whom a child is living know what is in the best interest of the child.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

21 Section 1. Section 30-3-4.1, Code of Alabama 1975,

is amended to read as follows:

"\$30-3-4.1.

"(a) For the purposes of this section, the term

"grandparent" means the parent of a parent of a minor child,

the parent of a minor child's parent who has died, or the

parent of a minor child's parent whose parental rights have

been terminated when the child has been adopted pursuant to

Section 26-10A-27, 26-10A-28, or 26-10A-30, dealing with

stepparent and relative adoption.

- "(b) Except as otherwise provided in this section, any a grandparent may file an original action for visitation rights to a minor child if it is in the best interest of the minor child and one of the following conditions exist:
- "(1) When one One or both parents of the child are deceased.
 - "(2) When the The marriage of the parents of the child has been dissolved.
- "(3) When a \underline{A} parent of the child has abandoned the minor.
 - "(4) When the The child was born out of wedlock.
 - "(5) When the The child is living with one or both biological parents, who are still married to each other, whether or not there is a broken relationship between either or both parents of the minor and the grandparent and either or both parents have used their parental authority to prohibit a relationship between the child and the grandparent.
 - "(6) A parent of the child has either given up legal custody voluntarily or by court order or has financially abandoned the child.
 - "(c) Any grandparent may intervene in and seek to obtain visitation rights in any action when any court in this state has before it any question concerning the custody of a minor child, a divorce proceeding of the parents or a parent

of the minor child, or a termination of the parental rights
proceeding of either parent of the minor child, provided the
termination of parental rights is for the purpose of adoption
pursuant to Sections 26-10A-27, 26-10A-28, or 26-10A-30,
dealing with stepparent or relative adoption.

- "(d) Upon the filing of an original action or upon intervention in an existing proceeding pursuant to subsections (b) and (c), the court shall determine if visitation by the grandparent is in the best interests of the child. Visitation shall not be granted if the visitation would endanger the physical health of the child or impair the emotional development of the child. If the child is living with one or both biological parents, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that the parent or parents with whom the child is living know what is in the best interest of the child. In determining the best interests of the child, the court shall consider the following:
- "(1) The willingness of the grandparent or grandparents to encourage a close relationship between the child and the parent or parents.
- "(2) The preference of the child, if the child is determined to be of sufficient maturity to express a preference.
 - "(3) The mental and physical health of the child.
- "(4) The mental and physical health of the grandparent or grandparents.

"(5) Evidence of domestic violence inflicted by one
parent upon the other parent or the child. If the court
determines that evidence of domestic violence exists,
visitation provisions shall be made in a manner protecting the
child or children, parents, or grandparents from further
abuse.

"(6) If a parent has relinquished custody either voluntary or by court order or if a parent has abandoned a child financially, whether the grandparent has an established relationship with the child.

"(6) (7) Other relevant factors in the particular circumstances, including the <u>The</u> wishes of any parent who is living.

"(8) Other relevant factors in the particular circumstances.

"(e) The court shall make specific written findings of fact in support of its rulings. An original action requesting visitation rights shall not be filed by any grandparent more than once during any two-year period and shall not be filed during any year in which another custody action has been filed concerning the child. After visitation rights have been granted to any grandparent, the legal custodian, guardian, or parent of the child may petition the court for revocation or amendment of the visitation rights, for good cause shown, which the court, in its discretion, may grant or deny. Unless evidence of abuse is alleged or other

exceptional circumstances, a petition shall not be filed more than once in any two-year period.

"(f) If the court finds that the grandparent or grandparents can bear the cost without unreasonable financial hardship, the court, at the sole expense of the petitioning grandparent or grandparents, may appoint a guardian ad litem for the minor child.

"(g) Notwithstanding the foregoing, a grandparent may not be granted visitation with a grandchild where the parent related to the grandparent has either given up legal custody voluntarily or by court order or has abandoned the child financially unless the grandparent has an established relationship with the child and the court finds that visitation with the grandparent is in the best interests of the child."

Section 2. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.