- 1 HB24
- 2 208571-3
- 3 By Representatives Brown (K) and Pettus
- 4 RFD: Public Safety and Homeland Security
- 5 First Read: 11-JAN-22

1	208571-3:r	:04/08/2021:CMH/bm LSA2020-2258R1
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8	SYNOPSIS:	Under existing law, a person is prohibited
9		from using a wireless telecommunications device to
10		write, send, or read a text-based communication
11		while operating a motor vehicle, with exceptions.
12		This bill would prohibit a person from
13		watching, viewing, recording, or capturing a
14		photograph or video while operating a motor
15		vehicle; would prohibit a person from physically
16		holding a wireless telecommunications device while
17		operating a motor vehicle; and would prohibit a
18		person from engaging in a voice-based communication
19		while operating a motor vehicle, with exceptions to
20		the prohibitions.
21		This bill would also further for the
22		criminal penalties associated with a violation.
23		Under existing law, a conviction for using a
24		wireless telecommunications device to write, send,
25		or read a text-based communication is a two-point

violation on the individual's driving record.

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This bill would provide that on a third or subsequent conviction the individual would receive a three-point violation on the individual's driving record.

Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general law whose purpose or effect would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds from becoming effective with regard to a local governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote unless: it comes within one of a number of specified exceptions; it is approved by the affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to the entity for the purpose.

The purpose or effect of this bill would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of the amendment. However, the bill does not require approval of a local governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to become effective because it comes within one of the specified exceptions contained in the amendment.

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A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

1	AN ACT
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3	Relating to motor vehicles; to amend and renumber
4	Sections 32-5A-351 and 32-5A-352, Code of Alabama 1975, and to
5	add Sections 32-5A-353 to 32-5A-358, inclusive, to the Code of
6	Alabama 1975, to provide prohibitions on the use of a wireless
7	telecommunications device while operating a motor vehicle,
8	with exceptions; to further provide criminal penalties; to
9	repeal Section 32-5A-350, Code of Alabama 1975; and in
10	connection therewith would have as its purpose or effect the
11	requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds
12	within the meaning of Amendment 621 of the Constitution of
13	Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the
14	Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901,
15	as amended.
16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
17	Section 1. Sections 32-5A-353 to 32-5A-358,
18	inclusive, are added to Article 16 of Chapter 5A of Title 32,
19	Code of Alabama 1975, to read as follows:
20	§32-5A-353.
21	This article shall be known and may be cited as CiCi
22	and Jay's Law.
23	S32-5A-354.

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As used in this article, the following words shall have the following meanings:

(1) TEXT-BASED COMMUNICATION. The term includes, but is not limited to, a text message, instant message, e-mail, or

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- (2) UTILITY SERVICES. Electric, natural gas, water, wastewater, cable, telephone, or telecommunications services or the repair, location, relocation, improvement, or maintenance of utility poles, transmission structures, pipes, wires, fibers, cables, easements, rights-of-way, or associated infrastructures.
 - (3) WIRELESS TELECOMMUNICATIONS DEVICE. A cellular telephone, text-messaging device, personal digital assistant, standalone computer, or any other wireless device that is used to initiate or receive a wireless communication with another person. The term does not include a radio, citizens band radio, citizens band radio hybrid, commercial two-way radio communication device or its functional equivalent, subscription-based emergency communication device, prescribed medical device, amateur or ham radio device, or in-vehicle security, navigation, or remote diagnostic system.

\$32-5A-355.

Except as provided in Section 32-5A-356, a person may not operate a motor vehicle on a public road, street, or highway while doing any of the following:

- (1) Using a wireless telecommunications device to write, send, read, or otherwise engage in a text-based communication.
- (2) Watching, recording, or capturing a photograph or video.

- 1 (3) Using a handheld wireless telecommunications 2 device to engage in a voice-based communication.
- 3 (4) Physically holding or otherwise supporting with 4 any part of his or her body a wireless telecommunications 5 device.

6 §32-5A-356.

The following uses of a wireless telecommunications device are not subject to the restrictions of this article:

- (1) The use of a wireless telecommunications device to obtain emergency services, including, but not limited to, an emergency call to a law enforcement agency, health care provider, fire department, or other emergency services agency or entity.
- (2) The use of a wireless telecommunications device while the motor vehicle is parked on the shoulder of the highway, road, or street.
- (3) The use of a wireless telecommunications device as a global positioning or navigation system to receive driving directions; provided, however, the manual input of navigation coordinates while operating a motor vehicle is a violation of this article.
- (4) The use of an earpiece, a headphone device, steering wheel controls, speaker phone or any voice-activated technology, or other device worn on the person or mounted onto the dashboard, center console, windshield, or other part of the vehicle to conduct substantially hands-free voice-based wireless communications.

1 (5) The use of a continuous recording device that
2 operates within or outside the vehicle, including, but not
3 limited to, a dash camera or backup camera.

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- (6) The use of a wireless telecommunications device by an employee or contractor of a utility services provider within the scope of his or her employment while responding to a utility emergency or performing other critical utility services.
- (7) The use of a wireless telecommunications device by a law enforcement officer, emergency medical services personnel, ambulance operator, firefighter, volunteer firefighter, or other similarly employed public safety first responder during the performance of his or her official duties.
- (8) The use of an ignition interlock device, as defined in Section 32-5A-191.4.
- (9) For an individual 18 years of age or older, the use of a wireless telecommunications device in a manner that requires the physical use of the individual's hand while operating a motor vehicle if both of the following occur:
- a. The device is mounted to the vehicle, including the windshield, dashboard, or center console of the vehicle, and the device does not create an unsafe obstruction of the person's view of the road.
- b. The individual's hand is used to activate or deactivate a feature or function of the device with the motion of one swipe or tap of the individual's finger, and the swipe

- or tap does not activate the camera, video, or gaming features or functions for viewing, recording, amusement, or other non-navigational functions, other than functions or features related to the transportation of persons or property for compensation or payment of a fee.
 - (10) The use of a wireless telecommunications device by a licensed physician while responding to an emergency medical situation.
 - (11) The use of a wireless telecommunications device while the vehicle is not in motion.
- 11 §32-5A-357.

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- (a) A law enforcement officer enforcing this article may treat a violation of the article as the primary or sole reason for issuing a citation to the operator of a motor vehicle.
 - (b) A law enforcement officer enforcing this article may not search a motor vehicle or the operator or passenger of the motor vehicle solely because of a violation of this article.
- (c) A law enforcement officer may not use a violation of this article to establish probable cause for any other violation.
- 23 \$32-5A-358.
- (a) A person who violates Section 32-5A-355 is
 guilty of a traffic infraction and is subject to the following
 fines:

1	(1) For a first violation, a fine of one hundred
2	dollars (\$100).
3	(2) For a second violation, a fine of two hundred
4	dollars (\$200).
5	(3) For a third or subsequent violation, a fine of
6	three hundred dollars (\$300).
7	(b) No court costs may be imposed solely in
8	connection with the prosecution of a violation of this
9	article.
10	Section 2. Sections 32-5A-351 and 32-5A-352, Code of
11	Alabama 1975, are amended and renumbered to read as follows:
12	" §32-5A-351. <u>§32-5A-359.</u>
13	"(a) A first or second conviction of this article
14	$\underline{\text{Section } 325A355}$ shall be entered on the driving record of
15	any the individual charged under this article as a two-point
16	violation.
17	"(b) A third or subsequent conviction of Section
18	32-5A-355 shall be entered on the driving record of the
19	individual charged as a three-point violation.
20	" §32-5A-352. <u>§32-5A-360.</u>
21	"(a) In any case brought by a law enforcement
22	officer employed by the Department of Public Safety <u>Alabama</u>
23	State Law Enforcement Agency, all fines shall be allocated to
24	the State General Fund.
25	"(b) Each state, county, and municipal law
26	enforcement agency shall maintain statistical information on
27	all traffic stops made pursuant to this article, including

traffic stops made on minority groups, and shall report that information on a monthly basis to the Department of Public

Safety Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency."

Section 3. Section 32-5A-350, Code of Alabama 1975, is repealed; provided, a violation or offense committed prior to the repeal of this section pursuant to this act is not affected by the repeal of that section, and any prosecution or proceeding for any violation of that section pending on the effective date of this act shall proceed as if the section was not repealed.

Section 4. Although this bill would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further requirements and application under Amendment 621, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an existing crime.

Section 5. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.