- 1 HB159
- 2 174033-1
- 3 By Representative Todd
- 4 RFD: Ways and Means General Fund
- 5 First Read: 09-FEB-17

174033-1:n:02/17/2016:LLR/mfc LRS2016-620 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 SYNOPSIS: Under existing law, a fee is required to 9 record certain mortgages, deeds of trust, contracts 10 of conditional sale, or other instruments of like character given to secure the payment of any debt 11 12 which conveys any real or personal property. 13 This bill would increase the fee for 14 recording of certain mortgages, deeds of trust, 15 contracts of conditional sale, or other instruments 16 of like character given to secure the payment of 17 any debt which conveys any real or personal 18 property. This bill also would provide for the 19 20 distribution of the additional proceeds from the 21 increased fees to the Alabama Housing Trust Fund 22 and the Alabama Homebuyer's Initiative. 23 24 A BILL 25 TO BE ENTITLED 26 AN ACT 27

To amend Section 40-22-2, Code of Alabama 1975; to 1 2 increase the fee for recording of certain mortgages, deeds of 3 trust, contracts of conditional sale, or other instruments of like character which is given to secure the payment of any 4 5 debt which conveys any real or personal property; and to provide for the distribution of the additional proceeds from 6 7 the increase in the fee to the Alabama Housing Trust Fund and the Alabama Homebuyer's Initiative. 8

9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. Section 40-22-2, Code of Alabama 1975, is amended to read as follows:

12

"§40-22-2.

13 "No mortgage, deed of trust, contract of conditional sale, or other instrument of like character which is given to 14 15 secure the payment of any debt which conveys any real or 16 personal property situated within this state or any interest 17 therein or any security agreement or financing statement 18 provided for by the Uniform Commercial Code, except a security 19 agreement or a financing statement relating solely to security 20 interests in accounts, contract rights, or general intangibles, as such terms are defined in the Uniform 21 22 Commercial Code, and except for the re-recordation of 23 corrected mortgages, deeds, or instruments executed for the 24 purpose of perfecting the title to real or personal property, 25 specifically, but not limited to, corrections of maturity 26 dates thereof, shall be received for record or for filing in 27 the office of any probate judge of this state unless the

1 following privilege or license taxes shall have been paid upon
2 such instrument before the same shall be received for record
3 or for filing:

"(1)a. Upon all such instruments which are executed 4 to secure or to evidence the securing of an initial 5 indebtedness which shall not exceed \$100, there shall be paid 6 7 the sum of $\frac{15}{5.15}$ \$.30, and upon all instruments which shall be executed to secure or to evidence the securing of an initial 8 indebtedness of more than \$100, there shall be paid the sum of 9 10 \$.15 \$.30 for each \$100 of such initial indebtedness or fraction thereof. 11

12 "b. Upon all such instruments which are executed to 13 secure or to evidence the securing of an open end or revolving 14 indebtedness with any interest in property, at the option of 15 the person offering the instrument for record or for filing, (i) there shall be paid the sum of $\frac{5.15}{5.30}$ for each \$100 of 16 17 such initial indebtedness or fraction thereof and the 18 procedures set forth in paragraphs a, b, and c of subdivision 19 (2) of this section shall be applicable; or, in lieu thereof, 20 (ii) there shall be paid the sum of $\frac{15}{100}$ \$.30 for each \$100 of 21 maximum principal indebtedness, or fraction thereof, to be 22 secured by such instrument at any one time as stated in the 23 instrument or any amendment thereto. In any event, the 24 privilege or license tax to be paid upon such instruments 25 securing or evidencing the securing of open end or revolving 26 indebtedness with any interest in property shall not exceed 27 the amount of $\frac{5.15}{5.30}$ for each $\frac{100}{5.100}$ of maximum principal

indebtedness, or fraction thereof, to be secured by such instrument at any one time as stated in the instrument or any amendment thereto, irrespective of the cumulative amount advanced from time to time thereunder.

5 "(2)a. If subdivision (1)b.(i) applies and any part of the indebtedness which the mortgagor or debtor in any 6 7 instrument conveying any real property situated within this state, or any interest therein, other than fixtures under the 8 Uniform Commercial Code, is authorized to incur under the 9 10 terms of the instrument has not been or will not be presently 11 incurred at the time such instrument is offered for record, 12 the tax shall be paid on the amount of indebtedness presently 13 incurred, and the Department of Revenue, upon the petition of the owner of any such instrument or upon the petition of the 14 15 agent or attorney of such owner, shall ascertain to its own 16 satisfaction the amount then taxable and the amount to be 17 incurred thereafter and determine the amount upon which the 18 tax shall be paid at the time such instrument is offered and 19 shall endorse its findings on such instrument. Upon the 20 presentation of such instrument with such endorsement thereon, 21 the probate judge of any county in which the instrument is 22 offered, upon the payment of the tax upon the amount so ascertained by the Department of Revenue and the recording 23 24 fees of the probate judge, shall accept the same for record. 25 The Department of Revenue shall also require the owner of such 26 instrument to execute a bond in an amount sufficient to secure 27 to the state the privilege tax to become due and payable under

this section upon the amount of the indebtedness to be 1 2 incurred thereafter, such bond to be approved by the Department of Revenue and payable to the State of Alabama and 3 4 conditioned that the owner of such instrument will promptly report to said the Department of Revenue and to the probate 5 judge of the county where said the instrument is first filed 6 7 for record, whenever such owner or his successor in interest incurs any additional indebtedness thereunder, and the amount 8 so incurred; and that the said owner of such instrument will 9 10 pay or cause to be paid to the probate judge of the county in 11 which said the instrument is first filed the privilege or 12 license tax required under this section upon the accrual of any additional indebtedness, and the said owner of such 13 instrument will report to the said probate judge and the 14 15 Department of Revenue during the month of September of each 16 year the amount of all indebtedness and all bonds, debentures, 17 notes_ or other forms of indebtedness incurred or certified 18 and delivered under said the instrument to such date, and the 19 amount so certified and delivered during the preceding 12 20 months, and the aggregate of all such evidence of indebtedness 21 certified and delivered under such instrument prior to such 22 year. The bond executed to secure payment of the tax herein 23 required shall cover a term of five years; and, after the 24 expiration of said the term of five years, the owner of the 25 instrument offered for record shall execute such further bond 26 as may be required by the Department of Revenue covering the 27 succeeding term of five years, and thereafter every term of

five years, in the same manner so long as any of the indebtedness authorized to be incurred by such instrument has not been incurred with like condition and in such sum as the said department may prescribe.

5 "b. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph a. of this subdivision, any bank, savings and loan association, 6 7 insurance company, or other financial institution organized and established under the laws of the State of Alabama or the 8 United States which is the owner of such instrument, in lieu 9 10 of the foregoing procedures, may certify the amount of 11 indebtedness presently incurred, and the probate judge of any 12 county in which the instrument is offered, upon payment of the 13 tax upon the amount so certified and the recording fees of the probate judge, shall accept the instrument for record. During 14 15 the month of September of each year, any such bank, savings and loan association, insurance company, or other financial 16 17 institution which has recorded such instruments as described 18 hereinabove shall report to the appropriate probate judge the amount of additional indebtedness incurred under the 19 20 instrument and pay any tax required upon the additional indebtedness. 21

"c. Each probate judge will forward to the State Banking Department by the end of October a statement showing the amounts certified to him or her by each forenamed organization. The State Banking Department will then have the authority to make unannounced audits on any organization electing to use this system of reporting indebtedness. Any

organization which is found to have willfully certified less 1 2 than the true amount it should have certified shall be required to pay a fine equal to three times the amount of tax 3 due on the amount of indebtedness not certified to the probate 4 5 judge. This fine shall be paid into the General Fund of Alabama. In addition, any organization so fined must pay an 6 7 auditing fee in accordance with established Banking Department 8 audit fees into the funds of the State Banking Department.

"(3) When any deed is filed for record which recites 9 10 that part of the purchase money is unpaid, such deed to the 11 extent of such unpaid balance shall be held and treated as a 12 mortgage, and the mortgage tax shall be collected by the 13 probate judge in addition to the tax for recording the instrument as a deed before recording the same, unless the 14 balance of purchase money shall be secured by mortgage or deed 15 16 of trust which has already been filed for record, and the tax 17 thereon paid, and the fact of such prior payment shall be 18 endorsed on the deed. When any such deed is recorded and the 19 tax thereon is paid, and thereafter a mortgage securing the 20 debt is filed for record, the same shall be admitted to record 21 without the payment of the mortgage tax and the fact of such 22 prior payment shall be endorsed on the deed.

"(4) The privilege taxes herein imposed shall not be
required on or for the filing of any such instrument,
providing additional or substitute security for any
indebtedness secured by, or the securing of which is evidenced
by, an instrument previously filed, upon the filing of which

the taxes provided by law have been paid or which was filed at a time when no such privilege taxes were required by law; provided, that the secured indebtedness remains unchanged in amount and in time of maturity.

5 "(5) Upon the filing for record of such instrument and upon the payment of the tax thereon, the probate judge or 6 7 his or her clerk shall certify on the instrument the fact that the said tax has been paid, and when so certified by the 8 probate judge or his or her clerk, such instrument shall be 9 10 admitted to record in any county wherein any of the property 11 mentioned in the instrument is situated without the payment of 12 any further tax thereon, except the fee to the probate judge for recording such instrument, and such certificate of the 13 probate judge shall be recorded by such probate judge when 14 15 such instrument is recorded. Upon the filing for record of any 16 instrument which has been exempted by law from the payment of 17 the tax provided for in this section, the probate judge shall 18 certify thereon that no tax has been paid and shall stamp in 19 bold letters on the face of said the instrument "No Tax 20 Collected," and the certificate shall be recorded with and as 21 a part of such instrument, and thereafter such instrument 22 shall be received for record in any county in this state 23 without the payment of any further tax thereon, when submitted by a tax-exempt institution, but if submitted by or 24 25 transferred to an institution or person not exempt from the 26 payment of the tax levied under this section, the probate 27 judge shall collect the tax levied by this section upon the

then unpaid balance of the secured debt together with the fee of the probate judge for recording such instrument before it will be admitted to record. The tax herein provided for shall be paid upon all contracts for the sale of real or personal property, whether the same are in the nature of a conditional sale or a bond for title, and no such contract shall be received for record until such tax shall have been paid.

"(6) When the time for the payment of the 8 indebtedness secured by, or the securing of which is evidenced 9 10 by, any such instrument is extended or renewed, and the extension or renewal contract is offered for filing or for 11 12 record, the tax required in this section shall be paid on the amount of indebtedness so extended or renewed; and the same 13 shall be governed in all respects by the provisions of this 14 15 article. No state, county, or municipal ad valorem tax shall be payable on any such instrument upon which the tax 16 17 prescribed by this section shall have been paid, on the debt 18 secured or evidenced thereby or on the security agreement 19 evidenced thereby.

20 "(7) Of the taxes collected by the probate judge under this section there shall be paid to the county treasurer 21 22 of the county in which such taxes are collected one-third of 23 the amount collected, to be accounted for by the judge of 24 probate, and the remaining two-thirds of the amount collected 25 to the State Treasury. The probate judge shall receive five 26 percent of the amount collected as compensation for services 27 in collecting the money and certifying the instrument, the

1	five percent to be retained by the judge of probate out of the
2	money collected under this section; but when the property
3	described in the instrument is situated within different
4	counties within this state, then the probate judge who
5	collects the taxes shall pay over to the county treasurer of
6	each of the different counties in which the property is
7	situated an amount of the taxes that would be in proportion to
8	the value of the property therein as compared to the whole
9	property within this state described in the instrument.
10	Revenues from the Mortgage Record Tax shall be divided, as
11	follows:
12	"a. Three percent shall be allocated to the judge of
13	probate of the county who collects the tax as compensation for
14	services in collecting the money and certifying the
15	instrument.
16	"b. Thirty-five percent shall be allocated to the
17	State Treasury.
18	"c. Twenty-three percent shall be allocated to the
19	<u>Alabama Housing Trust Fund.</u>
20	"d. Twenty-three percent shall be allocated to the
21	<u>Alabama Homebuyer's Initiative.</u>
22	"e. Sixteen percent shall be allocated to the county
23	treasurer of the county in which such taxes are collected, to
24	be accounted for by the judge of probate. If the property
25	described in the instrument is situated within different
26	counties within this state, then the judge of probate who
27	collects the taxes shall pay over to the county treasurer of

<u>each of the different counties in which the property is</u>
 <u>situated an amount of the taxes that would be in proportion to</u>
 <u>the value of the property therein as compared to the whole</u>
 <u>property within this state described in the instrument.</u>

5 "(8) If any part of the property embraced or described in any instrument which is required under this 6 7 section to pay a record privilege tax is located without this state, the indebtedness upon which the tax shall be paid for 8 the privilege of recording such instrument shall be that 9 10 proportion of the indebtedness secured by the instrument which 11 the value of the property located in this state bears to the 12 whole property described in the instrument. The Department of 13 Revenue may ascertain the value of the whole property and of that part of it which is located within this state for the 14 15 purpose of ascertaining the amount of the indebtedness upon 16 which the tax shall be paid, and the value of that part of the 17 property located within this state and the amount of the 18 indebtedness upon which such tax shall be paid shall be 19 ascertained in the following manner: First, the owner of any 20 such instrument or his or her agent or attorney may petition the Department of Revenue to ascertain the value of the whole 21 22 property and of that part of which is located within this 23 state and the amount of the indebtedness upon which such tax 24 shall be paid, and the Department of Revenue, after hearing 25 such evidence as may be offered or as may be before it, shall 26 fix and determine the value of that part of the property 27 located within this state and the amount of the indebtedness

upon which the tax shall be paid and shall endorse its 1 2 findings on such instrument, and upon the presentation of the instrument, with such endorsements to the probate judge of the 3 4 county in which any part of the property is located, such 5 instrument shall be accepted for record upon the payment of the tax upon the amount of such indebtedness as so ascertained 6 7 by the Department of Revenue and of the recording fees of the probate judge; or, second, the owner of any such instrument or 8 his or her agent or attorney may have such instrument recorded 9 10 by paying to the probate judge of the county in which the 11 instrument is offered for record the privilege tax on the 12 entire amount of the indebtedness secured by such instrument, 13 and may thereupon present a petition to the Department of Revenue within 30 days after such instrument is recorded, and 14 15 it shall be the duty of the Department of Revenue to ascertain 16 the value of the whole property and of that part of it located 17 within this state, and to fix and determine the amount of the 18 indebtedness upon which the tax shall be paid, and the 19 department shall thereupon ascertain such valuation and fix 20 and determine such indebtedness and shall order the probate 21 judge to refund the excess of privilege tax collected , and 22 the probate judge shall comply with such order; and the tax 23 paid upon the entire amount of such indebtedness shall be held 24 by the probate judge until the Department of Revenue 25 determines the amount of the indebtedness upon which such tax 26 shall be paid.

"(9) Any probate judge who shall file for record or 1 2 shall receive any such instrument for record or for filing, 3 without collecting the recording or registration tax provided for the filing, recording, or registration of such instrument, 4 5 or who shall fail to certify the fact that such tax has been paid before filing such instrument shall be quilty of a 6 misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be fined not less than 7 8 \$10 nor more than \$1,000.

9 "(10) Every petition filed with the Department of 10 Revenue to ascertain the amount of the mortgage tax due to be 11 paid under this section shall, when the property conveyed in 12 the instrument offered for record is located in more than one 13 county of the state, show the value of the property conveyed 14 in each county in which the instrument is to be recorded.

"(11) Any probate judge who fails to keep the abstract of mortgages or other instruments intended to secure the payment of moneys which are filed in his or her office for filing or for record, as he or she is required by law to keep, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be fined not less than \$10 nor more than \$500."

21 Section 2. This act shall become effective on the 22 first day of the third month following its passage and 23 approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.