(LIMITED RUN SHOWING ALL ADDITIONAL SPONSORSHIPS)

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 14

IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

TWENTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

BY SENATORS EGAN, Davis, Stevens, French, Olson, Wielechowski, Meyer, McGuire, Menard, Ellis, Kookesh

REPRESENTATIVES Petersen, Muñoz, Kawasaki, Gruenberg, Lynn, Johnson, Peggy Wilson, Holmes, Ramras, Kerttula, Millett, Dahlstrom, Tuck, Austerman, Stoltze, Edgmon

Introduced: 2/24/10 Referred: State Affairs

A RESOLUTION

1 Recognizing October 2010 as Filipino American History Month.

2 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

- WHEREAS the earliest documented Filipino presence in Alaska was at Cook Inlet on
 June 17, 1788, when a ship from the Philippines arrived with a Filipino crew member; and
- 5 WHEREAS records of whaling ship crews available at the New Bedford Whaling 6 Museum in New Bedford, Massachusetts, positively identify whaling crew members in 7 Alaska as Filipinos; and
- 8 WHEREAS, during the early 1900s, Filipino cannery workers, calling themselves
 9 "Alaskeros," began to live permanently in Alaska; and

WHEREAS Filipinos worked primarily as ore sorters for the various gold mines in
 Southeast Alaska, including the Alaska Juneau Gold Mining Company, the Treadwell Mine
 and Mills, and the Ready Bullion Mine and Mill; and

- WHEREAS Filipinos in Alaska were notified by the Selective Service to register for
 the draft to serve the United States during World War I and 50 Filipinos were drafted; and
- WHEREAS Filipino American servicemen and service women have a longstanding
 history of serving in the armed forces of the United States in World War II, when Filipinos

1 fought against the Japanese invasion; and

- WHEREAS, by 1940, there were 403 Filipinos in Alaska, by official count, and
 Filipino organizations had been founded in Ketchikan, Juneau, and Anchorage; and
- WHEREAS Filipinos in Alaska have made significant contributions to the growth of
 the state's economy; and
- 6 WHEREAS the Filipino American community in Alaska, numbering approximately
 7 18,000, is the largest Asian-American group in the state; and

8 WHEREAS Filipino Americans have contributed greatly to the fine arts, music, 9 dance, literature, education, business, journalism, sports, fashion, politics, government, 10 science, technology, and other fields in the United States that enrich the landscape of the 11 country; and

WHEREAS efforts should continue to promote the study of Filipino American history and culture, as mandated in the mission statement of the Filipino American National Historical Society, because the roles of Filipino Americans and other people of color have been overlooked in the writing, teaching, and learning of American history; and

WHEREAS it is imperative for Filipino American youth to have positive role models to instill in them the importance of education, complemented with the richness of their ethnicity and the value of their legacy; and

WHEREAS, in 1982, the Filipino American National Historical Society was
organized in Seattle, Washington, by Fred and Dorothy Cordova; and

WHEREAS Filipino American History Month is celebrated during the month of
October in the United States;

BE IT RESOLVED that the Alaska State Legislature recognizes the celebration of Filipino American History Month in October, 2010, as a time to study the advancement of Filipino Americans, as a time of reflection and remembrance, and as a time to renew efforts to research and examine Filipino American history and culture in order to provide an opportunity for all people in Alaska to appreciate and learn more about Filipino Americans and their historic contribution to the nation and to the state; and be it

FURTHER RESOLVED that the Alaska State Legislature urges the people of Alaska
 to observe Filipino American History Month in October, 2010, with appropriate programs and
 activities.