SENATE CS FOR CS FOR HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 14(HSS)

IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

TWENTY-EIGHTH LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION

BY THE SENATE HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES COMMITTEE

Offered: 4/13/13

Referred: Today's Calendar

Sponsor(s): REPRESENTATIVES STOLTZE, Gattis, Tammie Wilson, Johnson, Peggy Wilson, Isaacson,

Keller, Reinbold, Lynn, Pruitt, LeDoux, Hughes, Millett

A RESOLUTION

- 1 Requesting the United States Congress, the Governor, and the state's congressional
- 2 delegation to take actions necessary to delay implementation of the Patient Protection
- 3 and Affordable Care Act.

4 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

- 5 **WHEREAS**, on March 23, 2010, the United States Congress passed H.R. 3590, the
- 6 Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (P.L. 111-148), a monumental expansion of
- 7 government in the United States; and
- 8 WHEREAS the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act provides for
- 9 implementation over a period of years; and
- WHEREAS implementing the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act will lead to
- a massive takeover of the health care industry, increase health care costs, result in higher
- 12 taxes, destroy jobs, reduce the quality of health care, decrease the number of individuals
- buying private insurance, and impair the ability of businesses to grow, compete, and create
- jobs in the state; and
- WHEREAS the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act could cause 10.000,000

| 1 | Americans who currently receive health insurance through their employers to lose this | | | | | |
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| 2 | coverage; and | | | | | |
| 3 | WHEREAS, if the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act is implemented, health | | | | | |
| 4 | insurance premiums for those currently receiving health insurance through their employers | | | | | |
| 5 | will increase by 10 to 13 percent; and | | | | | |
| 6 | WHEREAS Alaska's two largest health insurance providers, Premera Blue Cross | | | | | |
| 7 | Blue Shield of Alaska and Aetna Life Insurance Company, both plan to increase premium | | | | | |
| 8 | between 30 and 80 percent for individual policies if the Patient Protection and Affordable | | | | | |
| 9 | Care Act is implemented; and | | | | | |
| 10 | WHEREAS the total estimated cost of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act | | | | | |
| 11 | is estimated to be at least \$2,600,000,000,000, nearly three times greater than the estimated | | | | | |
| 12 | cost originally stated by President Obama in 2009; and | | | | | |
| 13 | WHEREAS it is projected that the Act will lead to the loss of 800,000 jobs in the | | | | | |
| 14 | United States by the end of the decade; and | | | | | |
| 15 | WHEREAS, under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, health insurance | | | | | |
| 16 | will cost individuals an average of \$2,500 a year more than the cost of insurance under the | | | | | |
| 17 | current system of traditional health insurance; and | | | | | |
| 18 | WHEREAS the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act will increase the overall | | | | | |
| 19 | cost of health care for families and employers; and | | | | | |
| 20 | WHEREAS, since its enactment, the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act has | | | | | |
| 21 | cost American employers and employees, including employers and employees in Alaska, | | | | | |
| 22 | billions of dollars in higher health insurance premiums; and | | | | | |
| 23 | WHEREAS the new investment tax for employee-provided health insurance under | | | | | |
| 24 | the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, at the proposed rate of 2.9 percent, would | | | | | |
| 25 | lower household disposable income by \$17,300,000,000 a year; and | | | | | |
| 26 | WHEREAS new taxes imposed by the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act | | | | | |
| 27 | have eliminated jobs since the bill was passed and will continue to eliminate jobs in industries | | | | | |
| 28 | providing health insurance; and | | | | | |
| 29 | WHEREAS taxes imposed by the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act are | | | | | |
| 30 | burdensome to employers; and | | | | | |
| 31 | WHEREAS Darden Restaurants, Inc., which operates Red Lobster, Olive Garden, and | | | | | |

| 1 | five other restaurant chains, has transferred nearly 75 percent of the chain's employees from |
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| 2 | full-time to part-time status in an attempt to limit the number of employees for whom health |
| 3 | insurance is mandated under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; and |
| 4 | WHEREAS McDonald's USA Corporation is considering many options, including |
| 5 | reducing the number of its full-time employees, to reduce the effects of health care costs |
| 6 | under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; and |
| 7 | WHEREAS an executive with White Castle, Inc., and the National Restaurant |
| 8 | Association told the Oversight and Government Reform Committee of the United States |
| 9 | House of Representatives that uncertainty and the projected 28 percent increase in health care |
| 10 | cost to the restaurant industry under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act has |
| 11 | limited the industry's ability to create jobs; and |
| 12 | WHEREAS the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act imposes 21 new or higher |
| 13 | taxes on families and businesses in Alaska and nationwide, including 12 taxes on families |
| 14 | making less than \$250,000 a year; and |
| 15 | WHEREAS the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act includes a health |
| 16 | insurance tax which is a tax on the net premiums for health insurance companies that will |
| 17 | raise the cost to already struggling small businesses of providing health insurance because the |
| 18 | tax burden will be passed on to the consumer; and |
| 19 | WHEREAS, to implement and enforce mandated health insurance coverage under the |
| 20 | Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, the role of government will be expanded through |
| 21 | the creation of 159 new federal bureaucracies and the hiring of 16,000 new government |
| 22 | agents; and |
| 23 | WHEREAS 12 percent of small business employers have either had their health |
| 24 | insurance plans terminated or have been told that their plans would not be available in the |
| 25 | future because of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; and |
| 26 | WHEREAS one survey has found that 20 percent of small employers that currently |
| 27 | offer health insurance coverage to their employees expect to change their benefits packages |
| 28 | significantly, including raising the employee share of health insurance costs, the next time |
| 29 | they renew their health insurance plans; and |

Affordable Care Act will decrease health insurance benefits and coverage while increasing

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WHEREAS changes in employee benefits resulting from the Patient Protection and

| 1 | employees' share of the cost of health insurance; and |
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| 2 | WHEREAS small businesses, by employing tens of millions of workers, make up the |
| 3 | backbone of the economies of the state and the nation; and |
| 4 | WHEREAS, because small employers create the vast majority of jobs, placing |
| 5 | additional burdens on small businesses hampers expansion of the economy and the job |
| 6 | creation needed to allow our economy to recover and grow; and |
| 7 | WHEREAS, of the tens of millions of Americans at risk of losing their health care |
| 8 | coverage as a result of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, 80 percent work for |
| 9 | small businesses under insurance plans at risk of being lost; and |
| 10 | WHEREAS, before the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act was enacted, a |
| 11 | survey of American businesses found that approximately 30 percent of small businesses in the |
| 12 | United States anticipated dropping people from coverage if the Patient Protection and |
| 13 | Affordable Care Act became law; and |
| 14 | WHEREAS, since the enactment of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act in |
| 15 | 2010, more than 13,000 pages of federal government regulations have been adopted to |
| 16 | implement the Act; and |
| 17 | WHEREAS regulations implementing the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act |
| 18 | have already caused great uncertainty, slowing economic growth and limiting hiring |
| 19 | opportunities for approximately 13,000,000 unemployed Americans; and |
| 20 | WHEREAS the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act places an additional |
| 21 | burden on small business owners by requiring them to file additional tax information for each |
| 22 | vendor from whom they purchase goods and services each year; and |
| 23 | WHEREAS, beginning in 2016, the penalty for an individual with health insurance |
| 24 | that does not meet the currently undefined "minimum essential coverage" required by the |
| 25 | Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act will be \$695 or 2.5 percent of the individual's |
| 26 | annual income, whichever is greater; and |
| 27 | WHEREAS the projected cost for the state to establish and operate the health |
| 28 | insurance exchange program mandated under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act |
| 29 | will exceed the amount of revenue generated by the program and will require either additional |

funding from the state general fund or increased fees to be paid by consumers; and

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WHEREAS the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act expands the role of

| 1 | government and | controls | one-sixth of | the nation's | seconomy |
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BE IT RESOLVED that the Alaska State Legislature calls on the United States Congress to pass legislation to delay the implementation of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act until a full analysis of the Act's economic effects, including job losses in the state, can be clearly quantified; and be it

FURTHER RESOLVED that the Alaska State Legislature calls on the state's Congressional delegation to introduce, sponsor, support, and vote to pass legislation in both houses of the United States Congress that will delay the implementation of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act until a full analysis of the economic effect of the Act on Alaskans and Alaska can be clearly quantified; and be it

FURTHER RESOLVED that the Alaska State Legislature will not support implementation of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act until it can be shown that the Act does not significantly raise business costs and does not create considerable economic uncertainty; and be it

FURTHER RESOLVED that the Alaska State Legislature respectfully requests the Governor to take actions necessary to delay the implementation of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act in the state to protect Alaskans and the state's economy from the onerous taxes and regulations contained in the law.

COPIES of this resolution shall be sent to the Honorable Barack Obama, President of the United States; the Honorable Joseph R. Biden, Jr., Vice-President of the United States and President of the U.S. Senate; the Honorable John Boehner, Speaker of the U.S. House of Representatives; the Honorable Nancy Pelosi, Minority Leader of the U.S. House of Representatives; the Honorable Harry Reid, Majority Leader of the U.S. Senate; the Honorable Mitch McConnell, Minority Leader of the U.S. Senate; and the Honorable Lisa Murkowski and the Honorable Mark Begich, U.S. Senators, and the Honorable Don Young, U.S. Representative, members of the Alaska delegation in Congress.