CS FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 182(ENE)

IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

TWENTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

BY THE HOUSE SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON ENERGY

Offered: 4/7/10

Referred: Labor and Commerce, Finance

Sponsor(s): HOUSE RULES COMMITTEE BY REQUEST OF THE GOVEROR

A BILL

FOR AN ACT ENTITLED

- "An Act authorizing the organization of the Greater Railbelt Energy and Transmission
 Corporation; relating to energy and transmission corporations, and to the Alaska
 Energy Authority's contracting with energy and transmission corporations to operate a
 power project; and providing for an effective date."
 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:
 * Section 1. AS 42 is amended by adding a new chapter to read:
 Chapter 50. Energy and Transmission Corporations.
- Sec. 42.50.010. Energy and transmission corporations. (a) Four or more municipal or cooperative public utilities with electrically interconnected service territories may, if first authorized by law, organize an energy and transmission corporation
- 12 (1) to acquire, operate, or maintain power and transmission projects 13 acquired or constructed as part of the former energy program for the state and owned 14 by the Alaska Energy Authority under AS 44.83.396; and

1	(2) to plan for, recommend, coordinate, and otherwise address power
2	generation and transmission for the electrically interconnected service territories as
3	provided in this chapter.
4	(b) The purposes of the corporation are
5	(1) to ensure adequate, reliable, safe, and stable wholesale electric
6	power to public utility members without undue discrimination, at the lowest
7	reasonable long-term cost; and
8	(2) to be the primary recipient of state financial assistance provided to
9	support the acquisition, construction, or development of generation and transmission
10	assets and ancillary services and assets for the public utility members of the
11	corporation.
12	(c) In furtherance of the purposes of the corporation, the corporation may plan
13	for, recommend, coordinate, and otherwise address
14	(1) the adequacy of fuel supply, fuel storage, and fuel transportation
15	resources required to meet the short-term and long-term electric power needs of the
16	service territory of the corporation;
17	(2) the adequacy of generation and transmission assets to prudently
18	meet local and regional short-term and long-term electric power and reliability needs
19	of the areas electrically interconnected to the service territory of the corporation;
20	(3) generation reserves to meet planning and operational requirements;
21	(4) base load generation in all parts of the service territory of the
22	corporation;
23	(5) generation and transmission power dispatch resources, including
24	the ability to connect dispatch resources of the public utility members;
25	(6) diversity in generation resources;
26	(7) renewable-energy-based generation resources, to the maximum
27	extent possible when doing so is consistent with the goal of providing electric
28	generation and transmission services at the lowest reasonable long-term cost;
29	(8) integration of renewable energy generation resources into areas
30	electrically connected to the service territory of the corporation in a manner that
31	prevents adverse effects on service quality or price.

1	(d) The corporation shall operate on a nonprofit basis, offering its services
2	based on uniform rates for like services under standard tariffs or contractual
3	arrangements.
4	(e) The corporation has a separate and independent existence from the state.
5	The corporation may not be considered the state, a state agency, an administrative unit
6	of the executive branch of state government, a governmental unit of the state, a public
7	corporation of the state, a municipal corporation, or a political subdivision of the state.
8	(f) The exercise by the corporation of the powers granted by this chapter is
9	considered to be for a public purpose.
10	(g) The corporation is authorized to interconnect with and provide services to
11	electric utilities other than public utility members on terms and conditions approved
12	by the Regulatory Commission of Alaska. The corporation may decline to
13	interconnect with an electric utility or any other entity that fails to meet standards for
14	interconnection adopted by the corporation and approved by the Regulatory
15	Commission of Alaska. The corporation shall apply interconnection standards
16	uniformly to public utility members, electric utilities, and other entities seeking to
17	interconnect.
18	Sec. 42.50.020. Board of directors. (a) The corporation shall be governed by a
19	board of directors consisting of
20	(1) two directors from each public utility member, one of whom shall
21	be the chief executive officer of the public utility member or the chief executive
22	officer's designee and one of whom shall be an individual appointed by the governing
23	body of the public utility member; and
24	(2) seven public directors appointed by the governor to represent
25	ratepayers and other interested groups within the service area of the corporation.
26	(b) The term of a director representing a public utility member under (a)(1) of
27	this section expires when the public utility member notifies the board that the
28	individual has been removed as a representative of the utility on the board.
29	(c) The term of the director appointed by the governor under (a)(2) of this
30	section is four years, however the governor may remove a director appointed under
31	(a)(2) of this section for cause. If a vacancy occurs, the governor shall appoint a

1	director under (a)(2) of this section to serve the remaining term of the director. The
2	governor may reappoint a director described in this subsection.
3	(d) The board may only remove a director representing a public utility
4	member appointed under (a) (1) of this section for cause on two-thirds majority vote
5	of the full board. The bylaws must provide a mechanism for a public utility member to
6	appoint an alternative member if the chief executive officer of the utility is removed
7	from the board.
8	(e) A majority of the directors on the board constitutes a quorum for the
9	transaction of business and the exercise of the powers and duties of the board.
10	(f) The directors shall annually elect from among the directors on the board a
11	chair and vice-chair and other board officers as may be provided in the bylaws.
12	(g) Directors shall receive no salary, but the corporation may pay directors a
13	reasonable meeting fee, per diem, and travel expenses.
14	Sec. 42.50.030. Board meetings; exceptions. (a) A meeting of the board may
15	be attended by members of the corporation, ratepayers, and the public. The bylaws
16	must provide for participation of members and ratepayers at board meetings. Except
17	when a voice vote is authorized, a vote shall be conducted in a manner that the
18	members and ratepayers may know the vote of each director entitled to vote. The
19	board may conduct a meeting by teleconference or similar communications equipment
20	if the board gives reasonable notice of the meeting and if the members, ratepayers, and
21	public are able to attend the meeting and hear the meeting. This subsection applies
22	only to a meeting at which a quorum is present.
23	(b) The board may hold an executive session to discuss matters that come
24	within the exceptions contained in (c) of this section on a majority vote of the board.
25	Before holding an executive session, the board must first be convened as a regular or
26	special meeting. A subject that is not mentioned in the motion calling for the executive
27	session may not be considered at the executive session unless the subject is auxiliary
28	to the main question. Formal action may not be taken during an executive session.
29	(c) The following matters may be discussed in an executive session:
30	(1) matters the knowledge of which would clearly have an adverse

effect on the finances of the corporation;

1	(2) matters that tend to prejudice the reputation and character of a
2	person; however, the person may request a public discussion;
3	(3) matters discussed with an attorney for the corporation, the
4	knowledge of which could have an adverse effect on the legal position of the
5	corporation;
6	(4) matters that are required by law to be confidential;
7	(5) matters pertaining to a plan, a program, or procedures for
8	establishing, maintaining, or restoring security, or to a detailed description or
9	evaluation of systems, facilities, or infrastructure of the corporation, but only to the
10	extent that the discussion of the matter in open session
11	(A) could reasonably be expected to interfere with the
12	implementation or enforcement of the security plan, program, or procedures;
13	(B) would disclose confidential guidelines for investigations or
14	enforcement and the disclosure could reasonably be expected to risk
15	circumvention of the law; or
16	(C) could reasonably be expected to endanger the life or
17	physical safety of an individual or to present a real and substantial risk to the
18	public health and welfare.
19	(d) The board shall give notice for all regular or special meetings of the board
20	as provided in the bylaws.
21	Sec. 42.50.040. Officers and employees. (a) The board shall appoint a chief
22	executive officer. The chief executive officer may not be a director and serves at the
23	pleasure of the board.
24	(b) The board shall appoint officers as required by the bylaws and as the board
25	determines to be necessary for the effective operation of the corporation.
26	(c) The chief executive officer may hire employees of the corporation as
27	necessary for the efficient performance of the functions of the corporation. The board
28	shall approve the range of compensation for employees. Employees of the corporation
29	are not employees of the state and are not considered to be employees of a public
30	organization for the purposes of AS 39.
31	(d) A state employee may not be appointed as chief executive officer of the

1	corporation of fifted as an employee of the corporation within two years after the state
2	employee's termination date.
3	(e) An employee of the corporation may not be a director.
4	Sec. 42.50.050. Membership. (a) The members of the corporation are the
5	public utility members and other entities that purchase services from the corporation
6	that the board of directors approves to become members. The corporation may provide
7	member benefits solely to the members of the corporation.
8	(b) An entity that meets the qualifications of a public utility member under
9	this subsection shall become a public utility member of the corporation if approved by
10	a two-thirds majority vote of the board. A public utility member
11	(1) shall be a municipal or cooperative electric utility with a designated
12	electric distribution service territory, holding a certificate of public convenience and
13	necessity issued by the Regulatory Commission of Alaska;
14	(2) shall be electrically interconnected to the service territory of the
15	corporation; and
16	(3) may not be an affiliated electric utility.
17	(c) An affiliated electric utility may become a member of the corporation if
18	approved by the board of directors.
19	(d) A member, including a public utility member, may withdraw from the
20	corporation if the member
21	(1) pays or provides for the payment of all liabilities owed to the
22	corporation;
23	(2) demonstrates that the withdrawal will not have adverse tax
24	consequences to the corporation; and
25	(3) gives not less than six months' notice to the corporation.
26	(e) Withdrawal from the corporation does not affect a right or obligation in an
27	agreement between a withdrawing public utility member and the corporation. The
28	corporation shall hold equity contributed by a withdrawing public utility member to
29	the corporation for the account of the withdrawing public utility member and refunded
30	only in accordance with a long-range financial management plan adopted by the
31	board.

1	(f) A public utility member may withdraw from being a public utility member
2	of the corporation but remain a member of the corporation if the public utility member
3	(1) demonstrates that the withdrawal will not have adverse tax
4	consequences to the corporation; and
5	(2) gives not less than six months' notice to the corporation.
6	(g) When a public utility member gives a notice of withdrawal, the public
7	utility member loses the right to have a director on the board.
8	Sec. 42.50.060. Articles of incorporation; change in location of principal
9	office. (a) The articles of incorporation and amended articles of incorporation of a
10	corporation must recite that they are executed under this chapter and must state
11	(1) the name of the corporation;
12	(2) the address of the principal office of the corporation;
13	(3) the names and the addresses of the incorporators;
14	(4) the names and addresses of the directors.
15	(b) The articles may contain any provisions consistent with this chapter that
16	are considered necessary or advisable for the conduct of the business of the
17	corporation. The articles shall be signed and acknowledged on behalf of each initial
18	public utility member of the corporation. It is not necessary to recite in the articles of
19	incorporation the purpose for which the corporation is organized or the corporate
20	powers of the corporation.
21	(c) Articles of incorporation, and amended articles of incorporation, shall be
22	submitted to the commissioner for filing. Upon a finding that the articles conform to
23	the requirements of this chapter, and upon payment of the fees provided in
24	AS 10.25.530, the commissioner shall file the articles in the records of the
25	commissioner's office.
26	(d) A corporation may, upon authorization of its board of directors, change the
27	location of its principal office by filing a certificate reciting the change of principal
28	office, executed and acknowledged by its presiding officer under its seal, attested by
29	the officer designated by the board, in the office of the commissioner.
30	Sec. 42.50.070. Bylaws. (a) The board shall adopt bylaws for the corporation
31	for the governance and management of the affairs of the corporation. The board may

1	alter, amend, or repeal the bylaws.
2	(b) The bylaws must be consistent with this chapter and the articles of
3	incorporation.
4	(c) The bylaws must set out conditions that require the corporation to offer
5	public utility members an opportunity to serve an industrial customer before the
6	corporation may serve an industrial customer.
7	(d) The bylaws must include provisions governing financing arrangements
8	under AS 42.50.150 that include obligations exceeding 12 months.
9	Sec. 42.50.080. Indemnification of directors, officers, and employees. The
10	corporation shall indemnify directors, officers, and employees in a manner consistent
11	with AS 10.06.490.
12	Sec. 42.50.090. General powers of the corporation. (a) To fulfill the
13	purposes described in AS 42.50.010, the corporation may
14	(1) sue and be sued in its name;
15	(2) have perpetual existence;
16	(3) adopt and alter a corporate seal;
17	(4) participate with federal, state, and local governmental entities in
18	formulating and implementing policies relating to electric power, and in planning for
19	the development, construction, and operation of adequate electric power generation
20	and transmission facilities for the service territory of the corporation;
21	(5) accept, by grant, sale, contract, operating agreement, or any other
22	arrangement, assets from members of the corporation or other public or private
23	entities, persons, or governments;
24	(6) engage in a program to support the efforts of the public utility
25	members and affiliated electric utilities to enhance the development, efficiency,
26	reliability, safety, and price stability of electric power in the service territory of the
27	corporation;
28	(7) generate, manufacture, purchase, acquire, accumulate, transmit,
29	meter, and dispatch wholesale electric power and ancillary services, and sell at
30	wholesale, supply, and dispose of electric power to public utility members, members,
31	affiliated electric utilities, and other entities;

1	(8) generate, manufacture, purchase, acquire, accumulate, transmit,
2	meter, and dispatch retail electric power and ancillary services to an industrial
3	customer, and sell at retail, supply, and dispose of electric power to an industrial
4	customer
5	(A) not located in the certificated service territory of a public
6	utility providing electric service, under conditions established in the bylaws; or
7	(B) located in the certificated service territory of a public utility
8	providing electric service if the public utility gives its written consent before
9	the corporation enters an agreement to sell power to the industrial customer;
10	(9) procure fuel supplies, fuel storage capacity, and fuel transmission
11	resources, except that fuel supplies, fuel storage capacity, and fuel transmission
12	resources may not be procured with state funds;
13	(10) construct, buy, lease, or otherwise acquire, equip, maintain, and
14	operate, and sell, assign, convey, lease, mortgage, pledge, or otherwise dispose of or
15	encumber land, buildings, structures, electric power lines or systems, dams, plants and
16	equipment, and any other real or personal property, tangible or intangible, that is
17	necessary, convenient, or appropriate to accomplish the corporation's purposes;
18	(11) buy, lease, use, or acquire franchises, rights, privileges, licenses,
19	permits, and easements;
20	(12) sell, assign, convey, mortgage, pledge, exercise, or dispose of or
21	encumber franchises, rights or privileges, licenses, permits, and easements;
22	(13) borrow money, contract indebtedness, issue evidences of
23	indebtedness, and secure payment of indebtedness by mortgage, pledge, deed of trust,
24	or other encumbrance on its real or personal property, assets, franchises, or revenue;
25	(14) construct, maintain, and operate electric transmission lines, along,
26	upon, under, and across publicly owned land and public thoroughfares, including,
27	without limitation, all roads, highways, streets, alleys, bridges, and causeways;
28	(15) exercise the power of eminent domain as a public utility under
29	AS 42.05.631, except the corporation may not exercise the power of eminent domain
30	to take an electric power generation or transmission asset from a public utility;
31	(16) acquire by purchase, lease, bequest, devise, gift, exchange, the

1	satisfaction of debts, the foreclosure of mortgages, or otherwise, personal property,
2	rights, rights-of-way, franchises, easements, and other interests in land, and acquire by
3	appropriation water rights that are located in the state, taking title to the property in the
4	name of the corporation;
5	(17) hold, maintain, use, operate, improve, lease, exchange, donate,
6	convey, alienate, encumber, or otherwise grant a security interest in, or authorize use
7	or dispose of, land or personal property, subject to other provisions of this chapter;
8	(18) contract with and accept transfers, gifts, grants, or loans of funds
9	or property from the United States or from the state or its political subdivisions,
10	subject to other provisions of federal or state law or municipal ordinances;
11	(19) undertake and provide for the management, operation,
12	maintenance, use, repair, renovation, and control of all of the property of the
13	corporation;
14	(20) apply to the state, the United States, foreign countries, or other
15	proper agencies for the permits, licenses, rights-of-way, or approvals necessary to
16	construct, maintain, and operate electric power and related services, and obtain, hold,
17	and reuse the licenses and permits in the same manner as other similar operators;
18	(21) enter into agreements with the state or a state agency or other
19	instrumentality of the state;
20	(22) make all contracts necessary, convenient, or appropriate for the
21	full exercise of its powers;
22	(23) conduct its business and exercise its powers inside or outside the
23	state;
24	(24) develop operating standards approved by the Regulatory
25	Commission of Alaska that are applicable to all public utilities electrically
26	interconnected to the service territory of the corporation; and
27	(25) do or perform any other act and thing and have and exercise any
28	other power that may be necessary, convenient, or appropriate to accomplish the
29	corporation's purposes.
30	(b) The corporation may not require its members to enter into power purchase
31	agreements that restrict the ability of members to enter into bilateral power purchase

1	or wheeling agreements among themselves, except as a condition for participation in
2	specific new generation or transmission projects when the condition is reasonably
3	necessary in order for the corporation to finance the project.
4	Sec. 42.50.100. Public utility powers and regulation. The corporation shall
5	have all of the powers and duties of a regulated electric public utility under AS 42.05,
6	except that the corporation
7	(1) may not make retail sales of electric power except to an industrial
8	customer under AS 42.50.090(a)(8);
9	(2) is not required to obtain a certificate under AS 42.05.221.
10	Sec. 42.50.110. Integrated resource plan. (a) The corporation shall adopt an
11	integrated resource plan for use with a long-range fuel supply plan under
12	AS 42.50.120 to determine the need for and selection of electric generation and
13	transmission projects to ensure delivery of safe and reliable electric power to public
14	utility members at the lowest reasonable long-term cost. The corporation shall
15	evaluate and consider recommendations made in an applicable state energy plan or
16	state integrated resource plan before in adopting and updating the plan. If the
17	corporation's integrated resource plan deviates from other state energy or resource
18	plans, the corporation's plan must include a report explaining the reasons for the
19	deviation.
20	(b) The board shall establish a schedule for review of the integrated resource
21	plan and update the plan at least once every five years.
22	(c) The corporation shall make the integrated resource plan available on the
23	Internet to members, the governor, the legislature, ratepayers, and the public.
24	Sec. 42.50.120. Long-range fuel supply plan. (a) The corporation shall adopt
25	a long-range fuel supply plan to determine the need for and selection of fuel supplies
26	to be used by electric generation projects to ensure delivery of safe, reliable, and
27	sustainable electric power to public utility members at the lowest reasonable long-term
28	cost. The corporation shall evaluate recommendations made in any applicable state
29	energy plan or state integrated resource plan before adopting and updating the long-
30	range fuel supply plan. If the corporation deviates from recommendations in a state

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plan, the adopted or updated long-range fuel supply plan shall include a report

1	explaining the reasons for the deviation.
2	(b) The board shall establish a schedule for review of the long-range fue
3	supply plan and update the plan at least once every five years.
4	(c) The corporation shall make the long-range fuel supply plan available or
5	the Internet to members, the governor, the legislature, ratepayers, and the public.
6	Sec. 42.50.130. Long-range capital improvement plan. (a) The corporation
7	shall adopt a long-range capital improvement plan. The plan must describe how the
8	corporation intends to accomplish the corporation's purposes and identify anticipated
9	capital improvements planned during each of the following 10 years. The plan must be
10	based on the principle of providing safe, reliable, and sustainable electric power to
11	public utility members at the lowest reasonable long-term cost.
12	(b) The board shall establish a schedule for review of the long-range capital
13	improvement plan and update the plan at least once every five years.
14	(c) The corporation shall make the long-range capital improvement plan
15	available on the Internet to members, the governor, the legislature, ratepayers, and the
16	public.
17	Sec. 42.50.140. Long-range financial management plan. (a) The corporation
18	shall adopt a long-range financial management plan. The plan must describe the
19	manner in which the corporation intends to accomplish the corporation's purposes and
20	the corporation's plans for acquisition, accumulation, and issuance of equity and deb
21	for the next 10 years. The plan shall be based on the principle of providing safe
22	reliable, and sustainable electric power to public utility members at the lowest
23	reasonable long-term cost.
24	(b) The board shall establish a schedule for review and update the long-range
25	financial management plan at least once every five years.
26	(c) The corporation shall make the long-range financial management plan
27	available on the Internet to members, the governor, the legislature, ratepayers, and the
28	public.
29	Sec. 42.50.150. Financing arrangements; state pledge. (a) The corporation
30	may
31	(1) use any financing arrangements permitted by law in achieving the

1	purposes and objectives of the corporation;
2	(2) develop financing arrangements for individual projects;
3	(3) request that the Alaska Industrial Development and Expor
4	Authority issue revenue bonds for the corporation's projects.
5	(b) The state pledges to and agrees with any lender to the corporation that the
6	state will not limit or alter the rights and powers given to the corporation by this
7	chapter that authorize the corporation to fulfill the terms of a contract between the
8	corporation and a lender, or impair the rights and remedies of the lender to the
9	corporation. The pledge
10	(1) may be included in a contract between a lender and the corporation
11	(2) is not a guarantee, surety, promise, undertaking, or assurance of
12	repayment or performance of an obligation of the corporation.
13	Sec. 42.50.160. Fuel supplies. (a) The corporation may acquire long-term fue
14	supplies as required to ensure electric power generation facilities can operate without
15	fuel-related interruption, including direct ownership of transportation and storage
16	facilities as required to fulfill the purposes of the corporation under AS 42.50.010(b).
17	(b) The corporation may acquire long-term fuel supplies under this section in
18	conjunction with other entities that are acquiring long-term fuel supplies for any
19	lawful purpose in any lawful manner.
20	Sec. 42.50.170. Tax exemption. (a) The real and personal property of the
21	corporation and the assets, income, and receipts of the corporation are exempt from all
22	taxes and assessments of the state or a political subdivision of the state, except that
23	electricity sold at retail by the corporation is subject to the electric cooperative tax
24	under AS 10.25.540 – 10.25.570.
25	(b) Nothing in this section exempts
26	(1) the corporation from payment of taxes, royalties, or assessments of
27	the state applicable to natural gas storage, fuel pipelines, or underground fuel or fuel ir
28	other natural storage; or
29	(2) a municipal public utility from payment of an applicable municipal
30	utility service assessment.
31	Sec. 42.50.180. Reports and publications. The board shall publish an annual

report on the Internet. The report must include financial statements audited by
independent auditors, a discussion of the corporation's circumstances and operations
during the period covered by the report, and any other information requested by the
legislature. The board may publish other information or reports it considers
appropriate.
Sec. 42.50.190. Right to examine books and records. (a) Except as provided
in (c) of this section, members, ratepayers, and the public may, at a reasonable time
and for any proper purpose, examine and make copies of the books and records of the
corporation at the principal office of the corporation.
(b) The corporation may charge a requestor an amount equal to the actual cost
of finding and duplicating documents requested under this section.
(c) The corporation may withhold books and records concerning the following
subjects:
(1) records required to be kept confidential by law;
(2) personnel records, to the extent that the records are not required to
be publicly disclosed by a state or federal agency;
(3) records that are proprietary, privileged, or a trade secret;
(4) records or information pertaining to a plan, a program, or
procedures for establishing, maintaining, or restoring security, or to a detailed
description or evaluation of systems, facilities, or infrastructure of the corporation, but
only to the extent that the production of the records or information
(A) could reasonably be expected to interfere with the
implementation or enforcement of the security plan, program, or procedures;
(B) would disclose confidential guidelines for investigations or
enforcement and the disclosure could reasonably be expected to risk
circumvention of the law; or
(C) could reasonably be expected to endanger the life or
physical safety of an individual or to present a real and substantial risk to the
public health and welfare; or
(5) specific matters that were prepared for or during an executive
session of the board, and not subsequently made public by the corporation.

1	Sec. 42.50.200. Audits and examinations of corporation. The corporation
2	shall be audited annually by an independent auditor. The board shall engage the
3	auditor, who shall be responsible to the board. The corporation shall submit copies of
4	each report of the auditor to the legislature and governor within 30 days after receipt
5	of the report by the corporation.
6	Sec. 42.50.210. Dissolution, merger, consolidation, and disposition of
7	assets. Without prior legislative approval, the corporation may not
8	(1) dissolve;
9	(2) merge or consolidate; or
10	(3) dispose of corporate assets other than in the ordinary course of
11	business.
12	Sec. 42.50.220. Procedures for dispute resolution. The corporation shall
13	establish a dispute resolution process in its bylaws. The dispute resolution process
14	must include, at a minimum,
15	(1) a requirement that disputes be initially brought before the board for
16	resolution;
17	(2) a requirement that the parties shall attempt to resolve a dispute that
18	is not resolved by the board through mediation;
19	(3) a requirement that the corporation and the disputing party shall
20	attempt to resolve a dispute that is not resolved by the board and is not resolved
21	through mediation through binding arbitration if allowed by the bylaws of the
22	corporation; and
23	(4) if not resolved by the board, through mediation, or through binding
24	arbitration, if allowed, a provision for resolution of the dispute through litigation in a
25	court of competent jurisdiction.
26	Sec. 42.50.900. Definitions. In this chapter, unless the context otherwise
27	requires,
28	(1) "affiliated electric utility" means an electric utility that is wholly
29	owned by one or more public utility members and by or through which one or more
30	public utility members obtain electric power or electric generation or transmission
31	services;

1	(2) board means the board of directors of the corporation;
2	(3) "commissioner" means the commissioner of commerce,
3	community, and economic development;
4	(4) "cooperative" means an entity organized under AS 10.25;
5	(5) "corporation" means an energy and transmission corporation
6	organized under this chapter;
7	(6) "electrically interconnected" means interconnected at a minimum
8	transmission level of 69 kilovolts;
9	(7) "electric power" means electric energy and capacity;
10	(8) "electric utility" means a public utility, as defined in AS 42.05.990
11	that furnishes electrical generation, transmission, or distribution service;
12	(9) "member" means a member of the corporation under AS 42.50.050,
13	including public utility members;
14	(10) "public utility member" means a municipal or cooperative electric
15	utility that has an electric distribution service territory, that holds a certificate of public
16	convenience and necessity issued by the Regulatory Commission of Alaska, that is one
17	of the electric utilities that organizes an energy and transmission corporation or that
18	becomes a public utility member of the corporation under AS 42.50.050(b), and that
19	does not withdraw from being a member or public utility member under
20	AS 42.50.050(d) or (e);
21	(11) "ratepayers" means the ratepayers of the public utility members of
22	the corporation;
23	(12) "service territory of the corporation" means the combined service
24	territories identified in the certificates of public convenience and necessity issued by
25	the Regulatory Commission of Alaska for each of the public utility members of the
26	corporation.
27	* Sec. 2. AS 44.83.396(c) is amended to read:
28	(c) The authority shall enter into a contract or lease under reasonable terms
29	and conditions to permit the applicant utility to operate the power project when the
30	applicant utility is the only wholesale power customer to be served directly by the
31	power project, or is a corporation organized under AS 42.50.010 and one or more

1	public utility members of the corporation is a wholesale power customer to be
2	served directly by the power project, unless the authority determines the [A] utility
3	or corporation making application for a contract or lease to operate a power project is
4	not a qualified utility or is not capable of operating that power project efficiently and
5	in a manner that is consistent with national standards for the industry and with
6	agreements with bondholders.

- * Sec. 3. The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section to read:
- AUTHORIZATION TO FORM GREATER RAILBELT ENERGY AND TRANSMISSION CORPORATION. (a) Any combination of four or more of the following public utilities may organize the Greater Railbelt Energy and Transmission Corporation, as an energy and transmission corporation under AS 42.50:
 - (1) Homer Electric Association, Inc.;
 - (2) the City of Seward, Electric Utility Department;
- (3) Chugach Electric Association, Inc.;

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- 16 (4) the Municipality of Anchorage d/b/a Municipal Light and Power;
- 17 (5) Matanuska Electric Association, Inc.; and
- 18 (6) Golden Valley Electric Association, Inc.
 - (b) The corporation described in (a) of this section, if formed, shall conduct, under the direction of the Legislative Budget and Audit Committee, a management audit of the corporation to be commenced on June 30, 2013, 2016, and 2020. The management audit shall be conducted under methodologies and principles set out in volumes I (1988 ed.), II (1992 ed.) and III (1995 ed.) of the Management Audit Manual published by the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners, Washington, D.C. The results of the management audit shall be transmitted to the Legislative Budget and Audit Committee 180 days after the commencement of the audit. This obligation to conduct a management audit shall be in addition to any audit obligation that may be required under an appropriation to the corporation.
 - (c) This section authorizes the organization of the Greater Railbelt Energy and Transmission Corporation, as required under AS 42.50.010(a), enacted by sec. 1 of this Act, if the conditions in sec. 4 of this Act are met.

1 * Sec. 4. The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section to 2 read: 3 CONDITIONAL EFFECT. (a) Sections 1 and 2 of this Act take effect only if four or 4 more of the listed public utilities deliver to the Alaska Energy Authority before 4:30 p.m. on 5 December 31, 2010, a letter of intent in the form and substance established by regulations 6 adopted by the Alaska Energy Authority, under which the listed public utility agrees to 7 become a public utility member of the Greater Railbelt Energy and Transmission Corporation. 8 Each listed public utility that meets the conditions described in this subsection shall, effective 9 January 31, 2011, be a public utility member of the Greater Railbelt Energy and Transmission 10 Corporation. The listed public utilities are as follows: (1) Homer Electric Association, Inc.; 11 12 (2) the City of Seward, Electric Utility Department; 13 (3) Chugach Electric Association, Inc.; 14 (4) the Municipality of Anchorage d/b/a Municipal Light and Power; 15 (5) Matanuska Electric Association, Inc.; 16 (6) Golden Valley Electric Association, Inc. 17 (b) The executive director of the Alaska Energy Authority shall notify the lieutenant 18 governor and the revisor of statutes when any of the conditions described in (a) of this section 19 are met. 20 (c) In this section, unless the context otherwise requires, 21 (1) "Alaska Energy Authority" means the authority created in AS 44.83.020; 22 "Greater Railbelt Energy and Transmission Corporation" means the 23 corporation organized as an energy and transmission corporation under AS 42.50, enacted by 24 sec. 1 of this Act, as authorized by sec. 3 of this Act; 25 (3) "public utility member" has the meaning given in AS 42.50.900, enacted 26 by sec. 1 of this Act. 27 * Sec. 5. If secs. 1 and 2 of this Act take effect under sec. 4(a) of this Act, they take effect 28 January 31, 2011.

* Sec. 6. Sections 3 and 4 of this Act take effect immediately under AS 01.10.070(c).