THIRD SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5438

State of Washington 68th Legislature 2024 Regular Session

By Senate Human Services (originally sponsored by Senators Warnick, Boehnke, Braun, Dhingra, Van De Wege, and J. Wilson)

AN ACT Relating to facilitating supportive relationships with family and significant individuals within the behavioral health system; adding a new section to chapter 71.24 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 72.23 RCW; and creating new sections.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 71.24 7 RCW to read as follows:

8 (1) The authority shall conduct its oversight of the community 9 behavioral health system in a manner that is aware of, nurtures, and 10 protects significant relationships in the life of behavioral health 11 system clients. These relationships may involve family, friends, and 12 others who play a significant role.

13 (2) The authority shall consider the following principles when 14 administering programs and contracts and making policy:

(a) Every client should have a caring, compassionate family member involved in and advocating for their best treatment, in collaboration with medical professionals, based on their lifelong role in the person's life and their personal knowledge of their past and present welfare;

20 (b) Families who desire to be engaged in their children's 21 behavioral health care should be included when it is in the best interest of the client. Parents should be encouraged to be actively engaged in their children's behavioral health care including decision making and have decision-making rights, when appropriate. Family inclusion with disclosure of health information is possible under RCW 5 70.02.205;

6 (c) State policy and agency practices must be structured so as 7 not to cause unnecessary trauma to a family. Family members should be able to participate in care decisions with medical experts without 8 fear of loss of safety or residence. Parental rights and 9 responsibilities should never be severed without evidence of abuse or 10 11 neglect as a means for children to access an appropriate level of 12 services, unless it is in the best interest of the client. It is incumbent on the state in such a situation to find ways to provide 13 adequate services while maintaining support for well-bonded families; 14

15 (d) Whenever it is in the best interest of the client, family 16 rights and responsibilities of parents should be maintained by 17 inclusion in appropriate decision making relating to a child's 18 residence, supervision, schooling, education, and health care while a 19 minor or dependent child is placed in behavioral health out-of-home 20 care pursuant to authority programs or contracts;

(e) Within existing legal constraints, the authority should recognize that strong family-like relationships which should be nurtured also arise through nonblood relationships. Consideration of developmental issues should recognize that development continues past the age of 18;

(f) The authority must consider that most effective treatment for a child is frequently whole family treatment. Families need assistance building, reestablishing, and strengthening healthy relationships to maximize recovery and resilience. Every effort should be made to assess and provide for the service needs of family members, either separately or in conjunction with their children or dependents;

(g) Medication use by children should be closely monitored and frequently evaluated, with expert support given to parents to help understand the risks and anticipated benefits of prescribed psychotropic medications; and

(h) The legal system should be employed only as a last resort.
Medication management should not be handled through at-risk youth
petitions. Advocacy should be employed to minimize court intrusion,

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1 such as by releasing restraining orders in behavioral health 2 situations.

(3) The authority shall conduct a review of its policies related 3 to behavioral health by June 30, 2025, in consultation with 4 stakeholders, family members, and peers and identify and eliminate 5 6 policies that undermine integrity and health of the family or discourage family engagement with service providers. The review may 7 not include policies in support of RCW 7.70.065, 70.02.265, 8 70.24.110, 71.34.530, 71.34.600, or 71.34.610. The authority may 9 notify the governor and appropriate committees of the legislature by 10 11 letter of the completion and outcomes of this review.

12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 72.23 13 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department shall administer state hospitals in a manner that is aware of, nurtures, and protects significant relationships in the life of state hospital patients. These relationships may involve family, friends, and others who play a significant role.

18 (2) The department shall consider the following principles when 19 administering programs and making policy:

(a) Every patient should have a caring, compassionate family member involved in and advocating for their best treatment, in collaboration with medical professionals, based on their lifelong role in the person's life and their personal knowledge of their past and present welfare;

(b) Families who desire to be engaged in their relative's behavioral health care should be included when it is in the best interest of the patient. Parents should be encouraged to be actively engaged in their children's behavioral health care and have decisionmaking rights, when appropriate. Family inclusion with disclosure of health information is possible under RCW 70.02.205;

31 (c) State hospital policy and practices must be structured so as 32 not to cause unnecessary trauma to a family. Family members should be 33 able to participate in care decisions with medical experts without 34 fear of reprisal. It is incumbent on the state to find ways to 35 provide adequate services while maintaining support for well-bonded 36 families;

37 (d) Within existing legal constraints, the department should 38 recognize that strong family-like relationships which should be 39 nurtured also arise through nonblood relationships. Consideration of

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developmental issues should recognize that development continues past
the age of 18;

3 (e) Whenever it is in the best interest of the patient, family 4 rights and responsibilities of parents should be maintained by 5 inclusion in appropriate decision making relating to a patient's 6 residence, supervision, schooling, education, and health care;

7 (f) The department must consider the treatment needs of family 8 members and the centrality of family in resilience in recovery for 9 patients. Patients and families need assistance building, 10 reestablishing, and strengthening healthy relationships. Every effort 11 should be made to assess and provide for the needs of family members, 12 either separately or in conjunction with the state hospital patient; 13 and

14 (g) Medication use by children should be closely monitored and 15 frequently evaluated, with expert support given to parents to help 16 understand the risks and anticipated benefits of prescribed 17 psychotropic medications.

(3) The department shall conduct a review of its policies related 18 to allowing and facilitating family engagement with state hospital 19 patients by June 30, 2025, in consultation with stakeholders, family 20 21 members, and peers, and identify and eliminate policies that 22 undermine integrity and health of the family or discourage family engagement. The review may not include policies in support of RCW 23 7.70.065, 70.02.265, 70.24.110, 71.34.530, 71.34.600, or 71.34.610. 24 25 The department may notify the governor and appropriate committees of 26 the legislature by letter of the completion and outcomes of this 27 review.

28 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. This act may be known and cited as the 29 family care act.

30 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. This act does not create a private right 31 of action.

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