CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE DATABASE AMENDMENTS
2014 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Allen M. Christensen
House Sponsor: Edward H. Redd
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends Title 58, Chapter 37f, Controlled Substance Database Act.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul> <li>provides access to the Controlled Substance Database to authorized employees of a</li> </ul>
Medicaid managed care organization if the Medicaid managed care organization
suspects the Medicaid recipient is improperly obtaining a controlled substance;
requires the Department of Health and the Department of Commerce to have a
written agreement regarding the Medicaid managed care organization authorized
employee access to the Controlled Substance Database; and
<ul><li>makes technical amendments.</li></ul>
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
AMENDS:
58-37f-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapters 12, 130, and 262
58-37f-601, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 130

Section 1. Section **58-37f-301** is amended to read:

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30	58-37f-301. Access to database.
31	(1) The division shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
32	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to:
33	(a) effectively enforce the limitations on access to the database as described in this
34	part; and
35	(b) establish standards and procedures to ensure accurate identification of individuals
36	requesting information or receiving information without request from the database.
37	(2) The division shall make information in the database and information obtained from
38	other state or federal prescription monitoring programs by means of the database available only
39	to the following individuals, in accordance with the requirements of this chapter and division
40	rules:
41	(a) personnel of the division specifically assigned to conduct investigations related to
42	controlled substance laws under the jurisdiction of the division;
43	(b) authorized division personnel engaged in analysis of controlled substance
44	prescription information as a part of the assigned duties and responsibilities of their
45	employment;
46	(c) in accordance with a written agreement entered into with the department,
47	employees of the Department of Health:
48	(i) whom the director of the Department of Health assigns to conduct scientific studies
49	regarding the use or abuse of controlled substances, if the identity of the individuals and
50	pharmacies in the database are confidential and are not disclosed in any manner to any
51	individual who is not directly involved in the scientific studies; or
52	(ii) when the information is requested by the Department of Health in relation to a
53	person or provider whom the Department of Health suspects may be improperly obtaining or
54	providing a controlled substance;

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(d) in accordance with a written agreement entered into with the department, a

designee of the director of the Department of Health, who is not an employee of the

Department of Health, whom the director of the Department of Health assigns to conduct

58 scientific studies regarding the use or abuse of controlled substances pursuant to an application 59 process established in rule by the Department of Health, if: (i) the designee provides explicit information to the Department of Health regarding 60 61 the purpose of the scientific studies; (ii) the scientific studies to be conducted by the designee: 62 63 (A) fit within the responsibilities of the Department of Health for health and welfare; 64 (B) are reviewed and approved by an Institutional Review Board that is approved for human subject research by the United States Department of Health and Human Services; and 65 66 (C) are not conducted for profit or commercial gain; and 67 (D) are conducted in a research facility, as defined by division rule, that is associated with a university or college in the state accredited by the Northwest Commission on Colleges 68 69 and Universities; 70 (iii) the designee protects the information as a business associate of the Department of 71 Health; and 72 (iv) the identity of the prescribers, patients, and pharmacies in the database are 73 de-identified, confidential, not disclosed in any manner to the designee or to any individual 74 who is not directly involved in the scientific studies; 75 (e) in accordance with the written agreement entered into with the department and the Department of Health, authorized employees of a managed care organization, as defined in 42 76 77 C.F.R. Sec. 438, if: 78 (i) the managed care organization contracts with the Department of Health under the provisions of Section 26-18-405 and the contract includes provisions that: 79 80 (A) require a managed care organization employee who will have access to information 81 from the database to submit to a criminal background check; and 82 (B) limit the authorized employee of the managed care organization to requesting either the division or the Department of Health to conduct a search of the database regarding a 83 specific Medicaid enrollee and to report the results of the search to the authorized employee; 84 85 and

(ii) the information is requested by an authorized employee of the managed care
organization in relation to a person who is enrolled in the Medicaid program with the managed
care organization, and the managed care organization suspects the person may be improperly
obtaining or providing a controlled substance;
[(e)] (f) a licensed practitioner having authority to prescribe controlled substances, to
the extent the information:
(i) (A) relates specifically to a current or prospective patient of the practitioner; and
(B) is provided to or sought by the practitioner for the purpose of:
(I) prescribing or considering prescribing any controlled substance to the current or
prospective patient;
(II) diagnosing the current or prospective patient;
(III) providing medical treatment or medical advice to the current or prospective
patient; or
(IV) determining whether the current or prospective patient:
(Aa) is attempting to fraudulently obtain a controlled substance from the practitioner;
or
(Bb) has fraudulently obtained, or attempted to fraudulently obtain, a controlled
substance from the practitioner;
(ii) (A) relates specifically to a former patient of the practitioner; and
(B) is provided to or sought by the practitioner for the purpose of determining whether
the former patient has fraudulently obtained, or has attempted to fraudulently obtain, a
controlled substance from the practitioner;
(iii) relates specifically to an individual who has access to the practitioner's Drug
Enforcement Administration identification number, and the practitioner suspects that the
individual may have used the practitioner's Drug Enforcement Administration identification
number to fraudulently acquire or prescribe a controlled substance;
(iv) relates to the practitioner's own prescribing practices, except when specifically
prohibited by the division by administrative rule;

114	(v) relates to the use of the controlled substance database by an employee of the
115	practitioner, described in Subsection $(2)[(f)](g)$ ; or
116	(vi) relates to any use of the practitioner's Drug Enforcement Administration
117	identification number to obtain, attempt to obtain, prescribe, or attempt to prescribe, a
118	controlled substance;
119	[(f)] (g) in accordance with Subsection (3)(a), an employee of a practitioner described
120	in Subsection (2)[ $(e)$ ] $(f)$ , for a purpose described in Subsection (2)[ $(e)$ ] $(f)$ (i) or (ii), if:
121	(i) the employee is designated by the practitioner as an individual authorized to access
122	the information on behalf of the practitioner;
123	(ii) the practitioner provides written notice to the division of the identity of the
124	employee; and
125	(iii) the division:
126	(A) grants the employee access to the database; and
127	(B) provides the employee with a password that is unique to that employee to access
128	the database in order to permit the division to comply with the requirements of Subsection
129	58-37f-203(3)(b) with respect to the employee;
130	[(g)] (h) an employee of the same business that employs a licensed practitioner under
131	Subsection $(2)[\underline{(e)}]\underline{(f)}$ if:
132	(i) the employee is designated by the practitioner as an individual authorized to access
133	the information on behalf of the practitioner;
134	(ii) the practitioner and the employing business provide written notice to the division of
135	the identity of the designated employee; and
136	(iii) the division:
137	(A) grants the employee access to the database; and
138	(B) provides the employee with a password that is unique to that employee to access
139	the database in order to permit the division to comply with the requirements of Subsection
140	58-37f-203(3)(b) with respect to the employee;
141	[(h)] (i) a licensed pharmacist having authority to dispense a controlled substance to

142	the extent the information is provided or sought for the purpose of:
143	(i) dispensing or considering dispensing any controlled substance; or
144	(ii) determining whether a person:
145	(A) is attempting to fraudulently obtain a controlled substance from the pharmacist; or
146	(B) has fraudulently obtained, or attempted to fraudulently obtain, a controlled
147	substance from the pharmacist;
148	[(i)] (j) federal, state, and local law enforcement authorities, and state and local
149	prosecutors, engaged as a specified duty of their employment in enforcing laws:
150	(i) regulating controlled substances;
151	(ii) investigating insurance fraud, Medicaid fraud, or Medicare fraud; or
152	(iii) providing information about a criminal defendant to defense counsel, upon request
153	during the discovery process, for the purpose of establishing a defense in a criminal case;
154	[(j)] (k) employees of the Office of Internal Audit and Program Integrity within the
155	Department of Health who are engaged in their specified duty of ensuring Medicaid program
156	integrity under Section 26-18-2.3;
157	[(k)] (1) a mental health therapist, if:
158	(i) the information relates to a patient who is:
159	(A) enrolled in a licensed substance abuse treatment program; and
160	(B) receiving treatment from, or under the direction of, the mental health therapist as
161	part of the patient's participation in the licensed substance abuse treatment program described
162	in Subsection $(2)[(k)](1)(i)(A)$ ;
163	(ii) the information is sought for the purpose of determining whether the patient is
164	using a controlled substance while the patient is enrolled in the licensed substance abuse
165	treatment program described in Subsection $(2)[\frac{(k)}{(l)}(i)(A);$ and
166	(iii) the licensed substance abuse treatment program described in Subsection
167	(2)[(k)](1)(i)(A) is associated with a practitioner who:
168	(A) is a physician, a physician assistant, an advance practice registered nurse, or a
169	pharmacist; and

170 (B) is available to consult with the mental health therapist regarding the information 171 obtained by the mental health therapist, under this Subsection (2)[(k)](1), from the database; [(1)] (m) an individual who is the recipient of a controlled substance prescription 172 173 entered into the database, upon providing evidence satisfactory to the division that the 174 individual requesting the information is in fact the individual about whom the data entry was 175 made; 176 [(m)] (n) the inspector general, or a designee of the inspector general, of the Office of 177 Inspector General of Medicaid Services, for the purpose of fulfilling the duties described in 178 Title 63A, Chapter 13, Part 2, Office and Powers; and 179 [(n)] (o) the following licensed physicians for the purpose of reviewing and offering an opinion on an individual's request for workers' compensation benefits under Title 34A, Chapter 180 181 2, Workers' Compensation Act, or Title 34A, Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act: 182 (i) a member of the medical panel described in Section 34A-2-601; or 183 (ii) a physician offering a second opinion regarding treatment. 184 (3) (a) A practitioner described in Subsection (2)[(e)](f) may designate up to three 185 employees to access information from the database under Subsection  $(2)[\frac{f}{g}](g)$ ,  $(2)[\frac{g}{g}](h)$ , or 186 (4)(c). (b) The division shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah 187 188 Administrative Rulemaking Act, to: 189 (i) establish background check procedures to determine whether an employee 190 designated under Subsection (2)[(f)](g), (2)[(g)](h), or (4)(c) should be granted access to the 191 database: and 192 (ii) establish the information to be provided by an emergency room employee under 193 Subsection (4). 194 (c) The division shall grant an employee designated under Subsection (2)[<del>(f)</del>](g), 195 (2)[(g)](h), or (4)(c) access to the database, unless the division determines, based on a 196 background check, that the employee poses a security risk to the information contained in the 197 database.

198 (4) (a) An individual who is employed in the emergency room of a hospital may 199 exercise access to the database under this Subsection (4) on behalf of a licensed practitioner if 200 the individual is designated under Subsection (4)(c) and the licensed practitioner: 201 (i) is employed in the emergency room; 202 (ii) is treating an emergency room patient for an emergency medical condition; and 203 (iii) requests that an individual employed in the emergency room and designated under 204 Subsection (4)(c) obtain information regarding the patient from the database as needed in the 205 course of treatment. 206 (b) The emergency room employee obtaining information from the database shall, 207 when gaining access to the database, provide to the database the name and any additional identifiers regarding the requesting practitioner as required by division administrative rule 208 209 established under Subsection (3)(b). 210 (c) An individual employed in the emergency room under this Subsection (4) may obtain information from the database as provided in Subsection (4)(a) if: 211 212 (i) the employee is designated by the practitioner as an individual authorized to access 213 the information on behalf of the practitioner; (ii) the practitioner and the hospital operating the emergency room provide written 214 notice to the division of the identity of the designated employee; and 215 216 (iii) the division: 217 (A) grants the employee access to the database; and (B) provides the employee with a password that is unique to that employee to access 218 219 the database in order to permit the division to comply with the requirements of Subsection 220 58-37f-203(3)(b) with respect to the employee. 221 (d) The division may impose a fee, in accordance with Section 63J-1-504, on a practitioner who designates an employee under Subsection  $(2)[\frac{f}{f}](g)$ ,  $(2)[\frac{f}{g}](h)$ , or (4)(c) to 222 pay for the costs incurred by the division to conduct the background check and make the 223

(5) (a) An individual who is granted access to the database based on the fact that the

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determination described in Subsection (3)(b).

individual is a licensed practitioner or a mental health therapist shall be denied access to the database when the individual is no longer licensed.

- (b) An individual who is granted access to the database based on the fact that the individual is a designated employee of a licensed practitioner shall be denied access to the database when the practitioner is no longer licensed.
  - Section 2. Section **58-37f-601** is amended to read:

## 58-37f-601. Unlawful release or use of database information -- Criminal and civil penalties.

- (1) Any person who knowingly and intentionally releases any information in the database or knowingly and intentionally releases any information obtained from other state or federal prescription monitoring programs by means of the database in violation of the limitations under Part 3, Access, is guilty of a third degree felony.
- (2) (a) Any person who obtains or attempts to obtain information from the database or from any other state or federal prescription monitoring programs by means of the database by misrepresentation or fraud is guilty of a third degree felony.
- (b) Any person who obtains or attempts to obtain information from the database for a purpose other than a purpose authorized by this chapter or by rule is guilty of a third degree felony.
- (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(e), a person may not knowingly and intentionally use, release, publish, or otherwise make available to any other person any information obtained from the database or from any other state or federal prescription monitoring programs by means of the database for any purpose other than those specified in Part 3, Access.
- (b) Each separate violation of this Subsection (3) is a third degree felony and is also subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000.
- (c) The procedure for determining a civil violation of this Subsection (3) is in accordance with Section 58-1-108, regarding adjudicative proceedings within the division.
  - (d) Civil penalties assessed under this Subsection (3) shall be deposited in the General

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254 Fund as a dedicated credit to be used by the division under Subsection 58-37f-502(1).

(e) This Subsection (3) does not prohibit a person who obtains information from the database under Subsection 58-37f-301(2)[(e),](f), (g), (i), or (4)(c) from:

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(i) including the information in the person's medical chart or file for access by a person authorized to review the medical chart or file; or

(ii) providing the information to a person in accordance with the requirements of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996.