

113<sup>TH</sup> CONGRESS  
2<sup>D</sup> SESSION

# H. CON. RES. 115

Expressing the sense of Congress that the United States Postal Service should issue a commemorative postage stamp honoring civil rights workers Andrew Goodman, James Chaney, and Michael Schwerner, and the “Freedom Summer” of 1964, and that the Citizens’ Stamp Advisory Committee should recommend to the Postmaster General that such a stamp be issued.

---

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SEPTEMBER 11, 2014

Mr. DAVID SCOTT of Georgia (for himself, Mr. CARSON of Indiana, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. HINOJOSA, Ms. NORTON, Ms. SEWELL of Alabama, Mr. GRIJALVA, Ms. CHU, Mr. SCOTT of Virginia, Ms. KELLY of Illinois, Mr. MEEKS, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mr. FATTAH, Ms. BROWN of Florida, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. JEFFRIES, and Mr. VEASEY) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform

---

## CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Expressing the sense of Congress that the United States Postal Service should issue a commemorative postage stamp honoring civil rights workers Andrew Goodman, James Chaney, and Michael Schwerner, and the “Freedom Summer” of 1964, and that the Citizens’ Stamp Advisory Committee should recommend to the Postmaster General that such a stamp be issued.

Whereas “Freedom Summer” was a campaign in Mississippi to register African-American voters during the summer of 1964;

Whereas in 1964, most Black voters were disenfranchised by law or practice in Mississippi;

Whereas this voting rights initiative was led by the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee (SNCC), with the support of the Council of Federated Organizations (COFO), which included the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP), the Congress of Racial Equality (CORE), and the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC);

Whereas thousands of students and activists participated in two-week orientation sessions in preparation for the voter registration drive in Mississippi;

Whereas in 1962, at 6.7 percent of the State’s Black population, Mississippi had one of the lowest percentages of Black registered voters in the country;

Whereas three civil rights volunteers lost their lives in their attempts to secure voting rights for Blacks;

Whereas Andrew Goodman was a White 20-year-old anthropology major from Queens College who volunteered for the “Freedom Summer” project;

Whereas James Chaney was a 21-year-old African-American from Meridian, Mississippi, who became a civil rights activist, joining the Congress of Racial Equality (CORE) in 1963 to work on voter registration and education;

Whereas Michael “Mickey” Schwerner was a 24-year-old White man from Brooklyn, New York, who was a CORE field secretary in Mississippi and a veteran of the civil rights movement;

Whereas on the morning of June 21, 1964, the three men left the CORE office in Meridian, Mississippi, and set out for Longdale, Mississippi, where they were to investigate the recent burning of the Mount Zion Methodist Church, a Black church that had been functioning as a Freedom School for education and voter registration;

Whereas the three civil rights workers were beaten, shot, and killed by members of the Ku Klux Klan;

Whereas the national uproar in response to these brave men's deaths helped raise the political capital necessary to bring about passage of the Voting Rights Act of 1965; and

Whereas Andrew Goodman, James Chaney, and Michael Schwerner's story will be told to millions of Americans and their bravery will continue to inspire generations to come through the issuance of a commemorative postage stamp: Now, therefore, be it

1        *Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate*  
2 *concurring), That it is the sense of Congress that—*

3            (1) a commemorative postage stamp should be  
4        issued by the United States Postal Service honoring  
5        civil rights workers Andrew Goodman, James  
6        Chaney, and Michael Schwerner, and the "Freedom  
7        Summer" of 1964;

8            (2) the stamp honoring these three men should  
9        be based upon the Congress of Racial Equality  
10       (CORE) poster from 1964, which was created by  
11       Danny Lyon, a prominent photographer of the Civil  
12       Rights movement; and

1           (3) the Citizens' Stamp Advisory Committee  
2           should recommend to the Postmaster General that  
3           such a stamp be issued.

○