^{113TH CONGRESS} 2D SESSION H.R. 5845

To authorize the Attorney General to award grants to address the national epidemics of prescription opioid abuse and heroin use.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

DECEMBER 10, 2014

Mr. SENSENBRENNER (for himself, Mr. SCOTT of Virginia, Mr. RYAN of Ohio, Ms. BASS, Mr. MARINO, and Mr. JOYCE) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committees on Energy and Commerce and Education and the Workforce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

- To authorize the Attorney General to award grants to address the national epidemics of prescription opioid abuse and heroin use.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Comprehensive Addiction and Recovery Act of 2014".
- 6 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for
- 7 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Findings.
- Sec. 3. Definitions.

TITLE I—PREVENTION AND EDUCATION

- Sec. 101. Development of best prescribing practices.
- Sec. 102. National education campaign.
- Sec. 103. Community-based coalition enhancement grants to address local drug crises.

TITLE II—LAW ENFORCEMENT AND TREATMENT

- Sec. 201. Treatment alternative to incarceration programs.
- Sec. 202. Law enforcement naloxone training and implementation pilot.
- Sec. 203. Prescription drug take back expansion.

TITLE III—TREATMENT AND RECOVERY

- Sec. 301. Evidence-based opioid and heroin treatment and interventions demonstration.
- Sec. 302. Criminal justice medication assisted treatment and interventions demonstration.
- Sec. 303. National youth recovery initiative.
- Sec. 304. Building communities of recovery.

TITLE IV—ADDRESSING COLLATERAL CONSEQUENCES

- Sec. 401. Correctional education demonstration grant program.
- Sec. 402. Revision of FAFSA form.
- Sec. 403. National task force on recovery and collateral consequences.

TITLE V—ADDICTION AND TREATMENT SERVICES FOR WOMEN, FAMILIES, AND VETERANS

Sec. 501. Authority to award competitive grants to address opioid and heroin abuse by pregnant and parenting female offenders.

- Sec. 502. Grants for family-based substance abuse treatment.
- Sec. 503. Veterans' treatment courts.

TITLE VI—INCENTIVIZING STATE COMPREHENSIVE INITIATIVES TO ADDRESS OPIOID AND HEROIN ABUSE

Sec. 601. State demonstration grants for comprehensive opioid abuse response.

TITLE VII—OFFSET

Sec. 701. Offset.

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 2 Congress finds the following:
- 3 (1) The abuse of heroin and prescription pain-
- 4 killers is having a devastating effect on public health
- 5 and safety in communities across the United States.

3

According to the Centers for Disease Control and
 Prevention, drug overdose deaths now surpass traffic
 crashes in the number of deaths caused by injury in
 the United States. In 2011, an average of about 110
 people in the United States died from drug overdose
 every day.

7 (2) Law enforcement officials and treatment ex8 perts throughout the country report that many pre9 scription opioid users have turned to heroin as a
10 cheaper or more easily obtained alternative to pre11 scription drugs.

12 (3) Opioid pain relievers are the most widely 13 misused or abused controlled prescription drugs 14 (commonly referred to as "CPDs") and are involved 15 in most CPD-related overdose incidents. According 16 to the Drug Abuse Warning Network (commonly 17 known as "DAWN"), the estimated number of emer-18 gency department visits involving nonmedical use of 19 prescription opiates or opioids increased by 112 per-20 cent, from 84,671 to 179,787, between 2006 and 21 2010.

(4) According to a report by the National Association of State Alcohol and Drug Abuse Directors
(commonly referred to as "NASADAD"), 37 States
reported an increase in admissions to treatment for

1	heroin use during the past 2 years, while admissions
2	to treatment for prescription opiates increased 500
3	percent from 2000 to 2012.

4 (5) Addiction is a treatable disease. Discoveries
5 in the science of addiction have led to advances in
6 the treatment of substance use disorders that help
7 people stop abusing drugs and prescription medica8 tions and resume their productive lives.

9 (6) According to the Office of National Drug 10 Control Policy (commonly referred to as 11 "ONDCP"), approximately 22,700,000 people in the 12 United States needed substance use disorder treat-13 ment in 2013, but only 2,500,000 people received it.

14 (7) Effective substance abuse prevention can
15 yield major economic dividends. Every dollar in16 vested in prevention can lead to savings between \$2
17 and \$20.

(8) According to the National Institute on Drug
Abuse, when schools and communities properly implement science-validated substance abuse prevention
programs, alcohol, tobacco, and illicit drug abuse are
reduced. Such programs help teachers, parents, and
health care professionals shape the perceptions of
youths about the risks of drug abuse.

1 (9) Diverting individuals with substance use 2 disorders from criminal justice systems into commu-3 nity-based treatment can save billions of dollars and 4 prevent sizeable numbers of crimes, arrests, and re-5 incarcerations over the course of those individuals' 6 lives.

7 (10) According to the Drug Enforcement Agen8 cy, more than 1,700 tons of expired, unwanted pre9 scription medications have been collected over the
10 past 3¹/₂ years, following the enactment of the Se11 cure and Responsible Drug Disposal Act of 2010
12 (Public Law 111–273; 124 Stat. 2858).

13 (11) Research shows that combining treatment 14 medications with behavioral therapy is the best way 15 to ensure success for most patients. Treatment ap-16 proaches must be tailored to address the drug abuse 17 patterns and drug-related medical, psychiatric, and 18 social problems of each individual. Different types of 19 medications may be useful at different stages of 20 treatment to help a patient stop abusing drugs, stay 21 in treatment, and avoid relapse.

(12) Research indicates that combating the epidemic of opioid abuse, including abuse of prescription painkillers and, increasingly, heroin, requires a
multi-pronged approach that involves reducing drug

diversion, expanding delivery of existing treatments
 (including medication-assisted treatments), expand ing access to overdose medications and interventions,
 and the development of new medications for pain
 that can augment the existing treatment arsenal.

6 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

7 In this Act—

8 (1) the term "Indian tribe" has the meaning
9 given the term in section 4 of the Indian Self-Deter10 mination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C.
11 450b);

(2) the term "medication-assisted treatment"
means the use, for problems relating to heroin and
other opioids, of medications approved by the Food
and Drug Administration in combination with counseling and behavioral therapies;

17 (3) the term "ONDCP Recovery Branch"
18 means the Recovery Branch of the Office of Na19 tional Drug Control Policy;

20 (4) the term "opioid" means any drug having
21 an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability
22 similar to morphine or being capable of conversion
23 into a drug having such addiction-forming or addic24 tion-sustaining liability;

(5) the term "Single State Authority for Sub-1 2 stance Abuse" has the meaning given the term in section 201(e) of the Second Chance Act of 2007 3 4 (42 U.S.C. 17521(e)); and (6) the term "State" means any State of the 5 6 United States, the District of Columbia, the Com-7 monwealth of Puerto Rico, and any territory or pos-8 session of the United States. TITLE I—PREVENTION AND 9 **EDUCATION** 10 11 SEC. 101. DEVELOPMENT OF BEST PRESCRIBING PRAC-12 TICES. 13 (a) INTERAGENCY TASK FORCE.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary 14 15 of Health and Human Services (referred to in this section as the "Secretary"), in cooperation with the Secretary of 16 Veterans Affairs, the Secretary of Defense, and the Ad-17 18 ministrator of the Drug Enforcement Administration, 19 shall convene a Pain Management Best Practices Interagency Task Force (referred to in this section as the "task 20 21 force"). 22 (b) MEMBERSHIP.—The task force shall be com-

23 prised of—

24 (1) representatives of—

1	(A) the Department of Health and Human
2	Services;
3	(B) the Department of Veterans Affairs;
4	(C) the Department of Defense;
5	(D) the Drug Enforcement Administration;
6	(E) the Centers for Disease Control and
7	Prevention;
8	(F) the Institute of Medicine; and
9	(G) the Office of National Drug Control
10	Policy;
11	(2) the Director of the National Institutes of
12	Health;
13	(3) physicians, dentists, and nonphysician pre-
14	scribers;
15	(4) pharmacists;
16	(5) experts in the fields of pain research and
17	addiction research;
18	(6) representatives of—
19	(A) pain management professional organi-
20	zations;
21	(B) the mental health treatment commu-
22	nity;
23	(C) the addiction treatment community;
24	(D) pain advocacy groups; and

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1	(E) groups with expertise around overdose
2	reversal; and
3	(7) other stakeholders, as the Secretary deter-
4	mines appropriate.
5	(c) DUTIES.—The task force shall—
6	(1) not later than 180 days after the date on
7	which the task force is convened under subsection
8	(a), develop best practices for pain management and
9	prescribing pain medication, taking into consider-
10	ation—
11	(A) existing pain management research;
12	(B) recommendations from relevant con-
13	ferences; and
14	(C) ongoing efforts at the State and local
15	levels and by medical professional organizations
16	to develop improved pain management strate-
17	gies;
18	(2) solicit and take into consideration public
19	comment on the practices developed under para-
20	graph (1), amending such best practices if appro-
21	priate; and
22	(3) develop a strategy for disseminating infor-
23	mation about the best practices developed under
24	paragraphs (1) and (2) to prescribers, pharmacists,

1	State medical boards, and other parties, as the Sec-
2	retary determines appropriate.
3	(d) LIMITATION.—The task force shall not have rule-
4	making authority.
5	(e) REPORT.—Not later than 270 days after the date
6	on which the task force is convened under subsection (a),
7	the task force shall submit to Congress a report that in-
8	cludes—
9	(1) the strategy for disseminating best practices
10	developed under subsection (c);
11	(2) the results of a feasibility study on linking
12	best practices developed under subsection (c) to re-
13	ceiving and renewing registrations under section
14	303(f) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C.
15	823(f)); and
16	(3) recommendations on how to apply best
17	practices developed under subsection (c) to improve
18	prescribing practices at medical facilities, including
19	medical facilities of the Veterans Health Administra-
20	tion.
21	SEC. 102. NATIONAL EDUCATION CAMPAIGN.
22	(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "eligible
23	entity" means a State, unit of local government, or non-

24 profit organization.

(b) PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.—Section 1177 of chap ter 16 of Drug Abuse Prevention, Treatment and Reha bilitation (21 U.S.C. chapter 16 subchapter IV) is amend ed—

5 (1) by adding subsection 1177b and inserting6 the following:

"The Attorney General, in coordination with the Sec-7 8 retary of Health and Human Services, the Director of the 9 Office of National Drug Control Policy, the Secretary of 10 Education, the Administrator of the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, and the Director 11 12 of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, may 13 make grants to eligible entities to expand educational efforts to prevent abuse of opioids, heroin, and other sub-14 15 stances of abuse, understand addiction as a chronic disease, and promote treatment and recovery, including— 16

17 "(1) parent and caretaker-focused prevention18 efforts, including—

"(A) the development of research-based
community education online and social media
materials with an accompanying toolkit that
can be disseminated to communities to educate
parents and other caretakers of teens on—

24 "(i) how to educate teens about opioid25 and heroin abuse;

"(ii) how to intervene if a parent
thinks or knows their teen is abusing
opioids or heroin;
"(iii) signs of opioid or heroin over-
dose; and
"(iv) the use of naloxone to prevent
death from opioid or heroin overdose;
"(B) the development of detailed digital
and print educational materials to accompany
the online and social media materials and tool-
kit described in subparagraph (A);
"(C) the development and dissemination of
public service announcements to—
"(i) raise awareness of heroin and
opioid abuse among parents and other
caretakers;
"(ii) motivate parents and other care-
takers to visit online educational materials
on heroin and opioid abuse; and
"(iii) provide information for public
health agencies and nonprofit organiza-
health agencies and nonprofit organiza- tions that provide overdose reversal and

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1	signs of overdose, and the use of naloxone for rever-
2	sal.
3	"(c) Application.—
4	"(1) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity desiring a
5	grant under this section shall submit an application
6	to the Attorney General—
7	"(A) that meets the criteria under para-
8	graph (2) ; and
9	"(B) at such time, in such manner, and
10	accompanied by such information as the Attor-
11	ney General may require.
12	"(2) CRITERIA.—An eligible entity, in submit-
13	ting an application under paragraph (1), shall—
14	"(A) describe the evidence-based method-
15	ology and outcome measurements that will be
16	used to evaluate the program funded with a
17	grant under this section;
18	"(B) specifically explain how the measure-
19	ments described in subparagraph (A) will pro-
20	vide valid measures of the impact of the pro-
21	gram described in subparagraph (A);
22	"(C) describe how the program described
23	in subparagraph (A) could be broadly replicated
24	if demonstrated to be effective;

1	"(D) demonstrate that all planned services
2	will be research-informed, which may include
3	evidence-based practices documented in—
4	"(i) the report of the Institute of
5	Medicine entitled 'Preventing Mental,
6	Emotional, and Behavioral Disorders
7	Among Young People'; or
8	"(ii) the National Registry of Effec-
9	tive Programs and Practices (commonly re-
10	ferred to as 'NREPP' of the Substance
11	Abuse and Mental Health Administration);
12	and
13	"(E) demonstrate that the eligible entity
14	will effectively integrate and sustain the pro-
15	gram described in subparagraph (A) into cur-
16	riculum or community outreach efforts.
17	"(d) USE OF FUNDS.—A grantee shall use a grant
18	received under this section for expenses of educational ef-
19	forts to—
20	"(1) prevent abuse of opioids, heroin, alcohol,
21	and other drugs; or
22	"(2) promote treatment and recovery.
23	"(e) DURATION.—The Attorney General shall award
24	grants under this section for a period not to exceed 2
25	years.

1 "(f) INFORMATION SHARING.—The Office of the At-2 torney General, in coordination with the Substance Abuse 3 and Mental Health Services Administration and the De-4 partment of Education, shall review existing evidence-5 based programs and emerging practices and programs and 6 provide information to schools and communities about 7 such programs and practices.

8 "(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
9 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
10 \$2,500,000 for each of fiscal years 2016 through 2020.".
11 SEC. 103. COMMUNITY-BASED COALITION ENHANCEMENT

12 GRAN

GRANTS TO ADDRESS LOCAL DRUG CRISES.

13 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

(1) the term "Drug-Free Communities Act of
15 1997" means chapter 2 of subtitle A of title I of the
Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988 (21 U.S.C. 1521 et
17 seq.);

18 (2) the term "eligible entity" means an organi-19 zation that—

20 (A) on or before the date of submitting an
21 application for a grant under this section, re22 ceives or has received a grant under the Drug23 Free Communities Act of 1997; and

24 (B) has documented, using local data,
25 rates of abuse of opioids at levels that are—

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1	(i) significantly higher than the na-
2	tional average as determined by the Attor-
3	ney General (including appropriate consid-
4	eration of the Monitoring the Future Sur-
5	vey published by the National Institute on
6	Drug Abuse and the National Survey on
7	Drug Use and Health by the Substance
8	Abuse and Mental Health Service Adminis-
9	tration); or
10	(ii) higher than the national average,
11	as determined by the Attorney General (in-
12	cluding appropriate consideration of the
13	surveys described in clause (i)), over a sus-
14	tained period of time; and
15	(3) the term "local drug crisis" means, with re-
16	spect to the area served by an eligible entity—
17	(A) a sudden increase in the abuse of pre-
18	scription medications, specifically opioids, as
19	documented by local data; or
20	(B) the abuse of prescription medications,
21	specifically opioids, that is significantly higher
22	than the national average, over a sustained pe-
23	riod of time, as documented by local data.

(b) PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.—Section 1535 of chap ter 20 of the National Drug Control Program (21 U.S.C.
 chapter 20 subchapter II) is amended—

4 (1) by adding subsection 1536 and inserting the5 following:

6 "The Attorney General, in coordination with the Di-7 rector of the Office of National Drug Control Policy, may 8 make grants to eligible entities to implement comprehen-9 sive community-wide strategies that address local drug cri-10 ses within the area served by the eligible entity.".

11 (c) APPLICATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity desiring a
grant under this section shall submit an application
to the Attorney General at such time, in such manner, and accompanied by such information as the
Attorney General may require.

17 (2) CRITERIA.—As part of an application for a
18 grant under this section, the Attorney General shall
19 require an eligible entity to submit a detailed, com20 prehensive, multisector plan for addressing the local
21 drug crisis within the area served by the eligible en22 tity.

23 (d) USE OF FUNDS.—An eligible entity shall use a
24 grant received under this section—

1	(1) for programs designed to implement com-
2	prehensive communitywide prevention strategies to
3	address local drug crisis in the area served by the
4	eligible entity, in accordance with the plan submitted
5	under subsection $(c)(2)$; and
6	(2) to obtain specialized training and technical
7	assistance from the organization funded under sec-
8	tion 4 of Public Law 107–82 (21 U.S.C. 1521 note).
9	(e) Grant Amounts and Duration.—
10	(1) Amounts.—The Attorney General may not
11	award a grant under this section for a fiscal year in
12	an amount that exceeds—
13	(A) the amount of non-Federal funds
14	raised by the eligible entity, including in-kind
15	contributions, for that fiscal year; or
16	(B) \$ 75,000.
17	(2) DURATION.—The Attorney General shall
18	award grants under this section for a period not to
19	exceed 4 years.
20	(f) SUPPLEMENT NOT SUPPLANT.—An eligible entity
21	shall use Federal funds received under this section only
22	to supplement the funds that would, in the absence of
23	those Federal funds, be made available from other Federal
24	and non-Federal sources for the activities described in this
25	section, and not to supplant those funds.

(g) EVALUATION.—A grant under this section shall
 be subject to the same evaluation requirements and proce dures as the evaluation requirements and procedures im posed on the recipient of a grant under the Drug-Free
 Communities Act of 1997.

6 (h) LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.—
7 Not more than 8 percent of the amounts made available
8 pursuant to subsection (i) for a fiscal year may be used
9 by the Attorney General to pay for administrative ex10 penses.

(i) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
\$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2016 through 2020.

14 TITLE II—LAW ENFORCEMENT 15 AND TREATMENT

16 SEC. 201. TREATMENT ALTERNATIVE TO INCARCERATION

17 **PROGRAMS.**

(a) PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.—Strike 3797(q), Drug
Treatment Alternatives to Prison (42 U.S.C. chapter 46),
and insert:

21 (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

(1) the term "eligible entity" means a State,
unit of local government, Indian tribe, or nonprofit
organization; and

1	(2) the term "eligible participant" means an in-
2	dividual who—
3	(A) comes into contact with the criminal
4	justice system or is charged with an offense;
5	(B) has a history of or a current—
6	(i) substance use disorder;
7	(ii) mental illness; or
8	(iii) co-occurring mental illness and
9	substance use disorders; and
10	(C) has been approved for participation in
11	a program funded under this section by, as ap-
12	plicable depending on the stage of the criminal
13	justice process, the relevant law enforcement
14	agency or defense attorney, probation or correc-
15	tions official, judge, or representative from the
16	relevant mental health or substance abuse agen-
17	cy.
18	(c) Program Authorized.—The Attorney General
19	may make grants to eligible entities to develop, implement,
20	or expand a treatment alternative to incarceration pro-
21	gram for eligible participants, including—
22	(1) pre-booking treatment alternative to incar-
23	ceration programs, including—

1	(A) law enforcement training on substance
2	use disorders, mental illness, and co-occurring
3	mental illness and substance use disorders;
4	(B) receiving centers as alternatives to in-
5	carceration of eligible participants;
6	(C) specialized response units for calls re-
7	lated to substance use disorders, mental illness,
8	and co-occurring mental illness and substance
9	use disorders; and
10	(D) other arrest and prebooking treatment
11	alternative to incarceration models; and
12	(2) postbooking treatment alternative to incar-
13	ceration programs, including—
14	(A) specialized clinical case management;
15	(B) pretrial services related to substances
16	use disorders, mental illness, and co-occurring
17	mental illness and substance use disorders;
18	(C) prosecutor- and defender-based pro-
19	grams;
20	(D) specialized probation;
21	(E) treatment and rehabilitation programs;
22	and
23	(F) drug courts, DWI courts, and veterans
24	treatment courts.
25	(d) Application.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity desiring a
2	grant under this section shall submit an application
3	to the Attorney General—
4	(A) that meets the criteria under para-
5	graph (2) ; and
6	(B) at such time, in such manner, and ac-
7	companied by such information as the Attorney
8	General may require.
9	(2) CRITERIA.—An eligible entity, in submitting
10	an application under paragraph (1), shall—
11	(A) provide extensive evidence of collabora-
12	tion with State and local government agencies
13	overseeing health, community corrections,
14	courts, prosecution, substance abuse, mental
15	health, victims services, and employment serv-
16	ices, and with local law enforcement agencies;
17	(B) demonstrate consultation with the Sin-
18	gle State Authority for Substance Abuse;
19	(C) demonstrate that evidence-based treat-
20	ment practices will be utilized; and
21	(D) demonstrate that evidenced-based
22	screening and assessment tools will be utilized
23	to place participants in the treatment alter-
24	native to incarceration program.

(e) REQUIREMENTS.—Each eligible entity awarded a
 grant for a treatment alternative to incarceration program
 under this section shall—

4 (1) determine the terms and conditions of par5 ticipation in the program by eligible participants,
6 taking into consideration the collateral consequences
7 of criminal conviction;

8 (2) ensure that each substance abuse and men9 tal health treatment component is licensed and
10 qualified by the relevant jurisdiction;

(3) for programs described in subsection (b)(2),
organize an enforcement unit comprised of appropriately trained law enforcement professionals under
the supervision of the State, tribal, or local criminal
justice agency involved, the duties of which shall include—

17 (A) the verification of addresses and other
18 contacts of each eligible participant who partici19 pates or desires to participate in the program;
20 and

(B) if necessary, the location, apprehension, arrest, and return to court of an eligible
participant in the program who has absconded
from the facility of a treatment provider or has
otherwise violated the terms and conditions of

1	the program, consistent with Federal and State
2	confidentiality requirements;
3	(4) notify the relevant criminal justice entity if
4	any eligible participant in the program absconds
5	from the facility of the treatment provider or other-
6	wise violates the terms and conditions of the pro-
7	gram, consistent with Federal and State confiden-
8	tiality requirements;
9	(5) submit periodic reports on the progress of
10	treatment or other measured outcomes from partici-
11	pation in the program of each eligible offender par-
12	ticipating in the program to the relevant State, trib-
13	al, or local criminal justice agency;
14	(6) describe the evidence-based methodology
15	and outcome measurements that will be used to
16	evaluate the program, and specifically explain how
17	such measurements will provide valid measures of
18	the impact of the program; and
19	(7) describe how the program could be broadly
20	replicated if demonstrated to be effective.
21	(f) USE OF FUNDS.—An eligible entity shall use a
22	grant received under this section for expenses of a treat-
23	ment alternative to incarceration program, including—

(1) salaries, personnel costs, equipment costs,
 and other costs directly related to the operation of
 the program, including the enforcement unit;

4 (2) payments for treatment providers that are
5 approved by the relevant State or tribal jurisdiction
6 and licensed, if necessary, to provide needed treat7 ment to eligible offenders participating in the pro8 gram, including aftercare supervision, vocational
9 training, education, and job placement; and

(3) payments to public and nonprofit private
entities that are approved by the State or tribal jurisdiction and licensed, if necessary, to provide alcohol and drug addiction treatment to eligible offenders participating in the program.

(g) SUPPLEMENT NOT SUPPLANT.—An eligible entity shall use Federal funds received under this section only
to supplement the funds that would, in the absence of
those Federal funds, be made available from other Federal
and non-Federal sources for the activities described in this
section, and not to supplant those funds.

(h) GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION.—The Attorney
General shall ensure that, to the extent practicable, the
geographical distribution of grants under this section is
equitable and includes a grant to an eligible entity in—
(1) each State;

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(2) rural, suburban, and urban areas; and

(3) tribal jurisdictions.

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3 (i) REPORTS AND EVALUATIONS.—Each fiscal year, 4 each recipient of a grant under this section during that 5 fiscal year shall submit to the Attorney General a report 6 on the outcomes of activities carried out using that grant 7 in such form, containing such information, and on such 8 dates as the Attorney General shall specify.

9 (j) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
10 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
11 \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2016 through 2020.
12 SEC. 202. LAW ENFORCEMENT NALOXONE TRAINING AND
13 IMPLEMENTATION PILOT.

(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "eligible
entity" means a State, local, or tribal law enforcement
agency.

(b) PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.—Section 1177 of chapter 16 of Drug Abuse Prevention, Treatment and Rehabilitation (21 U.S.C. chapter 16 subchapter IV) is amended—

(1) by adding subsection 1177c and insertingthe following:

"(c) The Attorney General, in coordination with the
Secretary of Health and the Attorney General, in coordination with the Secretary of Health and Human Services

1	and the Director of the Office of National Drug Control
2	Policy, may make grants to eligible entities to create a
3	pilot law enforcement program to prevent opioid and her-
4	oin overdose death.
5	"(d) Application.—
6	"(1) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity desiring a
7	grant under this section shall submit an application
8	to the Attorney General—
9	"(A) that meets the criteria under para-
10	graph (2) ; and
11	"(B) at such time, in such manner, and
12	accompanied by such information as the Attor-
13	ney General may require.
14	"(2) CRITERIA.—An eligible entity, in submit-
15	ting an application under paragraph (1), shall—
16	"(A) describe the evidence-based method-
17	ology and outcome measurements that will be
18	used to evaluate the program funded with a
19	grant under this section, and specifically ex-
20	plain how such measurements will provide valid
21	measures of the impact of the program;
22	"(B) describe how the program could be
23	broadly replicated if demonstrated to be effec-
24	tive;

1	"(C) identify the governmental and com-
2	munity agencies that the program will coordi-
3	nate; and
4	"(D) describe how law enforcement agen-
5	cies will coordinate with their corresponding
6	State substance abuse agency to identify proto-
7	cols and resources that are available to victims
8	and families, including information on treat-
9	ment and recovery resources.
10	"(e) USE OF FUNDS.—An eligible entity shall use a
11	grant received under this section to—
12	"(1) make naloxone available to be carried and
13	administered by law enforcement officers;
14	"(2) train and provide resources for law en-
15	forcement officers on carrying and administering
16	naloxone for the prevention of opioid and heroin
17	overdose death; and
18	"(3) establish processes, protocols, and mecha-
19	nisms for referral to treatment.
20	"(f) Grant Amounts and Duration.—
21	"(1) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—The Attorney Gen-
22	eral may not award a grant under this section in an
23	amount that exceeds \$500,000.

"(2) DURATION.—The Attorney General shall
 award grants under this section for a period not to
 exceed 2 years.

4 "(g) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE GRANTS.—The Attor-5 ney General shall make a grant for the purpose of pro-6 viding technical assistance and training on the use of 7 naloxone to reverse overdose deaths and mechanisms for 8 referral to treatment for an eligible entity receiving a 9 grant under this section.

10 "(h) EVALUATION.—The Attorney General shall con11 duct an evaluation of grants made under this section to
12 determine—

13 "(1) the number of officers equipped with
14 naloxone for the prevention of fatal opioid and her15 oin overdose;

"(2) the number of opioid and heroin overdoses
reversed by officers receiving training and supplies
of naloxone through a grant received under this section;

20 "(3) the number of calls for service related to
21 opioid and heroin overdose;

"(4) the extent to which overdose victims and
families receive information about treatment services
and available data describing treatment admissions;
and

"(5) the research, training, and naloxone supply
 needs of law enforcement and first responder agen cies, including those agencies that are not receiving
 grants under this section.

5 "(i) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
6 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
7 \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2016 through 2020.".

8 SEC. 203. PRESCRIPTION DRUG TAKE BACK EXPANSION.

9 (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "eligible 10 entity" means a State, local, tribal law enforcement agen-11 cy, public and private hospitals, pharmacies and other en-12 tities approved for prescription drug disposal by the Drug 13 Enforcement Agency.

(b) PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.—Section 1177 of chapter 16 of Drug Abuse Prevention, Treatment and Rehabilitation (21 U.S.C. chapter 16 subchapter IV) is amended—

18 (1) by adding subsection 1177d and inserting19 the following:

20 "(d) The Attorney General, in coordination with the 21 Secretary of Health and the Attorney General, in coordi-22 nation with the Administrator of the Drug Enforcement 23 Administration, the Secretary of Health and Human Serv-24 ices, and the Director of the Office of National Drug Con-25 trol Policy, may make grants to eligible entities to expand 2 medications.".

1 or make available disposal sites for unwanted prescription

3	(c) APPLICATION.—
4	(1) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity desiring a
5	grant under this section shall submit an application
6	to the Attorney General—
7	(A) that meets the criteria under para-
8	graph (2) ; and
9	(B) at such time, in such manner, and ac-
10	companied by such information as the Attorney
11	General may require.
12	(2) CRITERIA.—An eligible entity, in submitting
13	an application under paragraph (1), shall—
14	(A) describe the evidence-based method-
15	ology and outcome measurements that will be
16	used to evaluate the program funded with a
17	grant under this section, and specifically ex-
18	plain how such measurements will provide valid
19	measures of the impact of the program;
20	(B) describe how the program could be
21	broadly replicated if demonstrated to be effec-
22	tive; and
23	(C) identify the governmental and commu-
24	nity agencies that the project will be coordinate.
	-UD 5945 IU

1	(d) USE OF FUNDS.—An eligible entity shall use a
2	grant received under this section for—
3	(1) expenses of a prescription drug disposal
4	site, including materials and resources;
5	(2) implementing disposal procedures and proc-
6	esses;
7	(3) implementing community education strate-
8	gies, including community education materials and
9	resources;
10	(4) replicating a prescription drug take back
11	initiative throughout multiple jurisdictions; and
12	(5) training of law enforcement officers and
13	other community participants.
14	(e) Grant Amounts and Duration.—
15	(1) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—The Attorney General
16	may not award a grant under this section in an
17	amount that exceeds \$250,000.
18	(2) DURATION.—The Attorney General shall
19	award grants under this section for a period not to
20	exceed 2 years.
21	(f) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE GRANT.—The Attorney
22	General shall make a grant to a national nonprofit organi-
23	zation to provide technical assistance and training for an
24	eligible entity receiving a grant under this section.
25	(g) EVALUATION.—

(g) EVALUATION.—

1 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall 2 make a grant for evaluation of the performance of 3 each eligible entity receiving a grant under this section. 4 (2) REPORTS.—Each fiscal year, the recipient 5 6 of a grant under this subsection shall submit to the 7 Attorney General a report on the effectiveness of the 8 prescription drug take back program of each eligible 9 entity receiving a grant under this section. 10 (h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There 11 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section \$2,500,000 for each of fiscal years 2016 through 2020. 12 TITLE III—TREATMENT AND 13 RECOVERY 14

15 SEC. 301. EVIDENCE-BASED OPIOID AND HEROIN TREAT-16 MENT AND INTERVENTIONS DEMONSTRA-

16MENT AND INTERVENTIONS DEMONSTRA-17TION.

18 Subpart 1 of part B of title V of the Public Health
19 Service Act (42 U.S.C. 290bb et seq.) is amended—

(1) by redesignating section 514 (42 U.S.C.
21 290bb-9), as added by section 3632 of the Meth22 amphetamine Anti-Proliferation Act of 2000 (Public
23 Law 106-310; 114 Stat. 1236), as section 514B;
24 and

25 (2) by adding at the end the following:

1 "SEC. 514C. EVIDENCE-BASED OPIOID AND HEROIN TREAT-

2 MENT AND INTERVENTIONS DEMONSTRA-3 TION.

4 "(a) Grants.—

5 "(1) AUTHORITY TO MAKE GRANTS.—The Di-6 rector of the Center for Substance Abuse Treatment 7 (referred to in this section as the 'Director') may 8 award grants to State substance abuse agencies, 9 units of local government, nonprofit organizations, and Indian tribes or tribal organizations (as defined 10 11 in section 4 of the Indian Health Care Improvement 12 Act (25 U.S.C. 1603)) that have a high rate, or 13 have had a rapid increase, in the use of heroin or 14 other opioids, in order to permit such entities to ex-15 pand activities, including an expansion in the avail-16 ability of medication assisted treatment, with respect 17 to the treatment of addiction in the specific geo-18 graphical areas of such entities where there is a rate 19 or rapid increase in the use of heroin or other 20 opioids.

21 "(2) RECIPIENTS.—The entities receiving
22 grants under paragraph (1) shall be selected by the
23 Director.

24 "(3) NATURE OF ACTIVITIES.—The grant funds
25 awarded under paragraph (1) shall be used for ac26 tivities that are based on reliable scientific evidence
•HR 5845 IH

1	of efficacy in the treatment of problems related to
2	heroin or other opioids.
3	"(b) Geographic Distribution.—The Director
4	shall ensure that grants awarded under subsection (a) are
5	distributed equitably among the various regions of the Na-
6	tion and among rural, urban, and suburban areas that are
7	affected by the use of heroin or other opioids.
8	"(c) Additional Activities.—The Director shall—
9	"(1) evaluate the activities supported by grants
10	awarded under subsection (a);
11	((2) disseminate widely such significant infor-
12	mation derived from the evaluation as the Director
13	considers appropriate;
14	"(3) provide States, Indian tribes and tribal or-
15	ganizations, and providers with technical assistance
16	in connection with the provision of treatment of
17	problems related to heroin and other opioids; and
18	"(4) fund only those applications that specifi-
19	cally support recovery services as a critical compo-
20	nent of the grant program.
21	"(d) DEFINITION.—The term 'medication assisted
22	treatment' means the use, for problems relating to heroin
23	and other opioids, of medications approved by the Food
24	and Drug Administration in combination with counseling
25	and behavioral therapies.

1	"(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—
2	"(1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be
3	appropriated to carry out this section \$10,000,000
4	for fiscal year 2016 and such sums as may be nec-
5	essary for each of fiscal years 2016 through 2020.
6	"(2) USE OF CERTAIN FUNDS.—Of the funds
7	appropriated to carry out this section in any fiscal
8	year, the lesser of 5 percent of such funds or
9	\$1,000,000 shall be available to the Director for
10	purposes of carrying out subsection (c).".
11	SEC. 302. CRIMINAL JUSTICE MEDICATION ASSISTED
12	TREATMENT AND INTERVENTIONS DEM-
13	ONSTRATION.
15	UNSTRATION.
13	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—
14	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—
14 15	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—(1) the term "criminal justice agency" means a
14 15 16	 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section— (1) the term "criminal justice agency" means a State, local, or tribal—
14 15 16 17	 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section— (1) the term "criminal justice agency" means a State, local, or tribal— (A) court;
14 15 16 17 18	 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section— (1) the term "criminal justice agency" means a State, local, or tribal— (A) court; (B) prison;
14 15 16 17 18 19	 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section— (1) the term "criminal justice agency" means a State, local, or tribal— (A) court; (B) prison; (C) jail; or
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section— (1) the term "criminal justice agency" means a State, local, or tribal— (A) court; (B) prison; (C) jail; or (D) other agency that performs the admin-
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section— (1) the term "criminal justice agency" means a State, local, or tribal— (A) court; (B) prison; (C) jail; or (D) other agency that performs the administration of criminal justice, including prosecu-
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section— (1) the term "criminal justice agency" means a State, local, or tribal— (A) court; (B) prison; (C) jail; or (D) other agency that performs the administration of criminal justice, including prosecution, pretrial services, and community super-

(b) PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.—Section 1177 of chap ter 16 of Drug Abuse Prevention, Treatment and Reha bilitation (21 U.S.C. chapter 16 subchapter IV) is amend ed—

5 by adding subsection 1177e and inserting the6 following:

7 "(e) The Attorney General, in coordination with the 8 Secretary of Health and the Attorney General, in coordi-9 nation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services 10 and the Director of the Office of National Drug Control 11 Policy, may make grants to eligible entities to implement 12 medication-assisted treatment programs through criminal 13 justice agencies.".

14 (c) APPLICATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity desiring a
grant under this section shall submit an application
to the Attorney General—

18 (A) that meets the criteria under para-19 graph (2); and

20 (B) at such time, in such manner, and ac21 companied by such information as the Attorney
22 General may require.

23 (2) CRITERIA.—An eligible entity, in submitting
24 an application under paragraph (1), shall—

1	(A) certify that each medication-assisted
2	treatment program funded with a grant under
3	this section has been developed in consultation
4	with the Single State Authority for Substance
5	Abuse; and
6	(B) describe how data will be collected and
7	analyzed to determine the effectiveness of the
8	program described in subparagraph (A).
9	(d) USE OF FUNDS.—An eligible entity shall use a
10	grant received under this section for expenses of—
11	(1) a medication-assisted treatment program,
12	including the expenses of prescribing medications
13	recognized by the Food and Drug Administration for
14	opioid treatment in conjunction with psychological
15	and behavioral therapy;
16	(2) training criminal justice agency personnel
17	and treatment providers on medication-assisted
18	treatment;
19	(3) cross-training personnel providing behav-
20	ioral health and health services, administration of
21	medicines, and other administrative expenses, includ-
22	ing required reports; and
23	(4) the provision of recovery coaches who are
24	responsible for providing mentorship and transition

1	plans to individuals reentering society following in-
2	carceration or alternatives to incarceration.
3	(e) Grant Amounts and Duration.—
4	(1) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—The Attorney General
5	may not award a grant under this section in an
6	amount that exceeds \$750,000.
7	(2) DURATION.—The Attorney General shall
8	award grants under this section for a period not to
9	exceed 2 years.
10	(f) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Attorney General,
11	in coordination with the Director of the National Institute
12	on Drug Abuse and the Secretary of Health and Human
13	Services, shall provide technical assistance and training
14	for an eligible entity receiving a grant under this section.
15	(g) Reports.—
16	(1) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity receiving a
17	grant under this subsection shall submit a report to
18	the Attorney General on the outcomes of each grant
19	received under this section for individuals receiving
20	medication-assisted treatment, based on—
21	(A) the recidivism of the individuals;
22	(B) the treatment outcomes of the individ-
23	uals, including maintaining abstinence from ille-
24	gal, unauthorized, and unprescribed opioids and
25	heroin;

1	(C) the housing status of the individuals;
2	and
3	(D) the employment status of the individ-
4	uals.
5	(2) CONTENTS AND TIMING.—Each report de-
6	scribed in paragraph (1) shall be submitted annually
7	in such form, containing such information, and on
8	such dates as the Attorney General shall specify.
9	(h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
10	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
11	\$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2016 through 2020.
12	SEC. 303. NATIONAL YOUTH RECOVERY INITIATIVE.
13	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
14	(1) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible enti-
15	ty" means—
16	(A) a high school that has been accredited
17	as a recovery high school by the Association of
18	Recovery High Schools;
19	(B) an accredited high school that is seek-
20	ing to establish or expand recovery support
21	services;
22	(C) an institution of higher education;
23	(D) a recovery program at a nonprofit col-
24	legiate institution; or
25	(E) a nonprofit organization.

1	(2) INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION.—The
2	term "institution of higher education" has the
3	meaning given the term in section 101 of the Higher
4	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001).
5	(3) Recovery program.—The term "recovery
6	program"—
7	(A) means a program to help individuals
8	who are recovering from substance use dis-
9	orders to initiate, stabilize, and maintain
10	healthy and productive lives in the community;
11	and
12	(B) includes peer-to-peer support and com-
13	munal activities to build recovery skills and
14	supportive social networks.
15	(b) Grants Authorized.—Section 1177 of chapter
16	16 of Drug Abuse Prevention, Treatment and Rehabilita-
17	tion (21 U.S.C. chapter 16 subchapter IV) is amended—
18	(1) by adding subsection 1177f and inserting
19	the following:
20	"The Attorney General, in coordination with the Sec-
21	retary of Health and the ONDCP Recovery Branch, in
22	consultation with the Secretary of Education, may award
23	grants to eligible entities to enable the entities to—

1 "(1) provide substance use recovery support 2 services to young people in high school and enrolled 3 in institutions of higher education; "(2) help build communities of support for 4 5 young people in recovery through a spectrum of ac-6 tivities such as counseling and healthy and wellness-7 oriented social activities; and 8 "(3) encourage initiatives designed to help 9 young people achieve and sustain recovery from sub-10 stance use disorders.". 11 (c) USE OF FUNDS.—Grants awarded under sub-12 section (b) may be used for activities to develop, support, 13 and maintain youth recovery support services, including— 14 (1) the development and maintenance of a dedi-15 cated physical space for recovery programs; 16 (2) dedicated staff for the provision of recovery 17 programs; 18 (3) healthy and wellness-oriented social activi-19 ties and community engagement; 20 (4) establishment of recovery high schools; (5) coordination of recovery programs with— 21 (A) substance use disorder treatment pro-22 23 grams and systems; 24 (B) primary care providers;

•HR 5845 IH

1	(C) the criminal justice system, including
2	the juvenile justice system;
3	(D) employers;
4	(E) housing services;
5	(F) child welfare services;
6	(G) institutions of secondary higher edu-
7	cation and institutions of higher education; and
8	(H) other programs or services related to
9	the welfare of an individual in recovery from a
10	substance use disorder;
11	(6) the development of peer-to-peer support
12	programs or services; and
13	(7) additional activities that help youths and
14	young adults to achieve recovery from substance use
15	disorders.
16	(d) RESOURCE CENTER.—The ONDCP Recovery
17	Branch shall establish a resource center to provide tech-
18	nical support to recipients of grants under this section.
19	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
20	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
21	\$3,000,000 for fiscal year 2016 and each of the 5 suc-
22	ceeding fiscal years.

1 SEC. 304. BUILDING COMMUNITIES OF RECOVERY.

2 (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "recovery
3 community organization" means an independent nonprofit
4 organization that—

5 (1) mobilizes resources within and outside of
6 the recovery community to increase the prevalence
7 and quality of long-term recovery from substance
8 use disorders; and

9 (2) is wholly or principally governed by people
10 in recovery for substance use disorders who reflect
11 the community served.

(b) GRANTS AUTHORIZED.—Section 1177 of chapter
13 16 of Drug Abuse Prevention, Treatment and Rehabilita14 tion (21 U.S.C. chapter 16 subchapter IV) is amended—

15 (1) by adding subsection 1177g and inserting16 the following:

17 "The Attorney General, in coordination with the Sec18 retary of Health and the ONDCP Recovery Branch, in
19 consultation with the Substance Abuse and Mental Health
20 Services Administration, may award grants to recovery
21 community organizations to enable such organizations to
22 develop, expand, and enhance recovery services.".

(c) MAXIMUM GRANT AMOUNT.—The ONDCP Recovery Branch may not award a grant under this section
in an amount that exceeds \$200,000.

1	(d) FEDERAL SHARE.—The Federal share of the
2	costs of a program funded by a grant under this section
3	may not exceed 50 percent.
4	(e) USE OF FUNDS.—Grants awarded under sub-
5	section (b)—
6	(1) shall be used to develop, expand, and en-
7	hance community and statewide recovery support
8	services; and
9	(2) may be used to—
10	(A) advocate for individuals in recovery
11	from substance use disorders;
12	(B) build connections between recovery
13	networks, between recovery community organi-
14	zations, and with other recovery support serv-
15	ices, including—
16	(i) substance use disorder treatment
17	programs and systems;
18	(ii) primary care providers;
19	(iii) the criminal justice system;
20	(iv) employers;
21	(v) housing services;
22	(vi) child welfare agencies; and
23	(vii) other recovery support services
24	that facilitate recovery from substance use
25	disorders;

1	(C) reduce the stigma associated with sub-
2	stance use disorders;
3	(D) conduct public education and outreach
4	on issues relating to substance use disorders
5	and recovery, including—
6	(i) how to identify the signs of addic-
7	tion;
8	(ii) the resources that are available
9	for individuals struggling with addiction;
10	(iii) the resources that are available to
11	help support individuals in recovery; and
12	(iv) information on the medical con-
13	sequences of substance use disorders, in-
14	cluding neonatal abstinence syndrome and
15	potential infection with human immuno-
16	deficiency virus and viral hepatitis; and
17	(E) carry out other activities that
18	strengthen the network of community support
19	for individuals in recovery.
20	(f) RESOURCE CENTER.—The ONDCP Recovery
21	Branch shall establish a resource center to provide tech-
22	nical assistance to recipients of grants under this section
23	and to provide information to individuals seeking to sup-
24	port people in recovery from substance use disorders.

(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
 \$50,700,000 in fiscal year 2016 and each of the 3 suc ceeding fiscal years.

5 TITLE IV—ADDRESSING 6 COLLATERAL CONSEQUENCES

7 SEC. 401. CORRECTIONAL EDUCATION DEMONSTRATION 8 GRANT PROGRAM.

9 Title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
10 Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3711 et seq.) is amend11 ed—

(1) by redesignating part KK as part LL; and
(2) by inserting before part LL, as redesignated, the following:

15 **"PART KK—CORRECTIONAL EDUCATION**

16 DEMONSTRATION GRANT PROGRAM

17 "SEC. 3001. CORRECTIONAL EDUCATION DEMONSTRATION

18 GRANT PROGRAM.

19 "(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term 'eligible
20 entity' means a State, unit of local government, nonprofit
21 organization, or Indian tribe.

"(b) GRANT PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.—The Attorney
General may make grants of not more than \$750,000 to
eligible entities to design, implement, and expand edu-

cational programs for offenders in prisons, jails, and juve nile facilities, including to pay for—

"(1) basic education, secondary level academic
education, high school equivalency examination preparation, career technical education, and English as
a second language instruction at the basic, secondary, or postsecondary levels, for adult and juvenile populations;

9 "(2) screening and assessment of inmates to as-10 sess education level, needs, occupational interest or 11 aptitude, risk level, and other needs, and case man-12 agement services;

"(3) hiring and training of instructors and
aides, reimbursement of noncorrections staff and experts, reimbursement of stipends paid to inmate tutors or aides, and the costs of training inmate tutors
and aides;

"(4) instructional supplies and equipment, including occupational program supplies and equipment to the extent that the supplies and equipment
are used for instructional purposes;

"(5) partnerships and agreements with community colleges, universities, and career technology education program providers, including tuition payments;

1	"(6) certification programs providing recognized
2	high school equivalency certificates and industry rec-
3	ognized credentials; and
4	"(7) technology solutions to—
5	"(A) meet the instructional, assessment,
6	and information needs of correctional popu-
7	lations; and
8	"(B) facilitate the continued participation
9	of incarcerated students in community-based
10	education programs after the students are re-
11	leased from incarceration.
12	"(c) Application.—An eligible entity desiring a
13	grant under this section shall submit to the Attorney Gen-
14	eral an application in such form and manner, at such time,
15	and accompanied by such information as the Attorney
16	General specifies.
17	"(d) Priority Considerations.—In awarding
18	grants under this section, the Attorney General shall give
19	priority to applicants that—
20	"(1) assess the level of risk and need of in-
21	mates, including by—
22	"(A) assessing the need for English as a
23	second language instruction;
24	"(B) conducting educational assessments;
25	and

1	"(C) assessing occupational interests and
2	aptitudes;
3	"(2) target educational services to assessed
4	needs, including academic and occupational at the
5	basic, secondary, or postsecondary level;
6	"(3) target career technology education pro-
7	grams to—
8	"(A) areas of identified occupational de-
9	mand; and
10	"(B) employment opportunities in the com-
11	munities in which students are reasonably ex-
12	pected to reside postrelease;
13	"(4) include a range of appropriate educational
14	opportunities at the basic, secondary, and postsec-
15	ondary levels;
16	"(5) include opportunities for students to attain
17	industry-recognized credentials;
18	"(6) include partnership or articulation agree-
19	ments linking institutional education programs with
20	community-sited programs provided by adult edu-
21	cation program providers and accredited institutions
22	of higher education, community colleges, and voca-
23	tional training institutions; and
24	"(7) explicitly include career pathways models
25	offering opportunities for incarcerated students to

1 develop academic skills, in-demand occupational 2 skills and credentials, occupational experience in in-3 stitutional work programs or work release programs, 4 and linkages with employers in the community, so 5 that incarcerated students have opportunities to em-6 bark on careers with strong prospects for both post-7 release employment and advancement in a career 8 ladder over time.

9 "(e) REQUIREMENTS.—An eligible entity desiring a
10 grant under this section shall—

11 "(1) describe the evidence-based methodology 12 and outcome measurements that will be used to 13 evaluate each program funded with a grant under 14 this section, and specifically explain how such meas-15 urements will provide valid measures of the impact 16 of the program; and

17 "(2) describe how the program described in
18 paragraph (1) could be broadly replicated if dem19 onstrated to be effective.

20 "(f) CONTROL OF INTERNET ACCESS.—An entity
21 that receives a grant under this section shall restrict ac22 cess to the Internet by prisoners, as appropriate, to ensure
23 public safety.

53

1 **"SEC. 3002. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

2 "There are authorized to be appropriated \$5,000,000 3 to carry out this part for fiscal years 2016 through 4 2020.".

5 SEC. 402. REVISION OF FAFSA FORM.

6 Section 483 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20) 7 U.S.C. 1090) is amended by adding at the end the fol-8 lowing:

"(i) CONVICTIONS.—The Secretary shall not include 9 any question about the conviction of an applicant for the 10 possession or sale of illegal drugs on the FAFSA (or any 11 other form developed under subsection (a)).". 12

13 SEC. 403. NATIONAL TASK FORCE ON RECOVERY AND COL-14

LATERAL CONSEQUENCES.

15 (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "collateral consequence" means a penalty, disability, or dis-16 17 advantage-

18 (1) imposed on an individual as a result of a 19 criminal conviction but not as part of the judgment 20 of the court that imposes the conviction; or

21 (2) that an administrative agency, official, or 22 civil court is authorized, but not required, to impose 23 on an individual convicted of a felony, misdemeanor, 24 or other criminal offense.

25 (b) ESTABLISHMENT.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after
2	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
3	Health and Human Services (in this section referred
4	to as the "Secretary") shall establish a bipartisan
5	task force to be known as the Task Force on Recov-
6	ery and Collateral Consequences (in this section re-
7	ferred to as the "Task Force").
8	(2) Membership.—
9	(A) TOTAL NUMBER OF MEMBERS.—The
10	Task Force shall include 9 members, who shall
11	be appointed by the Secretary in accordance
12	with subparagraphs (B) and (C).
13	(B) Members of the task force.—The
14	Task Force shall include—
15	(i) members who have national rec-
16	ognition and significant expertise in areas
17	such as health care, housing, employment,
18	substance use disorder, law enforcement,
19	and law;
20	(ii) not less than 1 member who has
21	personally experienced addiction and is in
22	recovery; and
23	(iii) to the extent practicable, mem-
24	bers who formerly served as elected offi-
25	cials at the State and Federal levels.

1	(C) TIMING.—The Secretary shall appoint
2	the members of the Task Force not later than
3	60 days after date on which the Task Force is
4	established under paragraph (1).
5	(3) CHAIRPERSON.—The Task Force shall se-
6	lect a chairperson or co-chairpersons from among
7	the members of the Task Force.
8	(c) Duties of the Task Force.—
9	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Task Force shall—
10	(A) identify collateral consequences for in-
11	dividuals with Federal or State drug convictions
12	who are in recovery for substance use disorder;
13	and
14	(B) determine whether the collateral con-
15	sequences identified under subparagraph (A)
16	unnecessarily delay individuals in recovery from
17	resuming their personal and professional activi-
18	ties.
19	(2) Recommendations.—Not later than 180
20	days after the date of the first meeting of the Task
21	Force, the Task Force shall develop recommenda-
22	tions for proposed legislative and regulatory changes
23	to reduce and, to the extent practicable, eliminate
24	the collateral consequences identified by the Task
25	Force under paragraph (1).

(3) Collection of information.—The Task
Force shall hold hearings, require the testimony and
attendance of witnesses, and secure information
from any department or agency of the United States
in performing the duties under paragraphs (1) and
(2).
(4) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the
date of the first meeting of the Task Force, the
Task Force shall submit a report detailing the find-
ings and recommendations of the Task Force to—
(A) each relevant committee of Congress;
(B) the head of each relevant department
or agency of the United States;
(C) the President; and
(D) the Vice President.
TITLE V—ADDICTION AND
TREATMENT SERVICES FOR
WOMEN, FAMILIES, AND VET-
WOMEN, FAMILIES, AND VET- ERANS
ERANS
ERANS SEC. 501. AUTHORITY TO AWARD COMPETITIVE GRANTS TO
ERANS SEC. 501. AUTHORITY TO AWARD COMPETITIVE GRANTS TO ADDRESS OPIOID AND HEROIN ABUSE BY

1	(1) the term "State criminal justice agency"
2	means the agency of the State responsible for ad-
3	ministering criminal justice funds, including the Ed-
4	ward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Pro-
5	gram under subpart 1 of part E of title I of the Om-
6	nibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968
7	(42 U.S.C. 3750 et seq.); and
8	(2) the term "State substance abuse agency"
9	means the agency of the State responsible for the
10	State prevention, treatment, and recovery system,
11	including management of the Substance Abuse Pre-
12	vention and Treatment Block Grant under subpart
13	II of part B of title XIX of the Public Health Serv-
14	ice Act (42 U.S.C. 300x–21 et seq.).
15	(b) PURPOSE AND PROGRAM AUTHORITY.—
16	(1) Grant Authorization.—Section 1177 of
17	chapter 16 of Drug Abuse Prevention, Treatment
18	and Rehabilitation (21 U.S.C. chapter 16 subchapter
19	IV) is amended—
20	(1) by adding subsection 1177h and inserting
21	the following:
22	"The Attorney General, in coordination with the Sec-
23	retary of Health and the Attorney General may award
24	competitive grants jointly to a State substance abuse
25	agency and a State criminal justice agency to address the

use of opioids and heroin among pregnant and parenting
 female offenders in the State to promote public safety,
 public health, family permanence, and wellbeing.".

4 (2) PURPOSES AND PROGRAM AUTHORITY.—A 5 grant under this section shall be used to facilitate or 6 enhance collaboration between the State criminal 7 justice and State substance abuse systems in order 8 to carry out programs to address the use of opioid 9 and heroin abuse by pregnant and parenting female 10 offenders.

11 (c) APPLICATIONS.—

12 (1) IN GENERAL.—A State substance abuse 13 agency and State criminal justice agency desiring a 14 grant under this section shall jointly submit to the 15 Attorney General an application in such form, and 16 containing such information, as the Attorney Gen-17 eral may prescribe by regulation or guidelines.

18 (2) CONTENTS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Each application for a
grant under this section shall contain a plan to
expand the services of the State for pregnant
and parenting female offenders for the use of
opioids, heroin, and other drugs, which shall be
in accordance with regulations or guidelines established by the Attorney General, in consulta-

1	tion with the Secretary of Health and Human
2	Services.
3	(B) PLAN.—A plan submitted under sub-
4	paragraph (A) shall, at a minimum, include—
5	(i) a description of how the applicants
6	will work jointly to address the needs asso-
7	ciated with the use of opioids or heroin by
8	pregnant and parenting female offenders
9	to promote family stability and perma-
10	nence;
11	(ii) a description of the nature and
12	the extent of the problem of opioid and
13	heroin use by pregnant and parenting fe-
14	male offenders in the State;
15	(iii) a certification that the State has
16	involved counties and other units of local
17	government, when appropriate, in the de-
18	velopment, expansion, modification, oper-
19	ation, or improvement of proposed pro-
20	grams to address the problems associated
21	with opioid and heroin use;
22	(iv) a certification that funds received
23	under this section will be used to supple-
24	ment, not supplant, other Federal, State,
25	and local funds; and

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1	(v) a description of clinically appro-
2	priate practices and procedures to—
3	(I) screen and assess pregnant
4	and parenting female offenders for
5	problems associated with opioids and
6	heroin;
7	(II) provide clinically appropriate
8	services, including medication-assisted
9	treatment, for female offenders and
10	their children in the same location to
11	promote family permanence and self-
12	sufficiency; and
13	(III) provide for a process to en-
14	hance or ensure the abilities of the
15	State criminal justice agency and
16	State substance abuse agency to work
17	together to reunite families when ap-
18	propriate in the case where family
19	treatment is not provided.
20	(d) Period of Grant; Renewal.—
21	(1) PERIOD.—A grant under this section shall
22	be for a period of 3 years.
23	(2) RENEWAL.—A State substance abuse agen-
24	cy and a State criminal justice agency receiving a
25	grant under this section may apply for and, after the

	-
1	end of the period of the first grant under this sec-
2	tion, receive 1 additional grant under this section.
3	(e) Performance Accountability; Reports.—
4	(1) REPORTS.—A State substance abuse agency
5	and a State criminal justice agency receiving a grant
6	under this section shall jointly submit to the Attor-
7	ney General a report on the activities carried out
8	under the grant at the end of each fiscal year during
9	the period of the grant.
10	(2) EVALUATION.—Not later than 1 year after
11	the end of the period of a grant under this section,
12	the Attorney General shall submit a report to each
13	committee of Congress with jurisdiction of the pro-
14	gram under this section that summarizes the reports
15	of the recipients of the grant and provides rec-
16	ommendations, if any, for further legislative action.
17	(f) TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The
18	Attorney General shall support State substance abuse and
19	State criminal justice agencies by developing, in consulta-
20	tion with State substance abuse and State criminal justice
21	agencies, and offering a program of training and technical
22	assistance to assist the agencies in developing programs
23	and protocols—
<u> </u>	

24 (1) to implement this section; and

1 (2) for effectively working across the Federal 2 and State criminal and substance abuse systems. 3 (g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There 4 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section 5 \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2016 through 2020. SEC. 502. GRANTS FOR FAMILY-BASED SUBSTANCE ABUSE 6 7 TREATMENT. 8 Section 2925 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe 9 Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3797s–4) is amended— 10 (1) by striking "An entity" and inserting "(a) 11 ENTITY REPORTS.—An entity"; and 12 (2) by adding at the end the following: 13 "(b) ATTORNEY GENERAL REPORT ON FAMILY-BASED SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT.—The Attorney 14 15 General shall submit to Congress an annual report that describes the number of grants awarded under section 16 17 2921(1) and how such grants are used by the recipients 18 for family-based substance abuse treatment programs that

19 serve as alternatives to incarceration for custodial parents20 to receive treatment and services as a family.".

21 SEC. 503. VETERANS' TREATMENT COURTS.

Section 2991 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3797aa) is amended—

24 (1) by redesignating subsection (i) as subsection25 (j);

1	(2) by inserting after subsection (h) the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"(i) Assisting Veterans.—
4	"(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:
5	"(A) PEER-TO-PEER SERVICES OR PRO-
6	GRAMS.—The term 'peer-to-peer services or pro-
7	grams' means services or programs that connect
8	qualified veterans with other veterans for the
9	purpose of providing support and mentorship to
10	assist qualified veterans in obtaining treatment,
11	recovery, stabilization, or rehabilitation.
12	"(B) QUALIFIED VETERAN.—The term
13	'qualified veteran' means a preliminarily quali-
14	fied offender who—
15	"(i) has served on active duty in any
16	branch of the Armed Forces, including the
17	National Guard and reserve components;
18	and
19	"(ii) was discharged or released from
20	such service under conditions other than
21	dishonorable. In circumstances where dis-
22	charged dishonorably due to drug use a
23	waiver into the program may be permitted.
24	"(C) VETERANS TREATMENT COURT PRO-
25	GRAM.—The term 'veterans treatment court

1	program' means a court program involving col-
2	laboration among criminal justice, veterans, and
3	mental health and substance abuse agencies
4	that provides qualified veterans with—
5	"(i) intensive judicial supervision and
6	case management, which may include ran-
7	dom and frequent drug testing where ap-
8	propriate;
9	"(ii) a full continuum of treatment
10	services, including mental health services,
11	substance abuse services, medical services,
12	and services to address trauma;
13	"(iii) alternatives to incarceration;
14	and
15	"(iv) other appropriate services, in-
16	cluding housing, transportation, mentoring,
17	employment, job training, education, and
18	assistance in applying for and obtaining
19	available benefits.
20	"(2) VETERANS ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.—
21	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General,
22	in consultation with the Secretary of Veterans
23	Affairs, may award grants under this sub-
24	

1	"(i) veterans treatment court pro-
2	grams;
3	"(ii) peer-to-peer services or programs
4	for qualified veterans;
5	"(iii) practices that identify and pro-
6	vide treatment, rehabilitation, legal, transi-
7	tional, and other appropriate services to
8	qualified veterans who have been incarcer-
9	ated; and
10	"(iv) training programs to teach
11	criminal justice, law enforcement, correc-
12	tions, mental health, and substance abuse
13	personnel how to identify and appro-
14	priately respond to incidents involving
15	qualified veterans.
16	"(B) PRIORITY.—In awarding grants
17	under this subsection, the Attorney General
18	shall give priority to applications that—
19	"(i) demonstrate collaboration be-
20	tween and joint investments by criminal
21	justice, mental health, substance abuse,
22	and veterans service agencies;
23	"(ii) promote effective strategies to
24	identify and reduce the risk of harm to
25	qualified veterans and public safety; and

1	"(iii) propose interventions with em-
2	pirical support to improve outcomes for
3	qualified veterans."; and
4	(3) in subsection (j), as so redesignated—
5	(A) by redesignating paragraph (2) as
6	paragraph (3); and
7	(B) by inserting after paragraph (1) the
8	following:
9	"(2) VETERANS TREATMENT COURTS.—In addi-
10	tion to the amounts authorized under paragraph (1) ,
11	there are authorized to be appropriated to the Attor-
12	ney General \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years
13	2016 through 2020 to carry out subsection (i).".
13 14	2016 through 2020 to carry out subsection (i).". TITLE VI—INCENTIVIZING STATE
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14	TITLE VI—INCENTIVIZING STATE
14 15	TITLE VI—INCENTIVIZING STATE COMPREHENSIVE INITIA-
14 15 16	TITLE VI—INCENTIVIZING STATE COMPREHENSIVEINITIA- INITIA- TIVES TO ADDRESSTIVESTO ADDRESSOPIOID
14 15 16 17	TITLE VI—INCENTIVIZING STATE COMPREHENSIVE INITIA- TIVES TO ADDRESS OPIOID AND HEROIN ABUSE
14 15 16 17 18	TITLE VI—INCENTIVIZING STATE COMPREHENSIVE INITIA- TIVES TO ADDRESS OPIOID AND HEROIN ABUSE SEC. 601. STATE DEMONSTRATION GRANTS FOR COM-
14 15 16 17 18 19	TITLE VI—INCENTIVIZING STATE COMPREHENSIVE INITIA- TIVES TO ADDRESS OPIOID AND HEROIN ABUSE SEC. 601. STATE DEMONSTRATION GRANTS FOR COM- PREHENSIVE OPIOID ABUSE RESPONSE.
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	TITLE VI—INCENTIVIZING STATE COMPREHENSIVE INITIA- COMPREHENSIVE INITIA- TIVES TO ADDRESS OPIOID AND HEROIN ABUSE SEC. 601. STATE DEMONSTRATION GRANTS FOR COM- PREHENSIVE OPIOID ABUSE RESPONSE. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	TITLE VI—INCENTIVIZING STATE COMPREHENSIVE INITIA- COMPREHENSIVE INITIA- TIVES TO ADDRESS OPIOID ADDRESS OPIOID AND HEROIN ABUSE SEC. 601. STATE DEMONSTRATION GRANTS FOR COM- PREHENSIVE OPIOID ABUSE RESPONSE. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section— (1) the term "civil liability protection law"
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	TITLE VI—INCENTIVIZING STATE COMPREHENSIVE INITIA- COMPREHENSIVE INITIA- TIVES TO ADDRESS OPIOID ADDRESS OPIOID AND HEROIN ABUSE SEC. 601. STATE DEMONSTRATION GRANTS FOR COM- PREHENSIVE OPIOID ABUSE RESPONSE. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section— (1) the term "civil liability protection law" means a State law that protects from civil liability

1	(2) the term "dispenser" has the meaning given
2	the term in section 102 of the Controlled Substances
3	Act (21 U.S.C. 802);
4	(3) the term "prescriber of a schedule II, III,
5	or IV controlled substance" does not include a pre-
6	scriber of a schedule II, III, or IV controlled sub-
7	stance that dispenses the substance—
8	(A) for use on the premises on which the
9	substance is dispensed;
10	(B) in a hospital emergency room, when
11	the substance is in short supply;
12	(C) for a certified opioid treatment pro-
13	gram; or
14	(D) in other situations as the Attorney
15	General may reasonably determine;
16	(4) the term "prescriber" means a dispenser
17	who prescribes a controlled substance, or the agent
18	of such a dispenser; and
19	(5) the term "schedule II, III, or IV controlled
20	substance" means a controlled substance that is list-
21	ed on schedule II, schedule III, or schedule IV of
22	section 202(c) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 $$
23	U.S.C. 812(c)).
24	(b) Program Authorized.—Section 1177 of chap-
25	ter 16 of Drug Abuse Prevention, Treatment and Reha-

bilitation (21 U.S.C. chapter 16 subchapter IV) is amend ed—

3 (1) by adding subsection 1177i and inserting4 the following:

5 "THE ATTORNEY GENERAL, IN COORDINATION
6 WITH THE SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND PLANNING AND
7 IMPLEMENTATION GRANTS.—

8 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General, in 9 coordination with the Secretary of Health and 10 Human Services and the Director of the Office of 11 National Drug Control Policy, may award grants to 12 States, and combinations thereof, to prepare a com-13 prehensive plan for and implement an integrated 14 opioid abuse response initiative.

15 "(2) PURPOSES.—A State receiving a grant
16 under this section shall establish a comprehensive
17 response to opioid abuse, which shall include—

18 "(A) prevention and education efforts
19 around heroin and opioid use, treatment, and
20 recovery;

21 "(B) a comprehensive prescription drug
22 monitoring program to track dispensing of
23 schedule II, III, or IV controlled substances,
24 which shall include—

1	"(i) data sharing with other States by
2	statute, regulation, or interstate agree-
3	ment;
4	"(ii) educating physicians, residents,
5	medical students, and other prescribers of
6	schedule II, III, or IV controlled sub-
7	stances on the prescription drug moni-
8	toring program of the State;
9	"(C) developing, implementing, or expand-
10	ing the prescription drug and opioid addiction
11	treatment program of the State by—
12	"(i) expanding programs for medica-
13	tion-assisted treatment of prescription
14	drug and opioid addiction, including train-
15	ing for treatment and recovery support
16	providers;
17	"(ii) developing, implementing, or ex-
18	panding programs for behavioral health
19	therapy for individuals who are in treat-
20	ment for prescription drug and opioid ad-
21	diction, including contingency manage-
22	ment, cognitive behavioral therapy, and
23	motivational enhancements; or
24	"(iii) developing, implementing, or ex-
25	panding programs to screen individuals

1	who are in treatment for prescription drug
2	and opioid addiction for hepatitis C and
3	HIV, and provide treatment for those indi-
4	viduals if clinically appropriate; and
5	"(D) developing, implementing, and ex-
6	panding programs to prevent overdose death of
7	prescription medications and opioids.
8	"(3) Planning grant applications.—
9	"(A) Application.—
10	"(i) IN GENERAL.—A State desiring a
11	planning grant under this section to pre-
12	pare a comprehensive plan for an inte-
13	grated opioid abuse response initiative
14	shall submit to the Attorney General an
15	application in such form, and containing
16	such information, as the Attorney General
17	may prescribe by regulation or guidelines.
18	"(ii) Requirements.—An application
19	for a planning grant under this section
20	shall, at a minimum, include—
21	"(I) a budget and a budget jus-
22	tification for the activities to be car-
23	ried out using the grant;
24	"(II) a description of the activi-
25	ties proposed to be carried out using

	• •
1	the grant, including a schedule for
2	completion of such activities;
3	"(III) outcome measures that will
4	be used to measure the effectiveness
5	of the programs and initiatives to ad-
6	dress opioids; and
7	"(IV) a description of the per-
8	sonnel necessary to complete such ac-
9	tivities.
10	"(B) PERIOD; NONRENEWABILITY.—A
11	planning grant under this section shall be for a
12	period of 1 year. A State may not receive more
13	than 1 planning grant under this section.
14	"(C) AMOUNT.—A planning grant under
15	this section may not exceed \$100,000, except
16	that the Attorney General may, for good cause,
17	approve a grant in a higher amount.
18	"(D) STRATEGIC PLAN AND PROGRAM IM-
19	PLEMENTATION PLAN.—A State receiving a
20	planning grant under this section shall develop
21	a strategic plan and a program implementation
22	plan.
23	"(4) Implementation grants.—
24	"(A) APPLICATION.—A State desiring an
25	implementation grant under this section to im-

1 plement a comprehensive strategy for address-2 ing opioid abuse shall submit to the Attorney 3 General an application in such form, and con-4 taining such information, as the Attorney Gen-5 eral may prescribe by regulation or guidelines. 6 "(B) USE OF FUNDS.—A State that re-7 ceives an implementation grant under this sec-8 tion shall use the grant for the cost of carrying 9 out an integrated opioid abuse response pro-10 gram in accordance with this section, including 11 for technical assistance, training, and adminis-12 trative expenses. 13 "(C) **REQUIREMENTS.**—An integrated 14 opioid abuse response program carried out 15 using an implementation grant under this section shall— 16 17 "(i) ensure that each prescriber of a 18 schedule II, III, or IV controlled substance 19 in the State— "(I) registers with the prescrip-20 21 tion drug monitoring program of the 22 State; and 23 "(II) consults the prescription 24 drug monitoring program database of

1	the State before prescribing a sched-
2	ule II, III, or IV controlled substance;
3	"(ii) ensure that each dispenser of a
4	schedule II, III, or IV controlled substance
5	in the State—
6	"(I) registers with the prescrip-
7	tion drug monitoring program of the
8	State;
9	$((\Pi))$ consults the prescription
10	drug monitoring program database of
11	the State before dispensing a schedule
12	II, III, or IV controlled substance;
13	and
14	"(III) reports to the prescription
15	drug monitoring program of the
16	State, at a minimum, each instance in
17	which a schedule II, III, or IV con-
18	trolled substance is dispensed, with
19	limited exceptions, as defined by the
20	State, which shall indicate the pre-
21	scriber by name and National Pro-
22	vider Identifier;
23	"(iii) require that, not fewer than 4
24	times each year, the State agency or agen-
25	cies that administer the prescription drug

1	monitoring program of the State prepare
2	and provide to each prescriber of a sched-
3	ule II, III, or IV controlled substance an
4	informational report that shows how the
5	prescribing patterns of the prescriber com-
6	pare to prescribing practices of the peers
7	of the prescriber and expected norms;
8	"(iv) if informational reports provided
9	to a prescriber under clause (iii) indicate
10	that the prescriber is repeatedly falling
11	outside of expected norms, direct the pre-
12	scriber to educational resources on appro-
13	priate prescribing of controlled substances;
14	"(v) ensure that the prescriber licens-
15	ing board of the State receives a report de-
16	scribing any prescribers that repeatedly
17	fall outside of expected norms, as described
18	in clause (iii);
19	"(vi) require consultation with the
20	Single State Authority for Substance
21	Abuse; and
22	"(vii) establish requirements for how
23	data will be collected and analyzed to de-
24	termine the effectiveness of the program.

"(D) PERIOD.—An implementation grant 1 2 under this section shall be for a period of 2 3 years. "(E) AMOUNT.—The amount of an imple-4 5 mentation grant under this section may not ex-6 ceed \$5,000,000 except that the Attorney Gen-7 eral may, for good cause, approve a grant in a 8 higher amount. 9 "(5) PRIORITY CONSIDERATIONS.—In awarding 10 planning and implementation grants under this sec-11 tion, the Attorney General shall give priority to a 12 State that— "(A) provides civil liability protection for 13 14 first responders, health professionals, and fam-15 ily members administering naloxone to counter-

- 16 act opioid overdoses by—
- "(i) enacting legislation that provides 17 18 such civil liability protection; or

19 "(ii) providing a certification by the 20 attorney general of the State that the at-21 torney general has—

"(I) reviewed any applicable civil 22 23 liability protection law to determine 24 the applicability of the law with re-25 spect to first responders, health care

1	professionals, family members, and
2	other individuals who may administer
3	naloxone to individuals reasonably be-
4	lieved to be suffering from opioid
5	overdose; and
6	"(II) concluded that the law de-
7	scribed in subclause (I) provides ade-
8	quate civil liability protection applica-
9	ble to such persons;
10	"(B) have in effect legislation or imple-
11	ment a policy under which the State shall not
12	terminate, but may suspend, enrollment under
13	the State plan for medical assistance under title
14	XIX of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396
15	et seq.) for an individual who is incarcerated for
16	a period of fewer than 2 years;
17	"(C) have a process for enrollment in serv-
18	ices and benefits necessary by criminal justice
19	agencies to initiate or continue treatment in the
20	community, under which an individual who is
21	incarcerated may, while incarcerated, enroll in
22	services and benefits that are necessary for the
23	individual to continue treatment upon release
24	from incarceration;

1	"(D) ensures the capability of data sharing
2	with other States, such as by making data
3	available to a prescription monitoring hub;
4	"(E) ensures that data recorded in the
5	prescription drug monitoring program database
6	of the State is available within 24 hours, to the
7	extent possible; and
8	"(F) ensures that the prescription drug
9	monitoring program of the State notifies pre-
10	scribers and dispensers of schedule II, III, or
11	IV controlled substances when overuse or mis-
12	use of such controlled substances by patients is
13	suspected.".
14	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
15	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
16	\$15,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2016 through 2020.
17	TITLE VII-GOOD SAMARITAN
18	PROTECTION RULE OF CON-

19 STRUCTION

All provisions in this Act and amendments made by All provisions in this Act and amendments made by this Act shall contain a priority consideration for grant eligibility and awards to provide protections from civil liability with respect to the emergency administration of opioid overdose drugs.

1	Each grant made under this Act or an amendment
2	made by this Act shall give priority to a State that—
3	(A) provides civil liability protection for first re-
4	sponders, health professionals, and family members
5	and bystanders, administering naloxone to counter-
6	act opioid overdoses by—
7	(i) enacting legislation that provides such
8	civil liability protection; or
9	(ii) providing a certification by the attor-
10	ney general of the State that the attorney gen-
11	eral has—
12	(I) reviewed any applicable civil liabil-
13	ity protection law to determine the applica-
14	bility of the law with respect to first re-
15	sponders, health care professionals, family
16	members, and other individuals who may
17	administer naloxone to individuals reason-
18	ably believed to be suffering from opioid
19	overdose; and
20	(II) concluded that the law described
21	in subclause (I) provides adequate civil li-
22	ability protection applicable to such per-
23	sons.

TITLE VIII—OFFSET

79

2 SEC. 701. OFFSET.

1

3 The amounts expended to carry out this Act shall be4 offset by a corresponding reduction in Federal discre-5 tionary spending.

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