## <sup>113TH CONGRESS</sup> 2D SESSION H.R. 1872

### AN ACT

- To amend the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 to increase transparency in Federal budgeting, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
2	This Act may be cited as the "Budget and Account-
3	ing Transparency Act of 2014".
4	TITLE I—FAIR VALUE
5	ESTIMATES
6	SEC. 101. CREDIT REFORM.
7	(a) IN GENERAL.—Title V of the Congressional
8	Budget Act of 1974 is amended to read as follows:
9	<b>"TITLE V—FAIR VALUE</b>
10	"SEC. 500. SHORT TITLE.
11	"This title may be cited as the 'Fair Value Account-
12	ing Act of 2014'.
13	"SEC. 501. PURPOSES.
14	"The purposes of this title are to—
15	"(1) measure more accurately the costs of Fed-
16	eral credit programs by accounting for them on a
17	fair value basis;
18	((2)) place the cost of credit programs on a
19	budgetary basis equivalent to other Federal spend-
20	ing;
21	"(3) encourage the delivery of benefits in the
22	form most appropriate to the needs of beneficiaries;
23	and
24	"(4) improve the allocation of resources among
25	Federal programs.

2

### •HR 1872 EH

### 1 "SEC. 502. DEFINITIONS.

2

"For purposes of this title:

3 "(1) The term 'direct loan' means a disburse-4 ment of funds by the Government to a non-Federal 5 borrower under a contract that requires the repay-6 ment of such funds with or without interest. The 7 term includes the purchase of, or participation in, a 8 loan made by another lender and financing arrange-9 ments that defer payment for more than 90 days, in-10 cluding the sale of a Government asset on credit 11 terms. The term does not include the acquisition of 12 a federally guaranteed loan in satisfaction of default 13 claims or the price support loans of the Commodity 14 Credit Corporation.

15 "(2) The term 'direct loan obligation' means a
16 binding agreement by a Federal agency to make a
17 direct loan when specified conditions are fulfilled by
18 the borrower.

"(3) The term 'loan guarantee' means any
guarantee, insurance, or other pledge with respect to
the payment of all or a part of the principal or interest on any debt obligation of a non-Federal borrower
to a non-Federal lender, but does not include the insurance of deposits, shares, or other withdrawable
accounts in financial institutions.

1	"(4) The term 'loan guarantee commitment'
2	means a binding agreement by a Federal agency to
3	make a loan guarantee when specified conditions are
4	fulfilled by the borrower, the lender, or any other
5	party to the guarantee agreement.
6	((5)(A) The term 'cost' means the sum of the
7	Treasury discounting component and the risk com-
8	ponent of a direct loan or loan guarantee, or a modi-
9	fication thereof.
10	"(B) The Treasury discounting component shall
11	be the estimated long-term cost to the Government
12	of a direct loan or loan guarantee, or modification
13	thereof, calculated on a net present value basis, ex-
14	cluding administrative costs and any incidental ef-
15	fects on governmental receipts or outlays.
16	"(C) The risk component shall be an amount
17	equal to the difference between—
18	"(i) the estimated long-term cost to the
19	Government of a direct loan or loan guarantee,
20	or modification thereof, estimated on a fair
21	value basis, applying the guidelines set forth by
22	the Financial Accounting Standards Board in
23	Financial Accounting Standards #157, or a
24	successor thereto, excluding administrative

1	costs and any incidental effects on govern-
2	mental receipts or outlays; and
3	"(ii) the Treasury discounting component
4	of such direct loan or loan guarantee, or modi-
5	fication thereof.
6	"(D) The Treasury discounting component of a
7	direct loan shall be the net present value, at the time
8	when the direct loan is disbursed, of the following
9	estimated cash flows:
10	"(i) Loan disbursements.
11	"(ii) Repayments of principal.
12	"(iii) Essential preservation expenses, pay-
13	ments of interest and other payments by or to
14	the Government over the life of the loan after
15	adjusting for estimated defaults, prepayments,
16	fees, penalties, and other recoveries, including
17	the effects of changes in loan terms resulting
18	from the exercise by the borrower of an option
19	included in the loan contract.
20	"(E) The Treasury discounting component of a
21	loan guarantee shall be the net present value, at the
22	time when the guaranteed loan is disbursed, of the
23	following estimated cash flows:
24	"(i) Payments by the Government to cover
25	defaults and delinquencies, interest subsidies,

essential preservation expenses, or other payments.

"(ii) Payments to the Government including origination and other fees, penalties, and recoveries, including the effects of changes in loan terms resulting from the exercise by the guaranteed lender of an option included in the loan guarantee contract, or by the borrower of an option included in the guaranteed loan contract. "(F) The cost of a modification is the sum of—

11 "(i) the difference between the current es-12 timate of the Treasury discounting component 13 of the remaining cash flows under the terms of 14 a direct loan or loan guarantee and the current 15 estimate of the Treasury discounting component 16 of the remaining cash flows under the terms of 17 the contract, as modified; and

"(ii) the difference between the current estimate of the risk component of the remaining
cash flows under the terms of a direct loan or
loan guarantee and the current estimate of the
risk component of the remaining cash flows
under the terms of the contract as modified.

24 "(G) In estimating Treasury discounting com-25 ponents, the discount rate shall be the average inter-

6

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

1	est rate on marketable Treasury securities of similar
2	duration to the cash flows of the direct loan or loan
3	guarantee for which the estimate is being made.
4	"(H) When funds are obligated for a direct loan
5	or loan guarantee, the estimated cost shall be based
6	on the current assumptions, adjusted to incorporate
7	the terms of the loan contract, for the fiscal year in
8	which the funds are obligated.
9	"(6) The term 'program account' means the
10	budget account into which an appropriation to cover
11	the cost of a direct loan or loan guarantee program
12	is made and from which such cost is disbursed to
13	the financing account.
14	"(7) The term 'financing account' means the
15	nonbudget account or accounts associated with each
16	program account which holds balances, receives the
17	cost payment from the program account, and also
18	includes all other cash flows to and from the Gov-
19	ernment resulting from direct loan obligations or
20	loan guarantee commitments made on or after Octo-
21	ber 1, 1991.
22	"(8) The term 'liquidating account' means the
23	budget account that includes all cash flows to and

25 gations or loan guarantee commitments made prior

from the Government resulting from direct loan obli-

to October 1, 1991. These accounts shall be shown
 in the budget on a cash basis.

3 "(9) The term 'modification' means any Gov-4 ernment action that alters the estimated cost of an 5 outstanding direct loan (or direct loan obligation) or 6 an outstanding loan guarantee (or loan guarantee 7 commitment) from the current estimate of cash 8 flows. This includes the sale of loan assets, with or 9 without recourse, and the purchase of guaranteed 10 loans (or direct loan obligations) or loan guarantees 11 (or loan guarantee commitments) such as a change 12 in collection procedures.

13 "(10) The term 'current' has the same meaning
14 as in section 250(c)(9) of the Balanced Budget and
15 Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

16 "(11) The term 'Director' means the Director17 of the Office of Management and Budget.

18 "(12) The term 'administrative costs' means
19 costs related to program management activities, but
20 does not include essential preservation expenses.

21 "(13) The term 'essential preservation ex22 penses' means servicing and other costs that are es23 sential to preserve the value of loan assets or collat24 eral.

9

3 "(a) IN GENERAL.—For the executive branch, the 4 Director shall be responsible for coordinating the esti-5 mates required by this title. The Director shall consult 6 with the agencies that administer direct loan or loan guar-7 antee programs.

8 "(b) DELEGATION.—The Director may delegate to 9 agencies authority to make estimates of costs. The delega-10 tion of authority shall be based upon written guidelines, 11 regulations, or criteria consistent with the definitions in 12 this title.

13 "(c) COORDINATION WITH THE CONGRESSIONAL
14 BUDGET OFFICE.—In developing estimation guidelines,
15 regulations, or criteria to be used by Federal agencies, the
16 Director shall consult with the Director of the Congress17 sional Budget Office.

18 "(d) Improving Cost Estimates.—The Director 19 and the Director of the Congressional Budget Office shall 20 coordinate the development of more accurate data on historical performance and prospective risk of direct loan and 21 22 loan guarantee programs. They shall annually review the 23 performance of outstanding direct loans and loan guaran-24 tees to improve estimates of costs. The Office of Manage-25 ment and Budget and the Congressional Budget Office

shall have access to all agency data that may facilitate
 the development and improvement of estimates of costs.
 "(e) HISTORICAL CREDIT PROGRAMS COSTS.—The
 Director shall review, to the extent possible, historical data
 and develop the best possible estimates of adjustments
 that would convert aggregate historical budget data to
 credit reform accounting.

### 8 "SEC. 504. BUDGETARY TREATMENT.

9 "(a) PRESIDENT'S BUDGET.—Beginning with fiscal 10 year 2017, the President's budget shall reflect the costs of direct loan and loan guarantee programs. The budget 11 12 shall also include the planned level of new direct loan obli-13 gations or loan guarantee commitments associated with each appropriations request. For each fiscal year within 14 15 the five-fiscal year period beginning with fiscal year 2017, such budget shall include, on an agency-by-agency basis, 16 17 subsidy estimates and costs of direct loan and loan guar-18 antee programs with and without the risk component.

"(b) APPROPRIATIONS REQUIRED.—Notwithstanding
any other provision of law, new direct loan obligations may
be incurred and new loan guarantee commitments may be
made for fiscal year 2017 and thereafter only to the extent
that—

24 "(1) new budget authority to cover their costs
25 is provided in advance in an appropriation Act;

	11
1	((2) a limitation on the use of funds otherwise
2	available for the cost of a direct loan or loan guar-
3	antee program has been provided in advance in an
4	appropriation Act; or
5	"(3) authority is otherwise provided in appro-
6	priation Acts.
7	"(c) Exemption for Direct Spending Pro-
8	GRAMS.—Subsections (b) and (e) shall not apply to—
9	"(1) any direct loan or loan guarantee program
10	that constitutes an entitlement (such as the guaran-
11	teed student loan program or the veteran's home
12	loan guaranty program);
13	"(2) the credit programs of the Commodity
14	Credit Corporation existing on the date of enactment
15	of this title; or
16	"(3) any direct loan (or direct loan obligation)
17	or loan guarantee (or loan guarantee commitment)
18	made by the Federal National Mortgage Association
19	or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation.
20	"(d) BUDGET ACCOUNTING.—
21	"(1) The authority to incur new direct loan ob-
22	ligations, make new loan guarantee commitments, or
23	modify outstanding direct loans (or direct loan obli-
24	gations) or loan guarantees (or loan guarantee com-
25	mitments) shall constitute new budget authority in

an amount equal to the cost of the direct loan or
loan guarantee in the fiscal year in which definite
authority becomes available or indefinite authority is
used. Such budget authority shall constitute an obligation of the program account to pay to the financing account.

7 "(2) The outlays resulting from new budget au-8 thority for the cost of direct loans or loan guaran-9 tees described in paragraph (1) shall be paid from 10 the program account into the financing account and 11 recorded in the fiscal year in which the direct loan 12 or the guaranteed loan is disbursed or its costs al-13 tered.

14 "(3) All collections and payments of the financ-15 ing accounts shall be a means of financing.

16 "(e) MODIFICATIONS.—An outstanding direct loan 17 (or direct loan obligation) or loan guarantee (or loan guar-18 antee commitment) shall not be modified in a manner that 19 increases its costs unless budget authority for the addi-20 tional cost has been provided in advance in an appropria-21 tion Act.

"(f) REESTIMATES.—When the estimated cost for a group of direct loans or loan guarantees for a given proqram made in a single fiscal year is re-estimated in a subsequent year, the difference between the reestimated cost and the previous cost estimate shall be displayed as a dis tinct and separately identified subaccount in the program
 account as a change in program costs and a change in
 net interest. There is hereby provided permanent indefi nite authority for these re-estimates.

6 "(g) ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.—All funding for 7 an agency's administrative costs associated with a direct 8 loan or loan guarantee program shall be displayed as dis-9 tinct and separately identified subaccounts within the 10 same budget account as the program's cost.

### 11 "SEC. 505. AUTHORIZATIONS.

"(a) AUTHORIZATION FOR FINANCING ACCOUNTS.—
13 In order to implement the accounting required by this
14 title, the President is authorized to establish such non15 budgetary accounts as may be appropriate.

16 "(b) TREASURY TRANSACTIONS WITH THE FINANC-17 ING ACCOUNTS.—

18 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the 19 Treasury shall borrow from, receive from, lend to, or 20 pay to the financing accounts such amounts as may 21 be appropriate. The Secretary of the Treasury may 22 prescribe forms and denominations, maturities, and 23 terms and conditions for the transactions described 24 in the preceding sentence, except that the rate of in-25 terest charged by the Secretary on lending to financ-

1	ing accounts (including amounts treated as lending
2	to financing accounts by the Federal Financing
3	Bank (hereinafter in this subsection referred to as
4	the 'Bank') pursuant to section 405(b)) and the rate
5	of interest paid to financing accounts on uninvested
6	balances in financing accounts shall be the same as
7	the rate determined pursuant to section $502(5)(G)$ .
8	"(2) LOANS.—For guaranteed loans financed
9	by the Bank and treated as direct loans by a Fed-
10	eral agency pursuant to section $406(b)(1)$ , any fee
11	or interest surcharge (the amount by which the in-
12	terest rate charged exceeds the rate determined pur-
13	suant to section $502(5)(G)$ that the Bank charges to
14	a private borrower pursuant to section 6(c) of the
15	Federal Financing Bank Act of 1973 shall be con-
16	sidered a cash flow to the Government for the pur-
17	poses of determining the cost of the direct loan pur-
18	suant to section $502(5)$ . All such amounts shall be
19	credited to the appropriate financing account.
20	"(3) Reimbursement.—The Bank is author-
21	ized to require reimbursement from a Federal agen-
22	cy to cover the administrative expenses of the Bank
23	that are attributable to the direct loans financed for
24	that agency. All such payments by an agency shall
25	be considered administrative expenses subject to sec-

tion 504(g). This subsection shall apply to trans actions related to direct loan obligations or loan
 guarantee commitments made on or after October 1,
 1991.

5 "(4) AUTHORITY.—The authorities provided in 6 this subsection shall not be construed to supersede 7 or override the authority of the head of a Federal 8 agency to administer and operate a direct loan or 9 loan guarantee program.

"(5) TITLE 31.—All of the transactions provided in the subsection shall be subject to the provisions of subchapter II of chapter 15 of title 31,
United States Code.

14 "(6) TREATMENT OF CASH BALANCES.—Cash 15 balances of the financing accounts in excess of cur-16 rent requirements shall be maintained in a form of 17 uninvested funds and the Secretary of the Treasury 18 shall pay interest on these funds. The Secretary of 19 the Treasury shall charge (or pay if the amount is 20 negative) financing accounts an amount equal to the 21 risk component for a direct loan or loan guarantee, 22 or modification thereof. Such amount received by the 23 Secretary of the Treasury shall be a means of fi-24 nancing and shall not be considered a cash flow of 25 the Government for the purposes of section 502(5).

1	"(c) Authorization for Liquidating Ac-
2	COUNTS.—(1) Amounts in liquidating accounts shall be
3	available only for payments resulting from direct loan obli-
4	gations or loan guarantee commitments made prior to Oc-
5	tober 1, 1991, for—
6	"(A) interest payments and principal repay-
7	ments to the Treasury or the Federal Financing
8	Bank for amounts borrowed;
9	"(B) disbursements of loans;
10	"(C) default and other guarantee claim pay-
11	ments;
12	"(D) interest supplement payments;
13	"(E) payments for the costs of foreclosing,
14	managing, and selling collateral that are capitalized
15	or routinely deducted from the proceeds of sales;
16	"(F) payments to financing accounts when re-
17	quired for modifications;
18	"(G) administrative costs and essential preser-
19	vation expenses, if—
20	"(i) amounts credited to the liquidating ac-
21	count would have been available for administra-
22	tive costs and essential preservation expenses
23	under a provision of law in effect prior to Octo-
24	ber 1, 1991; and

"(ii) no direct loan obligation or loan guar antee commitment has been made, or any modi fication of a direct loan or loan guarantee has
 been made, since September 30, 1991; or

5 "(H) such other payments as are necessary for
6 the liquidation of such direct loan obligations and
7 loan guarantee commitments.

8 "(2) Amounts credited to liquidating accounts in any 9 year shall be available only for payments required in that 10 year. Any unobligated balances in liquidating accounts at 11 the end of a fiscal year shall be transferred to miscella-12 neous receipts as soon as practicable after the end of the 13 fiscal year.

"(3) If funds in liquidating accounts are insufficient
to satisfy obligations and commitments of such accounts,
there is hereby provided permanent, indefinite authority
to make any payments required to be made on such obligations and commitments.

19 "(d) REINSURANCE.—Nothing in this title shall be 20 construed as authorizing or requiring the purchase of in-21 surance or reinsurance on a direct loan or loan guarantee 22 from private insurers. If any such reinsurance for a direct 23 loan or loan guarantee is authorized, the cost of such in-24 surance and any recoveries to the Government shall be in-25 cluded in the calculation of the cost. "(e) ELIGIBILITY AND ASSISTANCE.—Nothing in this
 title shall be construed to change the authority or the re sponsibility of a Federal agency to determine the terms
 and conditions of eligibility for, or the amount of assist ance provided by a direct loan or a loan guarantee.

# 6 "SEC. 506. TREATMENT OF DEPOSIT INSURANCE AND AGEN7 CIES AND OTHER INSURANCE PROGRAMS.

8 "This title shall not apply to the credit or insurance 9 activities of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, 10 National Credit Union Administration, Resolution Trust 11 Corporation, Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation, Na-12 tional Flood Insurance, National Insurance Development 13 Fund, Crop Insurance, or Tennessee Valley Authority.

### 14 "SEC. 507. EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS.

15 "(a) EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS.—This title shall su-16 persede, modify, or repeal any provision of law enacted 17 prior to the date of enactment of this title to the extent 18 such provision is inconsistent with this title. Nothing in 19 this title shall be construed to establish a credit limitation 20 on any Federal loan or loan guarantee program.

21 "(b) CREDITING OF COLLECTIONS.—Collections re-22 sulting from direct loans obligated or loan guarantees 23 committed prior to October 1, 1991, shall be credited to 24 the liquidating accounts of Federal agencies. Amounts so 25 credited shall be available, to the same extent that they

were available prior to the date of enactment of this title, 1 to liquidate obligations arising from such direct loans obli-2 3 gated or loan guarantees committed prior to October 1, 4 1991, including repayment of any obligations held by the 5 Secretary of the Treasury or the Federal Financing Bank. 6 The unobligated balances of such accounts that are in ex-7 cess of current needs shall be transferred to the general 8 fund of the Treasury. Such transfers shall be made from 9 time to time but, at least once each year.".

10 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of con-11 tents set forth in section 1(b) of the Congressional Budget 12 and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 is amended by 13 striking the items relating to title V and inserting the fol-14 lowing:

### "TITLE V—FAIR VALUE

"See. 500. Short title.
"See. 501. Purposes.
"See. 502. Definitions.
"See. 503. OMB and CBO analysis, coordination, and review.
"See. 504. Budgetary treatment.
"See. 505. Authorizations.
"See. 506. Treatment of deposit insurance and agencies and other insurance programs.
"See. 507. Effect on other laws.".

### 15 SEC. 102. BUDGETARY ADJUSTMENT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 251(b)(1) of the Balanced
Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 is
amended by adding at the end the following new sentence:
"A change in discretionary spending solely as a result of
the amendment to title V of the Congressional Budget Act

of 1974 made by the Budget and Accounting Trans parency Act of 2014 shall be treated as a change of con cept under this paragraph.".

4 (b) **REPORT.**—Before adjusting the discretionary 5 caps pursuant to the authority provided in subsection (a), 6 the Office of Management and Budget shall report to the 7 Committees on the Budget of the House of Representa-8 tives and the Senate on the amount of that adjustment, 9 the methodology used in determining the size of that ad-10 justment, and a program-by-program itemization of the components of that adjustment. 11

(c) SCHEDULE.—The Office of Management and
Budget shall not make an adjustment pursuant to the authority provided in subsection (a) sooner than 60 days
after providing the report required in subsection (b).

### 16 SEC. 103. EFFECTIVE DATE.

17 The amendments made by section 101 shall take ef-18 fect beginning with fiscal year 2017.

# 19 TITLE II—BUDGETARY 20 TREATMENT

21 SEC. 201. CBO AND OMB STUDIES RESPECTING BUDGETING

# FOR COSTS OF FEDERAL INSURANCE PRO-GRAMS.

Not later than 1 year after the date of enactmentof this Act, the Directors of the Congressional Budget Of-

fice and of the Office of Management and Budget shall
 each prepare a study and make recommendations to the
 Committees on the Budget of the House of Representa tives and the Senate as to the feasability of applying fair
 value concepts to budgeting for the costs of Federal insur ance programs.

### 7 SEC. 202. ON-BUDGET STATUS OF FANNIE MAE AND 8 FREDDIE MAC.

9 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the re-10 ceipts and disbursements, including the administrative ex-11 penses, of the Federal National Mortgage Association and 12 the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation shall be 13 counted as new budget authority, outlays, receipts, or def-14 icit or surplus for purposes of—

- (1) the budget of the United States Govern-ment as submitted by the President;
- 17 (2) the congressional budget; and
- 18 (3) the Balanced Budget and Emergency Def-
- 19 icit Control Act of 1985.

### 20 SEC. 203. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Section 202 shall not apply with respect to an enterprise (as such term is defined in section 1303 of the Federal Housing Enterprises Financial Safety and Soundness
Act of 1992 (12 U.S.C. 4502)) after the date that all of
the following have occurred:

(1) The conservatorship for such enterprise
 under section 1367 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 4617)
 has been terminated.

4 (2) The Director of the Federal Housing Fi-5 nance Agency has certified in writing that such en-6 terprise has repaid to the Federal Government the 7 maximum amount consistent with minimizing total 8 cost to the Federal Government of the financial as-9 sistance provided to the enterprise by the Federal 10 Government pursuant to the amendments made by 11 section 1117 of the Housing and Economic Recovery 12 Act of 2008 (Public Law 110–289; 122 Stat. 2683) 13 or otherwise.

14 (3) The charter for the enterprise has been re15 voked, annulled, or terminated and the authorizing
16 statute (as such term is defined in such section
17 1303) with respect to the enterprise has been re18 pealed.

# 19 TITLE III—BUDGET REVIEW AND 20 ANALYSIS

21 SEC. 301. CBO AND OMB REVIEW AND RECOMMENDATIONS

22

### **RESPECTING RECEIPTS AND COLLECTIONS.**

Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
of this Act, the Director of the Office of Management and
Budget shall prepare a study of the history of offsetting

collections against expenditures and the amount of re-1 2 ceipts collected annually, the historical application of the budgetary terms "revenue", "offsetting collections", and 3 4 "offsetting receipts", and review the application of those 5 terms and make recommendations to the Committees on the Budget of the House of Representatives and the Sen-6 7 ate of whether such usage should be continued or modi-8 fied. The Director of the Congressional Budget Office 9 shall review the history and recommendations prepared by 10 the Director of the Office of Management and Budget and shall submit comments and recommendations to such 11 12 Committees.

### 13 SEC. 302. AGENCY BUDGET JUSTIFICATIONS.

14 Section 1108 of title 31, United States Code, is 15 amended by inserting at the end the following new sub-16 sections:

17 (h)(1) Whenever any agency prepares and submits written budget justification materials for any committee 18 19 of the House of Representatives or the Senate, such agen-20 cy shall post such budget justification on the same day 21 of such submission on the 'open' page of the public website 22 of the agency, and the Office of Management and Budget 23 shall post such budget justification in a centralized loca-24 tion on its website, in the format developed under para-25 graph (2). Each agency shall include with its written

budget justification the process and methodology the agen cy is using to comply with the Fair Value Accounting Act
 of 2014.

4 "(2) The Office of Management and Budget, in con-5 sultation with the Congressional Budget Office and the 6 Government Accountability Office, shall develop and notify 7 each agency of the format in which to post a budget jus-8 tification under paragraph (1). Such format shall be de-9 signed to ensure that posted budget justifications for all 10 agencies—

11 "(A) are searchable, sortable, and downloadable12 by the public;

13 "(B) are consistent with generally accepted 14 standards and practices for machine-discoverability; 15 "(C) are organized uniformly, in a logical man-16 ner that makes clear the contents of a budget jus-17 tification and relationships between data elements 18 within the budget justification and among similar 19 documents; and

20 "(D) use uniform identifiers, including for
21 agencies, bureaus, programs, and projects.

"(i)(1) Not later than the day that the Office of Management and Budget issues guidelines, regulations, or criteria to agencies on how to calculate the risk component
under the Fair Value Accounting Act of 2014, it shall sub-

mit a written report to the Committees on the Budget of
 the House of Representatives and the Senate containing
 all such guidelines, regulations, or criteria.

4 "(2) For fiscal year 2017 and each of the next four
5 fiscal years thereafter, the Comptroller General shall sub6 mit an annual report to the Committees on the Budget
7 of the House of Representatives and the Senate reviewing
8 and evaluating the progress of agencies in the implementa9 tion of the Fair Value Accounting Act of 2014.

"(3) Such guidelines, regulations, or criteria shall be
deemed to be a rule for purposes of section 553 of title
5 and shall be issued after notice and opportunity for public comment in accordance with the procedures under such
section.".

Passed the House of Representatives April 7, 2014. Attest:

Clerk.

# <sup>113</sup>TH CONGRESS H. R. 1872

# AN ACT

To amend the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 to increase transparency in Federal budgeting, and for other purposes.