As Introduced

135th General Assembly

Regular Session 2023-2024

H. B. No. 290

Representatives Weinstein, McNally

Cosponsors: Representatives Baker, Brewer, Brennan, Brown, Dell'Aquila, Galonski, Grim, İsaacsohn, Lightbody, Liston, Miller, A., Miller, J., Miranda, Mohamed, Russo, Skindell, Somani, Thomas, C., Upchurch

A BILL

То	amend sections 5747.01, 5747.08, and 5747.98 and	1
	to enact section 5747.36 of the Revised Code to	2
	authorize the refundable thriving families tax	3
	credit for certain income taxpayers with	4
	dependents who are minor children.	5

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 5/4/.01, 5/4/.08, and 5/4/.98 be	Ю
amended and section 5747.36 of the Revised Code be enacted to	7
read as follows:	8
Sec. 5747.01. Except as otherwise expressly provided or	9
clearly appearing from the context, any term used in this	10
chapter that is not otherwise defined in this section has the	11
same meaning as when used in a comparable context in the laws of	12
the United States relating to federal income taxes or if not	13
used in a comparable context in those laws, has the same meaning	14
as in section 5733.40 of the Revised Code. Any reference in this	15
chapter to the Internal Revenue Code includes other laws of the	16
United States relating to federal income taxes.	17

As used in this chapter:	18
(A) "Adjusted gross income" or "Ohio adjusted gross	19
income" means federal adjusted gross income, as defined and used	20
in the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as provided in this	21
section:	22
(1) Add interest or dividends on obligations or securities	23
of any state or of any political subdivision or authority of any	24
state, other than this state and its subdivisions and	25
authorities.	26
(2) Add interest or dividends on obligations of any	27
authority, commission, instrumentality, territory, or possession	28
of the United States to the extent that the interest or	29
dividends are exempt from federal income taxes but not from	30
state income taxes.	31
(3) Deduct interest or dividends on obligations of the	32
United States and its territories and possessions or of any	33
	34
authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States	
authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States to the extent that the interest or dividends are included in	35
	35 36
to the extent that the interest or dividends are included in	
to the extent that the interest or dividends are included in federal adjusted gross income but exempt from state income taxes	36
to the extent that the interest or dividends are included in federal adjusted gross income but exempt from state income taxes under the laws of the United States.	36 37
to the extent that the interest or dividends are included in federal adjusted gross income but exempt from state income taxes under the laws of the United States. (4) Deduct disability and survivor's benefits to the	36 37 38
to the extent that the interest or dividends are included in federal adjusted gross income but exempt from state income taxes under the laws of the United States. (4) Deduct disability and survivor's benefits to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income.	36 37 38 39
to the extent that the interest or dividends are included in federal adjusted gross income but exempt from state income taxes under the laws of the United States. (4) Deduct disability and survivor's benefits to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income. (5) Deduct the following, to the extent not otherwise	36 37 38 39 40
to the extent that the interest or dividends are included in federal adjusted gross income but exempt from state income taxes under the laws of the United States. (4) Deduct disability and survivor's benefits to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income. (5) Deduct the following, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income:	36 37 38 39 40 41
to the extent that the interest or dividends are included in federal adjusted gross income but exempt from state income taxes under the laws of the United States. (4) Deduct disability and survivor's benefits to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income. (5) Deduct the following, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross	36 37 38 39 40 41 42
to the extent that the interest or dividends are included in federal adjusted gross income but exempt from state income taxes under the laws of the United States. (4) Deduct disability and survivor's benefits to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income. (5) Deduct the following, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income: (a) Benefits under Title II of the Social Security Act and	36 37 38 39 40 41 42

railroad retirement benefits, to the extent such amounts are	46
exempt from state taxation under federal law.	47
(6) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not	48
otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been	49
allowable as a deduction in computing federal adjusted gross	50
income for the taxable year, had the work opportunity tax credit	51
allowed and determined under sections 38, 51, and 52 of the	52
Internal Revenue Code not been in effect.	53
(7) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent on public	54
obligations and purchase obligations to the extent that the	55
interest or interest equivalent is included in federal adjusted	56
gross income.	57
(8) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from the	58
sale, exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to	59
the extent that the loss has been deducted or the gain has been	60
included in computing federal adjusted gross income.	61
(9) Deduct or add amounts, as provided under section	62
5747.70 of the Revised Code, related to contributions made to or	63
tuition units purchased under a qualified tuition program	64
established pursuant to section 529 of the Internal Revenue	65
Code.	66
(10)(a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a	67
deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted	68
gross income for the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid	69
during the taxable year for medical care insurance and qualified	70
long-term care insurance for the taxpayer, the taxpayer's	71
spouse, and dependents. No deduction for medical care insurance	72
under division (A)(10)(a) of this section shall be allowed	73
either to any taxpayer who is eligible to participate in any	74

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subsidized health plan maintained by any employer of the	75
taxpayer or of the taxpayer's spouse, or to any taxpayer who is	76
entitled to, or on application would be entitled to, benefits	77
under part A of Title XVIII of the "Social Security Act," 49	78
Stat. 620 (1935), 42 U.S.C. 301, as amended. For the purposes of	79
division (A)(10)(a) of this section, "subsidized health plan"	80
means a health plan for which the employer pays any portion of	81
the plan's cost. The deduction allowed under division (A)(10)(a)	82
of this section shall be the net of any related premium refunds,	83
related premium reimbursements, or related insurance premium	84
dividends received during the taxable year.	85
(b) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	86

- (b) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income during the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid during the taxable year, not compensated for by any insurance or otherwise, for medical care of the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, and dependents, to the extent the expenses exceed seven and one-half per cent of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income.
- (c) For purposes of division (A)(10) of this section, 93 "medical care" has the meaning given in section 213 of the 94 Internal Revenue Code, subject to the special rules, 95 limitations, and exclusions set forth therein, and "qualified 96 long-term care" has the same meaning given in section 7702B(c) 97 of the Internal Revenue Code. Solely for purposes of division 98 (A) (10) (a) of this section, "dependent" includes a person who 99 otherwise would be a "qualifying relative" and thus a 100 "dependent" under section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code but 101 for the fact that the person fails to meet the income and 102 support limitations under section 152(d)(1)(B) and (C) of the 103 Internal Revenue Code. 104

(11)(a) Deduct any amount included in federal adjusted	105
gross income solely because the amount represents a	106
reimbursement or refund of expenses that in any year the	107
taxpayer had deducted as an itemized deduction pursuant to	108
section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code and applicable United	109
States department of the treasury regulations. The deduction	110
otherwise allowed under division (A)(11)(a) of this section	111
shall be reduced to the extent the reimbursement is attributable	112
to an amount the taxpayer deducted under this section in any	113
taxable year.	114
(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio adjusted	115
gross income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount	116
is attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any	117
amount deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio	118
adjusted gross income in any taxable year.	119
(12) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in	120
section 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying	121
previously reported income received under a claim of right, that	122
meets both of the following requirements:	123
(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was	124
included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for a prior	125
taxable year and did not qualify for a credit under division (A)	126
or (B) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code for that year;	127
(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's adjusted	128
gross income for the current or any other taxable year.	129
(13) Deduct an amount equal to the deposits made to, and	130
net investment earnings of, a medical savings account during the	131
taxable year, in accordance with section 3924.66 of the Revised	132
Code. The deduction allowed by division (A) (13) of this section	133

does not apply to medical savings account deposits and earnings	134
otherwise deducted or excluded for the current or any other	135
taxable year from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income.	136
(14)(a) Add an amount equal to the funds withdrawn from a	137
medical savings account during the taxable year, and the net	138
investment earnings on those funds, when the funds withdrawn	139
were used for any purpose other than to reimburse an account	140
holder for, or to pay, eligible medical expenses, in accordance	141
with section 3924.66 of the Revised Code;	142
(b) Add the amounts distributed from a medical savings	143
account under division (A)(2) of section 3924.68 of the Revised	144
Code during the taxable year.	145
(15) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section	146
5747.059 of the Revised Code to the extent that such amount	147
satisfies either of the following:	148
(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the	149
computation of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income as	150
required to be reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under	151
the Internal Revenue Code;	152
(b) The amount resulted in a reduction of the taxpayer's	153
federal adjusted gross income as required to be reported for any	154
of the taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code.	155
(16) Deduct the amount contributed by the taxpayer to an	156
individual development account program established by a county	157
department of job and family services pursuant to sections	158
329.11 to 329.14 of the Revised Code for the purpose of matching	159
funds deposited by program participants. On request of the tax	160
commissioner, the taxpayer shall provide any information that,	161
in the tax commissioner's opinion, is necessary to establish the	162

amount deducted under division (A)(16) of this section.	163
(17)(a)(i) Subject to divisions (A)(17)(a)(iii), (iv), and	164
(v) of this section, add five-sixths of the amount of	165
depreciation expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of	166
the Internal Revenue Code, including the taxpayer's	167
proportionate or distributive share of the amount of	168
depreciation expense allowed by that subsection to a pass-	169
through entity in which the taxpayer has a direct or indirect	170
ownership interest.	171
(ii) Subject to divisions (A)(17)(a)(iii), (iv), and (v)	172
of this section, add five-sixths of the amount of qualifying	173
section 179 depreciation expense, including the taxpayer's	174
proportionate or distributive share of the amount of qualifying	175
section 179 depreciation expense allowed to any pass-through	176
entity in which the taxpayer has a direct or indirect ownership	177
interest.	178
(iii) Subject to division (A)(17)(a)(v) of this section,	179
for taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, if the	180
increase in income taxes withheld by the taxpayer is equal to or	181
greater than ten per cent of income taxes withheld by the	182
taxpayer during the taxpayer's immediately preceding taxable	183
year, "two-thirds" shall be substituted for "five-sixths" for	184
the purpose of divisions (A)(17)(a)(i) and (ii) of this section.	185
(iv) Subject to division (A)(17)(a)(v) of this section,	186
for taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, a taxpayer is	187
not required to add an amount under division (A)(17) of this	188
section if the increase in income taxes withheld by the taxpayer	189
and by any pass-through entity in which the taxpayer has a	190
direct or indirect ownership interest is equal to or greater	191
than the sum of (I) the amount of qualifying section 179	192

depreciation expense and (II) the amount of depreciation expense	193
allowed to the taxpayer by subsection (k) of section 168 of the	194
Internal Revenue Code, and including the taxpayer's	195
proportionate or distributive shares of such amounts allowed to	196
any such pass-through entities.	197
(v) If a taxpayer directly or indirectly incurs a net	198
operating loss for the taxable year for federal income tax	199
purposes, to the extent such loss resulted from depreciation	200
expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal	201
Revenue Code and by qualifying section 179 depreciation expense,	202
"the entire" shall be substituted for "five-sixths of the" for	203
the purpose of divisions (A)(17)(a)(i) and (ii) of this section.	204
The tax commissioner, under procedures established by the	205
commissioner, may waive the add-backs related to a pass-through	206
entity if the taxpayer owns, directly or indirectly, less than	207
five per cent of the pass-through entity.	208
(b) Nothing in division (A)(17) of this section shall be	209
construed to adjust or modify the adjusted basis of any asset.	210
(c) To the extent the add-back required under division (A)	211
(17)(a) of this section is attributable to property generating	212
nonbusiness income or loss allocated under section 5747.20 of	213
the Revised Code, the add-back shall be sitused to the same	214
location as the nonbusiness income or loss generated by the	215
property for the purpose of determining the credit under	216
division (A) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code. Otherwise,	217
the add-back shall be apportioned, subject to one or more of the	218
four alternative methods of apportionment enumerated in section	219
5747.21 of the Revised Code.	220
(d) For the purposes of division (A)(17)(a)(v) of this	221

section, net operating loss carryback and carryforward shall not	222
include the allowance of any net operating loss deduction	223
carryback or carryforward to the taxable year to the extent such	224
loss resulted from depreciation allowed by section 168(k) of the	225
Internal Revenue Code and by the qualifying section 179	226
depreciation expense amount.	227
(e) For the purposes of divisions (A)(17) and (18) of this	228
section:	229
(i) "Income taxes withheld" means the total amount	230
withheld and remitted under sections 5747.06 and 5747.07 of the	231
Revised Code by an employer during the employer's taxable year.	232
(ii) "Increase in income taxes withheld" means the amount	233
by which the amount of income taxes withheld by an employer	234
during the employer's current taxable year exceeds the amount of	235
income taxes withheld by that employer during the employer's	236
immediately preceding taxable year.	237
(iii) "Qualifying section 179 depreciation expense" means	238
the difference between (I) the amount of depreciation expense	239
directly or indirectly allowed to a taxpayer under section 179	240
of the Internal Revised Code, and (II) the amount of	241
depreciation expense directly or indirectly allowed to the	242
taxpayer under section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code as that	243
section existed on December 31, 2002.	244
(18)(a) If the taxpayer was required to add an amount	245
under division (A)(17)(a) of this section for a taxable year,	246
deduct one of the following:	247
(i) One-fifth of the amount so added for each of the five	248
succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was five-sixths	249
of qualifying section 179 depreciation expense or depreciation	250

expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal	251
Revenue Code;	252
(ii) One-half of the amount so added for each of the two	253
succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was two-thirds	254
of such depreciation expense;	255
(iii) One-sixth of the amount so added for each of the six	256
succeeding taxable years if the entire amount of such	257
depreciation expense was so added.	258
(b) If the amount deducted under division (A)(18)(a) of	259
this section is attributable to an add-back allocated under	260
division (A)(17)(c) of this section, the amount deducted shall	261
be sitused to the same location. Otherwise, the add-back shall	262
be apportioned using the apportionment factors for the taxable	263
year in which the deduction is taken, subject to one or more of	264
the four alternative methods of apportionment enumerated in	265
section 5747.21 of the Revised Code.	266
(c) No deduction is available under division (A)(18)(a) of	267
this section with regard to any depreciation allowed by section	268
168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code and by the qualifying	269
section 179 depreciation expense amount to the extent that such	270
depreciation results in or increases a federal net operating	271
loss carryback or carryforward. If no such deduction is	272
available for a taxable year, the taxpayer may carry forward the	273
amount not deducted in such taxable year to the next taxable	274
year and add that amount to any deduction otherwise available	275
under division (A)(18)(a) of this section for that next taxable	276
year. The carryforward of amounts not so deducted shall continue	277
until the entire addition required by division (A)(17)(a) of	278
this section has been deducted.	279

(19) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	280
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	281
the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the	282
taxable year as reimbursement for life insurance premiums under	283
section 5919.31 of the Revised Code.	284
(20) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	285
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	286
the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the	287
taxable year as a death benefit paid by the adjutant general	288
under section 5919.33 of the Revised Code.	289
(21) Deduct, to the extent included in federal adjusted	290
gross income and not otherwise allowable as a deduction or	291
exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	292
the taxable year, military pay and allowances received by the	293
taxpayer during the taxable year for active duty service in the	294
United States army, air force, navy, marine corps, or coast	295
guard or reserve components thereof or the national guard. The	296
deduction may not be claimed for military pay and allowances	297
received by the taxpayer while the taxpayer is stationed in this	298
state.	299
(22) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a	300
deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted	301
gross income for the taxable year and not otherwise compensated	302
for by any other source, the amount of qualified organ donation	303
expenses incurred by the taxpayer during the taxable year, not	304
to exceed ten thousand dollars. A taxpayer may deduct qualified	305
organ donation expenses only once for all taxable years	306
beginning with taxable years beginning in 2007.	307

For the purposes of division (A)(22) of this section:

(a) "Human organ" means all or any portion of a human	309
liver, pancreas, kidney, intestine, or lung, and any portion of	310
human bone marrow.	311
(b) "Qualified organ donation expenses" means travel	312

- (b) "Qualified organ donation expenses" means travel 312 expenses, lodging expenses, and wages and salary forgone by a 313 taxpayer in connection with the taxpayer's donation, while 314 living, of one or more of the taxpayer's human organs to another 315 human being. 316
- 317 (23) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for 318 the taxable year, amounts received by the taxpayer as retired 319 personnel pay for service in the uniformed services or reserve 320 components thereof, or the national guard, or received by the 321 surviving spouse or former spouse of such a taxpayer under the 322 survivor benefit plan on account of such a taxpayer's death. If 323 the taxpayer receives income on account of retirement paid under 324 the federal civil service retirement system or federal employees 325 retirement system, or under any successor retirement program 326 enacted by the congress of the United States that is established 327 and maintained for retired employees of the United States 328 government, and such retirement income is based, in whole or in 329 part, on credit for the taxpayer's uniformed service, the 330 deduction allowed under this division shall include only that 331 portion of such retirement income that is attributable to the 332 taxpayer's uniformed service, to the extent that portion of such 333 retirement income is otherwise included in federal adjusted 334 gross income and is not otherwise deducted under this section. 335 Any amount deducted under division (A) (23) of this section is 336 not included in a taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the 337 purposes of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code. No amount may 338 be deducted under division (A)(23) of this section on the basis 339

of which a credit was claimed under section 5747.055 of the	340
Revised Code.	341
(24) Daduct to the outent not otherwise deducted on	2.4.0
(24) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	342
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	343
the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the	344
taxable year from the military injury relief fund created in	345
section 5902.05 of the Revised Code.	346
(25) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	347
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	348
the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received as a veterans	349
bonus during the taxable year from the Ohio department of	350
veterans services as authorized by Section 2r of Article VIII,	351
Ohio Constitution.	352
(26) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	353
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	354
the taxable year, any income derived from a transfer agreement	355
or from the enterprise transferred under that agreement under	356
section 4313.02 of the Revised Code.	357
(27) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	358
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	359
the taxable year, Ohio college opportunity or federal Pell grant	360
amounts received by the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse or	361
dependent pursuant to section 3333.122 of the Revised Code or 20	362
U.S.C. 1070a, et seq., and used to pay room or board furnished	363
by the educational institution for which the grant was awarded	364
at the institution's facilities, including meal plans	365
administered by the institution. For the purposes of this	366
division, receipt of a grant includes the distribution of a	367
grant directly to an educational institution and the crediting	368
of the grant to the enrolled's account with the institution	360

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(28) Deduct from the portion of an individual's federal	370
adjusted gross income that is business income, to the extent not	371
otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal adjusted	372
gross income for the taxable year, one hundred twenty-five	373
thousand dollars for each spouse if spouses file separate	374
returns under section 5747.08 of the Revised Code or two hundred	375
fifty thousand dollars for all other individuals.	376
(29) Deduct, as provided under section 5747.78 of the	377
Revised Code, contributions to ABLE savings accounts made in	378
accordance with sections 113.50 to 113.56 of the Revised Code.	379
(30)(a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	380
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income	381
during the taxable year, all of the following:	382
(i) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described	383
in division (A)(14)(a) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to	384
the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in	385
this state during a disaster response period pursuant to a	386
qualifying solicitation received by the employee's employer;	387
(ii) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described	388
in division (A)(14)(b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to	389
the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in	390
this state by the employee during the disaster response period	391
on critical infrastructure owned or used by the employee's	392
employer;	393
(iii) Income received by an out-of-state disaster business	394
for disaster work conducted in this state during a disaster	395
response period, or, if the out-of-state disaster business is a	396
pass-through entity, a taxpayer's distributive share of the	397

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pass-through entity's income from the business conducting

disaster work in this state during a disaster response period,	399
if, in either case, the disaster work is conducted pursuant to a	400
qualifying solicitation received by the business.	401
(b) All terms used in division (A)(30) of this section	402
have the same meanings as in section 5703.94 of the Revised	403
Code.	404
(31) For a taxpayer who is a qualifying Ohio educator,	405
deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in	406
computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable	407
year, the lesser of two hundred fifty dollars or the amount of	408
expenses described in subsections (a)(2)(D)(i) and (ii) of	409
section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code paid or incurred by the	410
taxpayer during the taxpayer's taxable year in excess of the	411
amount the taxpayer is authorized to deduct for that taxable	412
year under subsection (a)(2)(D) of that section.	413
(32) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	414
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	415
the taxable year, amounts received by the taxpayer as a	416
disability severance payment, computed under 10 U.S.C. 1212,	417
following discharge or release under honorable conditions from	418
the armed forces, as defined by 10 U.S.C. 101.	419
(33) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	420
excluded in computing federal adjusted gross income or Ohio	421
adjusted gross income, amounts not subject to tax due to an	422
agreement entered into under division (A)(2) of section 5747.05	423
of the Revised Code.	424
(34) Deduct amounts as provided under section 5747.79 of	425
the Revised Code related to the taxpayer's qualifying capital	426
gains and deductible payroll.	427

To the extent a qualifying capital gain described under	428
division (A)(34) of this section is business income, the	429
taxpayer shall deduct those gains under this division before	430
deducting any such gains under division (A)(28) of this section.	431
(35)(a) For taxable years beginning in or after 2026,	432
deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in	433
computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable	434
year:	435
(i) One hundred per cent of the capital gain received by	436
the taxpayer in the taxable year from a qualifying interest in	437
an Ohio venture capital operating company attributable to the	438
company's investments in Ohio businesses during the period for	439
which the company was an Ohio venture operating company; and	440
(ii) Fifty per cent of the capital gain received by the	441
taxpayer in the taxable year from a qualifying interest in an	442
Ohio venture capital operating company attributable to the	443
company's investments in all other businesses during the period	444
for which the company was an Ohio venture operating company.	445
(b) Add amounts previously deducted by the taxpayer under	446
division (A)(35)(a) of this section if the director of	447
development certifies to the tax commissioner that the	448
requirements for the deduction were not met.	449
(c) All terms used in division (A)(35) of this section	450
have the same meanings as in section 122.851 of the Revised	451
Code.	452
(d) To the extent a capital gain described in division (A)	453
(35)(a) of this section is business income, the taxpayer shall	454
apply that division before applying division (A)(28) of this	455
section.	456

(36) Add, to the extent not otherwise included in	457
computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for any taxable	458
year, the taxpayer's proportionate share of the amount of the	459
tax levied under section 5747.38 of the Revised Code and paid by	460
an electing pass-through entity for the taxable year.	461
(37) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	462
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	463
the taxable year, amounts delivered to a qualifying institution	464
pursuant to section 3333.128 of the Revised Code for the benefit	465
of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse or dependent.	466
(38) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	467
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	468
the taxable year, amounts received under the Ohio adoption grant	469
program pursuant to section 5101.191 of the Revised Code.	470
(39) Deduct, to the extent included in federal adjusted	471
gross income, income attributable to loan repayments on behalf	472
of the taxpayer under the rural practice incentive program under	473
section 3333.135 of the Revised Code.	474
(40) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	475
excluded in computing federal adjusted gross income or Ohio	476
adjusted gross income, refund amounts received from the thriving	477
families tax credit authorized under section 5747.36 of the	478
Revised Code.	479
(B) "Business income" means income, including gain or	480
loss, arising from transactions, activities, and sources in the	481
regular course of a trade or business and includes income, gain,	482
or loss from real property, tangible property, and intangible	483
property if the acquisition, rental, management, and disposition	484
of the property constitute integral parts of the regular course	485

of a trade or business operation. "Business income" includes	486
income, including gain or loss, from a partial or complete	487
liquidation of a business, including, but not limited to, gain	488
or loss from the sale or other disposition of goodwill or the	489
sale of an equity or ownership interest in a business.	490
As used in this division, the "sale of an equity or	491
ownership interest in a business" means sales to which either or	492
both of the following apply:	493
(1) The sale is treated for federal income tax purposes as	494
the sale of assets.	495
(2) The seller materially participated, as described in 26	496
C.F.R. 1.469-5T, in the activities of the business during the	497
taxable year in which the sale occurs or during any of the five	498
preceding taxable years.	499
(C) "Nonbusiness income" means all income other than	500
business income and may include, but is not limited to,	501
compensation, rents and royalties from real or tangible personal	502
property, capital gains, interest, dividends and distributions,	503
patent or copyright royalties, or lottery winnings, prizes, and	504
awards.	505
(D) "Compensation" means any form of remuneration paid to	506
an employee for personal services.	507
(E) "Fiduciary" means a guardian, trustee, executor,	508
administrator, receiver, conservator, or any other person acting	509
in any fiduciary capacity for any individual, trust, or estate.	510
(F) "Fiscal year" means an accounting period of twelve	511
months ending on the last day of any month other than December.	512
(G) "Individual" means any natural person.	513

(H) "Internal Revenue Code" means the "Internal Revenue	514
Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 1, as amended.	515
(I) "Resident" means any of the following:	516
(1) An individual who is domiciled in this state, subject	517
to section 5747.24 of the Revised Code;	518
(2) The estate of a decedent who at the time of death was	519
domiciled in this state. The domicile tests of section 5747.24	520
of the Revised Code are not controlling for purposes of division	521
(I)(2) of this section.	522
(3) A trust that, in whole or part, resides in this state.	523
If only part of a trust resides in this state, the trust is a	524
resident only with respect to that part.	525
For the purposes of division (I)(3) of this section:	526
(a) A trust resides in this state for the trust's current	527
taxable year to the extent, as described in division (I)(3)(d)	528
of this section, that the trust consists directly or indirectly,	529
in whole or in part, of assets, net of any related liabilities,	530
that were transferred, or caused to be transferred, directly or	531
indirectly, to the trust by any of the following:	532
(i) A person, a court, or a governmental entity or	533
instrumentality on account of the death of a decedent, but only	534
if the trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(i) or (ii) of	535
this section;	536
(ii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the	537
purposes of this chapter when the person directly or indirectly	538
transferred assets to an irrevocable trust, but only if at least	539
one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this	540
state for the purposes of this chapter during all or some	541

portion of the trust's current taxable year;	542
(iii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the	543
purposes of this chapter when the trust document or instrument	544
or part of the trust document or instrument became irrevocable,	545
but only if at least one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries	546
is a resident domiciled in this state for the purposes of this	547
chapter during all or some portion of the trust's current	548
taxable year. If a trust document or instrument became	549
irrevocable upon the death of a person who at the time of death	550
was domiciled in this state for purposes of this chapter, that	551
person is a person described in division (I)(3)(a)(iii) of this	552
section.	553
(b) A trust is irrevocable to the extent that the	554
transferor is not considered to be the owner of the net assets	555
of the trust under sections 671 to 678 of the Internal Revenue	556
Code.	557
(c) With respect to a trust other than a charitable lead	558
trust, "qualifying beneficiary" has the same meaning as	559
"potential current beneficiary" as defined in section 1361(e)(2)	560
of the Internal Revenue Code, and with respect to a charitable	561
lead trust "qualifying beneficiary" is any current, future, or	562
contingent beneficiary, but with respect to any trust	563
"qualifying beneficiary" excludes a person or a governmental	564
entity or instrumentality to any of which a contribution would	565
qualify for the charitable deduction under section 170 of the	566
Internal Revenue Code.	567
(d) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a) of this	568
section, the extent to which a trust consists directly or	569
indirectly, in whole or in part, of assets, net of any related	570
liabilities, that were transferred directly or indirectly, in	571

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whole or part, to the trust by any of the sources enumerated in	572
that division shall be ascertained by multiplying the fair	573
market value of the trust's assets, net of related liabilities,	574
by the qualifying ratio, which shall be computed as follows:	575
(i) The first time the trust receives assets, the	576
numerator of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of	577
those assets at that time, net of any related liabilities, from	578
sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this section. The	579
denominator of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of	580
all the trust's assets at that time, net of any related	581
liabilities.	582
(ii) Each subsequent time the trust receives assets, a	583
revised qualifying ratio shall be computed. The numerator of the	584
revised qualifying ratio is the sum of (1) the fair market value	585
of the trust's assets immediately prior to the subsequent	586
transfer, net of any related liabilities, multiplied by the	587
qualifying ratio last computed without regard to the subsequent	588
transfer, and (2) the fair market value of the subsequently	589
transferred assets at the time transferred, net of any related	590
liabilities, from sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of	591
this section. The denominator of the revised qualifying ratio is	592
the fair market value of all the trust's assets immediately	593
after the subsequent transfer, net of any related liabilities.	594
(iii) Whether a transfer to the trust is by or from any of	595
the sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this section	596
shall be ascertained without regard to the domicile of the	597
trust's beneficiaries.	598
(e) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a)(i) of this	599

600

section:

(i) A trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(i) of this	601
section if the trust is a testamentary trust and the testator of	602
that testamentary trust was domiciled in this state at the time	603
of the testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under	604
Chapter 5731. of the Revised Code.	605
(ii) A trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(ii) of	606
this section if the transfer is a qualifying transfer described	607
in any of divisions (I)(3)(f)(i) to (vi) of this section, the	608
trust is an irrevocable inter vivos trust, and at least one of	609
the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this state	610
for purposes of this chapter during all or some portion of the	611
trust's current taxable year.	612
(f) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(e)(ii) of this	613
section, a "qualifying transfer" is a transfer of assets, net of	614
any related liabilities, directly or indirectly to a trust, if	615
the transfer is described in any of the following:	616
(i) The transfer is made to a trust, created by the	617
decedent before the decedent's death and while the decedent was	618
domiciled in this state for the purposes of this chapter, and,	619
prior to the death of the decedent, the trust became irrevocable	620
while the decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes	621
of this chapter.	622
(ii) The transfer is made to a trust to which the	623
decedent, prior to the decedent's death, had directly or	624
indirectly transferred assets, net of any related liabilities,	625
while the decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes	626
of this chapter, and prior to the death of the decedent the	627
trust became irrevocable while the decedent was domiciled in	628

629

this state for the purposes of this chapter.

(iii) The transfer is made on account of a contractual	630
relationship existing directly or indirectly between the	631
transferor and either the decedent or the estate of the decedent	632
at any time prior to the date of the decedent's death, and the	633
decedent was domiciled in this state at the time of death for	634
purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter 5731. of the Revised	635
Code.	636
(iv) The transfer is made to a trust on account of a	637
contractual relationship existing directly or indirectly between	638
the transferor and another person who at the time of the	639
decedent's death was domiciled in this state for purposes of	640
this chapter.	641
(v) The transfer is made to a trust on account of the will	642
of a testator who was domiciled in this state at the time of the	643
testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter	644
5731. of the Revised Code.	645
(vi) The transfer is made to a trust created by or caused	646
to be created by a court, and the trust was directly or	647
indirectly created in connection with or as a result of the	648
death of an individual who, for purposes of the taxes levied	649
under Chapter 5731. of the Revised Code, was domiciled in this	650
state at the time of the individual's death.	651
(g) The tax commissioner may adopt rules to ascertain the	652
part of a trust residing in this state.	653
(J) "Nonresident" means an individual or estate that is	654
not a resident. An individual who is a resident for only part of	655
a taxable year is a nonresident for the remainder of that	656
taxable year.	657
(K) "Pass-through entity" has the same meaning as in	658

section 5733.04 of the Revised Code.	659
(L) "Return" means the notifications and reports required	660
to be filed pursuant to this chapter for the purpose of	661
reporting the tax due and includes declarations of estimated tax	662
when so required.	663
(M) "Taxable year" means the calendar year or the	664
taxpayer's fiscal year ending during the calendar year, or	665
fractional part thereof, upon which the adjusted gross income is	666
calculated pursuant to this chapter.	667
(N) "Taxpayer" means any person subject to the tax imposed	668
by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code or any pass-through	669
entity that makes the election under division (D) of section	670
5747.08 of the Revised Code.	671
(O) "Dependents" means one of the following:	672
(1) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,	673
2018, and before January 1, 2026, dependents as defined in the	674
Internal Revenue Code;	675
(2) For all other taxable years, dependents as defined in	676
the Internal Revenue Code and as claimed in the taxpayer's	677
federal income tax return for the taxable year or which the	678
taxpayer would have been permitted to claim had the taxpayer	679
filed a federal income tax return.	680
(P) "Principal county of employment" means, in the case of	681
a nonresident, the county within the state in which a taxpayer	682
performs services for an employer or, if those services are	683
performed in more than one county, the county in which the major	684
portion of the services are performed.	685
(Q) As used in sections 5747.50 to 5747.55 of the Revised	686

Code:	687
(1) "Subdivision" means any county, municipal corporation,	688
park district, or township.	689
(2) "Essential local government purposes" includes all	690
functions that any subdivision is required by general law to	691
exercise, including like functions that are exercised under a	692
charter adopted pursuant to the Ohio Constitution.	693
(R) "Overpayment" means any amount already paid that	694
exceeds the figure determined to be the correct amount of the	695
tax.	696
(S) "Taxable income" or "Ohio taxable income" applies only	697
to estates and trusts, and means federal taxable income, as	698
defined and used in the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as	699
follows:	700
(1) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary,	701
and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal	702
taxable income, on obligations or securities of any state or of	703
any political subdivision or authority of any state, other than	704
this state and its subdivisions and authorities, but only to the	705
extent that such net amount is not otherwise includible in Ohio	706
taxable income and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or	707
(b) of this section:	708
(a) The net amount is not attributable to the S portion of	709
an electing small business trust and has not been distributed to	710
beneficiaries for the taxable year;	711
(b) The net amount is attributable to the S portion of an	712
electing small business trust for the taxable year.	713
(2) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary,	714

and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal	715
taxable income, on obligations of any authority, commission,	716
instrumentality, territory, or possession of the United States	717
to the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from	718
federal income taxes but not from state income taxes, but only	719
to the extent that such net amount is not otherwise includible	720
in Ohio taxable income and is described in either division (S)	721
(1) (a) or (b) of this section;	722
(3) Add the amount of personal exemption allowed to the	723
estate pursuant to section 642(b) of the Internal Revenue Code;	724
(4) Deduct interest or dividends, net of related expenses	725
deducted in computing federal taxable income, on obligations of	726
the United States and its territories and possessions or of any	727
authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States	728
to the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from	729
state taxes under the laws of the United States, but only to the	730
extent that such amount is included in federal taxable income	731
and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or (b) of this	732
section;	733
(5) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not	734
otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been	735
allowable as a deduction in computing federal taxable income for	736
the taxable year, had the work opportunity tax credit allowed	737
under sections 38, 51, and 52 of the Internal Revenue Code not	738
been in effect, but only to the extent such amount relates	739
either to income included in federal taxable income for the	740
taxable year or to income of the S portion of an electing small	741
business trust for the taxable year;	742
(6) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent, net of	743

related expenses deducted in computing federal taxable income,

on public obligations and purchase obligations, but only to the	745
extent that such net amount relates either to income included in	746
federal taxable income for the taxable year or to income of the	747
S portion of an electing small business trust for the taxable	748
year;	749
(7) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from sale,	750
exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to the	751
extent that such loss has been deducted or such gain has been	752
included in computing either federal taxable income or income of	753
the S portion of an electing small business trust for the	754
taxable year;	755
(8) Except in the case of the final return of an estate,	756
add any amount deducted by the taxpayer on both its Ohio estate	757
tax return pursuant to section 5731.14 of the Revised Code, and	758
on its federal income tax return in determining federal taxable	759
income;	760
(9)(a) Deduct any amount included in federal taxable	761
income solely because the amount represents a reimbursement or	762
refund of expenses that in a previous year the decedent had	763
deducted as an itemized deduction pursuant to section 63 of the	764
Internal Revenue Code and applicable treasury regulations. The	765
deduction otherwise allowed under division (S)(9)(a) of this	766
section shall be reduced to the extent the reimbursement is	767
attributable to an amount the taxpayer or decedent deducted	768
under this section in any taxable year.	769
(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio taxable	770
income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount is	771
attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any	772
amount deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio taxable	773
income in any taxable year, but only to the extent such amount	774

has not been distributed to beneficiaries for the taxable year.	775
(10) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in	776
section 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying	777
previously reported income received under a claim of right, that	778
meets both of the following requirements:	779
(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was	780
included in the taxpayer's taxable income or the decedent's	781
adjusted gross income for a prior taxable year and did not	782
qualify for a credit under division (A) or (B) of section	783
5747.05 of the Revised Code for that year.	784
(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's taxable	785
income or the decedent's adjusted gross income for the current	786
or any other taxable year.	787
(11) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section	788
5747.059 of the Revised Code to the extent that the amount	789
satisfies either of the following:	790
(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the	791
computation of the taxpayer's federal taxable income as required	792
to be reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under the	793
Internal Revenue Code;	794
(b) The amount resulted in a reduction in the taxpayer's	795
federal taxable income as required to be reported for any of the	796
taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code.	797
(12) Deduct any amount, net of related expenses deducted	798
in computing federal taxable income, that a trust is required to	799
report as farm income on its federal income tax return, but only	800
if the assets of the trust include at least ten acres of land	801
satisfying the definition of "land devoted exclusively to	802
agricultural use" under section 5713.30 of the Revised Code,	803

regardless of whether the land is valued for tax purposes as	804
such land under sections 5713.30 to 5713.38 of the Revised Code.	805
If the trust is a pass-through entity investor, section 5747.231	806
of the Revised Code applies in ascertaining if the trust is	807
eligible to claim the deduction provided by division (S)(12) of	808
this section in connection with the pass-through entity's farm	809
income.	810
Except for farm income attributable to the S portion of an	811
electing small business trust, the deduction provided by	812
division (S)(12) of this section is allowed only to the extent	813
that the trust has not distributed such farm income.	814
(13) Add the net amount of income described in section	815
641(c) of the Internal Revenue Code to the extent that amount is	816
not included in federal taxable income.	817
(14) Add or deduct the amount the taxpayer would be	818
required to add or deduct under division (A)(17) or (18) of this	819
section if the taxpayer's Ohio taxable income were computed in	820
the same manner as an individual's Ohio adjusted gross income is	821
computed under this section.	822
(15) Add, to the extent not otherwise included in	823
computing taxable income or Ohio taxable income for any taxable	824
year, the taxpayer's proportionate share of the amount of the	825
tax levied under section 5747.38 of the Revised Code and paid by	826
an electing pass-through entity for the taxable year.	827
(T) "School district income" and "school district income	828
tax" have the same meanings as in section 5748.01 of the Revised	829
Code.	830
(U) As used in divisions (A)(7), (A)(8), (S)(6), and (S)	831
(7) of this section, "public obligations," "purchase	832

obligations," and "interest or interest equivalent" have the	833
same meanings as in section 5709.76 of the Revised Code.	834
(V) "Limited liability company" means any limited	835
liability company formed under <u>former</u> Chapter 1705. or <u>of the</u>	836
Revised Code as that chapter existed prior to February 11, 2022,	837
Chapter 1706. of the Revised Code, or under the laws of any	838
other state.	839
(W) "Pass-through entity investor" means any person who,	840
during any portion of a taxable year of a pass-through entity,	841
is a partner, member, shareholder, or equity investor in that	842
pass-through entity.	843
(X) "Banking day" has the same meaning as in section	844
1304.01 of the Revised Code.	845
(Y) "Month" means a calendar month.	846
(Z) "Quarter" means the first three months, the second	847
three months, the third three months, or the last three months	848
of the taxpayer's taxable year.	849
(AA)(1) "Modified business income" means the business	850
income included in a trust's Ohio taxable income after such	851
taxable income is first reduced by the qualifying trust amount,	852
if any.	853
(2) "Qualifying trust amount" of a trust means capital	854
gains and losses from the sale, exchange, or other disposition	855
of equity or ownership interests in, or debt obligations of, a	856
qualifying investee to the extent included in the trust's Ohio	857
taxable income, but only if the following requirements are	858
satisfied:	859
(a) The book value of the qualifying investee's physical	860

assets in this state and everywhere, as of the last day of the	861
qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately	862
prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or	863
loss, is available to the trust.	864
(b) The requirements of section 5747.011 of the Revised	865
Code are satisfied for the trust's taxable year in which the	866
trust recognizes the gain or loss.	867
Any gain or loss that is not a qualifying trust amount is	868
modified business income, qualifying investment income, or	869
modified nonbusiness income, as the case may be.	870
(3) "Modified nonbusiness income" means a trust's Ohio	871
taxable income other than modified business income, other than	872
the qualifying trust amount, and other than qualifying	873
investment income, as defined in section 5747.012 of the Revised	874
Code, to the extent such qualifying investment income is not	875
otherwise part of modified business income.	876
(4) "Modified Ohio taxable income" applies only to trusts,	877
and means the sum of the amounts described in divisions (AA)(4)	878
(a) to (c) of this section:	879
(a) The fraction, calculated under section 5747.013, and	880
applying section 5747.231 of the Revised Code, multiplied by the	881
sum of the following amounts:	882
(i) The trust's modified business income;	883
(ii) The trust's qualifying investment income, as defined	884
in section 5747.012 of the Revised Code, but only to the extent	885
the qualifying investment income does not otherwise constitute	886
modified business income and does not otherwise constitute a	887
qualifying trust amount.	888

(b) The qualifying trust amount multiplied by a fraction,	889
the numerator of which is the sum of the book value of the	890
qualifying investee's physical assets in this state on the last	891
day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending	892
immediately prior to the day on which the trust recognizes the	893
qualifying trust amount, and the denominator of which is the sum	894
of the book value of the qualifying investee's total physical	895
assets everywhere on the last day of the qualifying investee's	896
fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the day on	897
which the trust recognizes the qualifying trust amount. If, for	898
a taxable year, the trust recognizes a qualifying trust amount	899
with respect to more than one qualifying investee, the amount	900
described in division (AA)(4)(b) of this section shall equal the	901
sum of the products so computed for each such qualifying	902
investee.	903

- (c) (i) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust that 904 is a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I) (3) 905 (d) of this section, its modified nonbusiness income. 906
- (ii) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is 907 not a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3) 908 (d) of this section, the amount of its modified nonbusiness 909 income satisfying the descriptions in divisions (B)(2) to (5) of 910 section 5747.20 of the Revised Code, except as otherwise 911 provided in division (AA)(4)(c)(ii) of this section. With 912 respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is not a resident 913 as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3)(d) of this 914 section, the trust's portion of modified nonbusiness income 915 recognized from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of a 916 debt interest in or equity interest in a section 5747.212 917 entity, as defined in section 5747.212 of the Revised Code, 918 without regard to division (A) of that section, shall not be 919

the Revised Code but shall be apportioned to this state in	921
accordance with division (B) of section 5747.212 of the Revised	922
Code without regard to division (A) of that section.	923
If the allocation and apportionment of a trust's income	924
under divisions (AA)(4)(a) and (c) of this section do not fairly	925
represent the modified Ohio taxable income of the trust in this	926
state, the alternative methods described in division (C) of	927
section 5747.21 of the Revised Code may be applied in the manner	928
and to the same extent provided in that section.	929
(5)(a) Except as set forth in division (AA)(5)(b) of this	930
section, "qualifying investee" means a person in which a trust	931
has an equity or ownership interest, or a person or unit of	932
government the debt obligations of either of which are owned by	933
a trust. For the purposes of division (AA)(2)(a) of this section	934
and for the purpose of computing the fraction described in	935
division (AA)(4)(b) of this section, all of the following apply:	936
(i) If the qualifying investee is a member of a qualifying	937
controlled group on the last day of the qualifying investee's	938
fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the date on	939
which the trust recognizes the gain or loss, then "qualifying	940
investee" includes all persons in the qualifying controlled	941
group on such last day.	942
(ii) If the qualifying investee, or if the qualifying	943

investee and any members of the qualifying controlled group of

which the qualifying investee is a member on the last day of the

prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or

the last day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar

qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately

loss, separately or cumulatively own, directly or indirectly, on

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year ending immediately prior to the date on which the trust	950
recognizes the qualifying trust amount, more than fifty per cent	951
of the equity of a pass-through entity, then the qualifying	952
investee and the other members are deemed to own the	953
proportionate share of the pass-through entity's physical assets	954
which the pass-through entity directly or indirectly owns on the	955
last day of the pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year	956
ending within or with the last day of the qualifying investee's	957
fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the date on	958
which the trust recognizes the qualifying trust amount.	959

(iii) For the purposes of division (AA) (5) (a) (iii) of this 960 section, "upper level pass-through entity" means a pass-through 961 entity directly or indirectly owning any equity of another pass-through entity, and "lower level pass-through entity" means that 963 other pass-through entity.

An upper level pass-through entity, whether or not it is 965 also a qualifying investee, is deemed to own, on the last day of 966 the upper level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year, 967 the proportionate share of the lower level pass-through entity's 968 physical assets that the lower level pass-through entity 969 directly or indirectly owns on the last day of the lower level 970 pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year ending within or 971 with the last day of the upper level pass-through entity's 972 fiscal or calendar year. If the upper level pass-through entity 973 directly and indirectly owns less than fifty per cent of the 974 equity of the lower level pass-through entity on each day of the 975 upper level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year in 976 which or with which ends the calendar or fiscal year of the 977 lower level pass-through entity and if, based upon clear and 978 convincing evidence, complete information about the location and 979 cost of the physical assets of the lower pass-through entity is 980

not available to the upper level pass-through entity, then	981
solely for purposes of ascertaining if a gain or loss	982
constitutes a qualifying trust amount, the upper level pass-	983
through entity shall be deemed as owning no equity of the lower	984
level pass-through entity for each day during the upper level	985
pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year in which or with	986
which ends the lower level pass-through entity's calendar or	987
fiscal year. Nothing in division (AA)(5)(a)(iii) of this section	988
shall be construed to provide for any deduction or exclusion in	989
computing any trust's Ohio taxable income.	990
(b) With respect to a trust that is not a resident for the	991
taxable year and with respect to a part of a trust that is not a	992
resident for the taxable year, "qualifying investee" for that	993
taxable year does not include a C corporation if both of the	994
following apply:	995
(i) During the taxable year the trust or part of the trust	996
recognizes a gain or loss from the sale, exchange, or other	997
disposition of equity or ownership interests in, or debt	998
obligations of, the C corporation.	999
(ii) Such gain or loss constitutes nonbusiness income.	1000
(6) "Available" means information is such that a person is	1001
able to learn of the information by the due date plus	1002
extensions, if any, for filing the return for the taxable year	1003
in which the trust recognizes the gain or loss.	1004
(BB) "Qualifying controlled group" has the same meaning as	1005
in section 5733.04 of the Revised Code.	1006
(CC) "Related member" has the same meaning as in section	1007
5733.042 of the Revised Code.	1008

(DD)(1) For the purposes of division (DD) of this section: 1009

(a) "Qualifying person" means any person other than a	1010
qualifying corporation.	1011
(b) "Qualifying corporation" means any person classified	1012
for federal income tax purposes as an association taxable as a	1013
corporation, except either of the following:	1014
(i) A corporation that has made an election under	1015
subchapter S, chapter one, subtitle A, of the Internal Revenue	1016
Code for its taxable year ending within, or on the last day of,	1017
the investor's taxable year;	1018
(ii) A subsidiary that is wholly owned by any corporation	1019
that has made an election under subchapter S, chapter one,	1020
subtitle A of the Internal Revenue Code for its taxable year	1021
ending within, or on the last day of, the investor's taxable	1022
year.	1023
(2) For the purposes of this chapter, unless expressly	1024
stated otherwise, no qualifying person indirectly owns any asset	1025
directly or indirectly owned by any qualifying corporation.	1026
(EE) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 5751. of the	1027
Revised Code:	1028
(1) "Trust" does not include a qualified pre-income tax	1029
trust.	1030
(2) A "qualified pre-income tax trust" is any pre-income	1031
tax trust that makes a qualifying pre-income tax trust election	1032
as described in division (EE)(3) of this section.	1033
(3) A "qualifying pre-income tax trust election" is an	1034
election by a pre-income tax trust to subject to the tax imposed	1035
by section 5751.02 of the Revised Code the pre-income tax trust	1036
and all pass-through entities of which the trust owns or	1037

controls, directly, indirectly, or constructively through	1038
related interests, five per cent or more of the ownership or	1039
equity interests. The trustee shall notify the tax commissioner	1040
in writing of the election on or before April 15, 2006. The	1041
election, if timely made, shall be effective on and after	1042
January 1, 2006, and shall apply for all tax periods and tax	1043
years until revoked by the trustee of the trust.	1044
(4) A "pre-income tax trust" is a trust that satisfies all	1045
of the following requirements:	1046
(a) The document or instrument creating the trust was	1047
executed by the grantor before January 1, 1972;	1048
(b) The trust became irrevocable upon the creation of the	1049
trust; and	1050
(c) The grantor was domiciled in this state at the time	1051
the trust was created.	1052
(FF) "Uniformed services" has the same meaning as in 10	1053
U.S.C. 101.	1054
(GG) "Taxable business income" means the amount by which	1055
an individual's business income that is included in federal	1056
adjusted gross income exceeds the amount of business income the	1057
individual is authorized to deduct under division (A) (28) of	1058
this section for the taxable year.	1059
(HH) "Employer" does not include a franchisor with respect	1060
to the franchisor's relationship with a franchisee or an	1061
employee of a franchisee, unless the franchisor agrees to assume	1062
that role in writing or a court of competent jurisdiction	1063
determines that the franchisor exercises a type or degree of	1064
control over the franchisee or the franchisee's employees that	1065
is not customarily exercised by a franchisor for the purpose of	1066

protecting the franchisor's trademark, brand, or both. For	1067
purposes of this division, "franchisor" and "franchisee" have	1068
the same meanings as in 16 C.F.R. 436.1.	1069
(II) "Modified adjusted gross income" means Ohio adjusted	1070
gross income plus any amount deducted under divisions (A) (28)	1071
and (34) of this section for the taxable year.	1072
and (34) of this section for the taxable year.	1072
(JJ) "Qualifying Ohio educator" means an individual who,	1073
for a taxable year, qualifies as an eligible educator, as that	1074
term is defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code, and	1075
who holds a certificate, license, or permit described in Chapter	1076
3319. or section 3301.071 of the Revised Code.	1077
Sec. 5747.08. An annual return with respect to the tax	1078
imposed by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code and each tax	1079
imposed under Chapter 5748. of the Revised Code shall be made by	1080
every taxpayer for any taxable year for which the taxpayer is	1081
liable for the tax imposed by that section or under that	1082
chapter, unless the total credits allowed under division (E) of	1083
section 5747.05 and divisions (F) and (G) of section 5747.055 of	1084
the Revised Code for the year are equal to or exceed the tax	1085
imposed by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code, in which case no	1086
return shall be required unless the taxpayer is liable for a tax	1087
imposed pursuant to Chapter 5748. of the Revised Code.	1088
(A) If an individual is deceased, any return or notice	1089
required of that individual under this chapter shall be made and	1090
filed by that decedent's executor, administrator, or other	1091
person charged with the property of that decedent.	1092

(B) If an individual is unable to make a return or notice

required by this chapter, the return or notice required of that

individual shall be made and filed by the individual's duly

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authorized agent, guardian, conservator, fiduciary, or other	1096
person charged with the care of the person or property of that	1097
individual.	1098
(C) Returns or notices required of an estate or a trust	1099
shall be made and filed by the fiduciary of the estate or trust.	1100
(D)(1)(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(1)	1101
(b) of this section, any pass-through entity may file a single	1102
return on behalf of one or more of the entity's investors other	1103
than an investor that is a person subject to the tax imposed	1104
under section 5733.06 of the Revised Code. The single return	1105
shall set forth the name, address, and social security number or	1106
other identifying number of each of those pass-through entity	1107
investors and shall indicate the distributive share of each of	1108
those pass-through entity investor's income taxable in this	1109
state in accordance with sections 5747.20 to 5747.231 of the	1110
Revised Code. Such pass-through entity investors for whom the	1111
pass-through entity elects to file a single return are not	1112
entitled to the exemption or credit provided for by sections	1113
5747.02 and 5747.022 of the Revised Code; shall calculate the	1114
tax before business credits at the highest rate of tax set forth	1115
in section 5747.02 of the Revised Code for the taxable year for	1116
which the return is filed; and are entitled to only their	1117
distributive share of the business credits as defined in	1118
division (D)(2) of this section. A single check drawn by the	1119
pass-through entity shall accompany the return in full payment	1120
of the tax due, as shown on the single return, for such	1121
investors, other than investors who are persons subject to the	1122
tax imposed under section 5733.06 of the Revised Code.	1123
(b)(i) A pass-through entity shall not include in such a	1124
single return any investor that is a trust to the extent that	1125
	1120

any direct or indirect current, future, or contingent	1126
beneficiary of the trust is a person subject to the tax imposed	1127
under section 5733.06 of the Revised Code.	1128
(ii) A pass-through entity shall not include in such a	1129
single return any investor that is itself a pass-through entity	1130
to the extent that any direct or indirect investor in the second	1131
pass-through entity is a person subject to the tax imposed under	1132
section 5733.06 of the Revised Code.	1133
(c) Except as provided by division (L) of this section,	1134
nothing in division (D) of this section precludes the tax	1135
commissioner from requiring such investors to file the return	1136
and make the payment of taxes and related interest, penalty, and	1137
interest penalty required by this section or section 5747.02,	1138
5747.09, or 5747.15 of the Revised Code. Nothing in division (D)	1139
of this section precludes such an investor from filing the	1140
annual return under this section, utilizing the refundable	1141
credit equal to the investor's proportionate share of the tax	1142
paid by the pass-through entity on behalf of the investor under	1143
division (I) of this section, and making the payment of taxes	1144
imposed under section 5747.02 of the Revised Code. Nothing in	1145
division (D) of this section shall be construed to provide to	1146
such an investor or pass-through entity any additional deduction	1147

(2) For the purposes of this section, "business credits"

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or credit, other than the credit provided by division (I) of

this section, solely on account of the entity's filing a return

in accordance with this section. Such a pass-through entity also

of the pass-through entity investors other than an investor that

is a person subject to the tax imposed under section 5733.06 of

the Revised Code.

shall make the filing and payment of estimated taxes on behalf

means the credits listed in section 5747.98 of the Revised Code	1156
excluding the following credits:	1157
(a) The retirement income credit under division (B) of	1158
section 5747.055 of the Revised Code;	1159
(b) The senior citizen credit under division (F) of	1160
section 5747.055 of the Revised Code;	1161
(c) The lump sum distribution credit under division (G) of	1162
section 5747.055 of the Revised Code;	1163
(d) The dependent care credit under section 5747.054 of	1164
the Revised Code;	1165
(e) The lump sum retirement income credit under division	1166
(C) of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code;	1167
(f) The lump sum retirement income credit under division	1168
(D) of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code;	1169
(g) The lump sum retirement income credit under division	1170
(E) of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code;	1171
(h) The credit for displaced workers who pay for job	1172
training under section 5747.27 of the Revised Code;	1173
(i) The twenty-dollar personal exemption credit under	1174
section 5747.022 of the Revised Code;	1175
(j) The joint filing credit under division (E) of section	1176
5747.05 of the Revised Code;	1177
(k) The nonresident credit under division (A) of section	1178
5747.05 of the Revised Code;	1179
(1) The credit for a resident's out-of-state income under	1180
division (B) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code;	1181

(m) The earned income tax credit under section 5747.71 of	1182
the Revised Code;	1183
(n) The lead abatement credit under section 5747.26 of the	1184
Revised Code;	1185
(o) The credit for education expenses under section	1186
5747.72 of the Revised Code;	1187
(p) The credit for tuition paid to a nonchartered	1188
nonpublic school under section 5747.75 of the Revised Code;	1189
(q) The thriving families tax credit under section 5747.36	1190
of the Revised Code.	1191
(3) The election provided for under division (D) of this	1192
section applies only to the taxable year for which the election	1193
is made by the pass-through entity. Unless the tax commissioner	1194
provides otherwise, this election, once made, is binding and	1195
irrevocable for the taxable year for which the election is made.	1196
Nothing in this division shall be construed to provide for any	1197
deduction or credit that would not be allowable if a nonresident	1198
pass-through entity investor were to file an annual return.	1199
(4) If a pass-through entity makes the election provided	1200
for under division (D) of this section, the pass-through entity	1201
shall be liable for any additional taxes, interest, interest	1202
penalty, or penalties imposed by this chapter if the tax	1203
commissioner finds that the single return does not reflect the	1204
correct tax due by the pass-through entity investors covered by	1205
that return. Nothing in this division shall be construed to	1206
limit or alter the liability, if any, imposed on pass-through	1207
entity investors for unpaid or underpaid taxes, interest,	1208
interest penalty, or penalties as a result of the pass-through	1209
entity's making the election provided for under division (D) of	1210

this section. For the purposes of division (D) of this section,	1211
"correct tax due" means the tax that would have been paid by the	1212
pass-through entity had the single return been filed in a manner	1213
reflecting the commissioner's findings. Nothing in division (D)	1214
of this section shall be construed to make or hold a pass-	1215
through entity liable for tax attributable to a pass-through	1216
entity investor's income from a source other than the pass-	1217
through entity electing to file the single return.	1218

(E) If a husband and wife file a joint federal income tax

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return for a taxable year, they shall file a joint return under

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this section for that taxable year, and their liabilities are
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joint and several, but, if the federal income tax liability of
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either spouse is determined on a separate federal income tax
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return, they shall file separate returns under this section.
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If either spouse is not required to file a federal income 1225 tax return and either or both are required to file a return 1226 pursuant to this chapter, they may elect to file separate or 1227 joint returns, and, pursuant to that election, their liabilities 1228 are separate or joint and several. If a husband and wife file 1229 separate returns pursuant to this chapter, each must claim the 1230 taxpayer's own exemption, but not both, as authorized under 1231 section 5747.02 of the Revised Code on the taxpayer's own 1232 return. 1233

(F) Each return or notice required to be filed under this

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section shall contain the signature of the taxpayer or the

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taxpayer's duly authorized agent and of the person who prepared

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the return for the taxpayer, and shall include the taxpayer's

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social security number. Each return shall be verified by a

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declaration under the penalties of perjury. The tax commissioner

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shall prescribe the form that the signature and declaration

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shall take.	1241
(G) Each return or notice required to be filed under this	1242
section shall be made and filed as required by section 5747.04	1243
of the Revised Code, on or before the fifteenth day of April of	1244
each year, on forms that the tax commissioner shall prescribe,	1245
together with remittance made payable to the treasurer of state	1246
in the combined amount of the state and all school district	1247
income taxes shown to be due on the form.	1248
Upon good cause shown, the commissioner may extend the	1249
period for filing any notice or return required to be filed	1250
under this section and may adopt rules relating to extensions.	1251
If the extension results in an extension of time for the payment	1252
of any state or school district income tax liability with	1253
respect to which the return is filed, the taxpayer shall pay at	1254
the time the tax liability is paid an amount of interest	1255
computed at the rate per annum prescribed by section 5703.47 of	1256
the Revised Code on that liability from the time that payment is	1257
due without extension to the time of actual payment. Except as	1258
provided in section 5747.132 of the Revised Code, in addition to	1259
all other interest charges and penalties, all taxes imposed	1260
under this chapter or Chapter 5748. of the Revised Code and	1261
remaining unpaid after they become due, except combined amounts	1262
due of one dollar or less, bear interest at the rate per annum	1263
prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code until paid or	1264
until the day an assessment is issued under section 5747.13 of	1265
the Revised Code, whichever occurs first.	1266

If the commissioner considers it necessary in order to 1267 ensure the payment of the tax imposed by section 5747.02 of the 1268 Revised Code or any tax imposed under Chapter 5748. of the 1269 Revised Code, the commissioner may require returns and payments 1270

to be made otherwise than as provided in this section.

To the extent that any provision in this division 1272 conflicts with any provision in section 5747.026 of the Revised 1273 Code, the provision in that section prevails. 1274

- (H) The amounts withheld pursuant to section 5747.06, 1275 5747.062, 5747.063, 5747.064, 5747.065, or 5747.071 of the 1276 Revised Code shall be allowed to the ultimate recipient of the 1277 1278 income as credits against payment of the appropriate taxes imposed on the ultimate recipient by section 5747.02 and under 1279 Chapter 5748. of the Revised Code. As used in this division, 1280 "ultimate recipient" means the person who is required to report 1281 income from which amounts are withheld pursuant to section 1282 5747.06, 5747.062, 5747.063, 5747.064, 5747.065, or 5747.071 of 1283 the Revised Code on the annual return required to be filed under 1284 this section. 1285
- (I) If a pass-through entity elects to file a single 1286 return under division (D) of this section and if any investor is 1287 required to file the annual return and make the payment of taxes 1288 required by this chapter on account of the investor's other 1289 income that is not included in a single return filed by a pass-1290 through entity or any other investor elects to file the annual 1291 return, the investor is entitled to a refundable credit equal to 1292 the investor's proportionate share of the tax paid by the pass-1293 through entity on behalf of the investor. The investor shall 1294 claim the credit for the investor's taxable year in which or 1295 with which ends the taxable year of the pass-through entity. 1296 Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to allow any credit 1297 provided in this chapter to be claimed more than once. For the 1298 purpose of computing any interest, penalty, or interest penalty, 1299 the investor shall be deemed to have paid the refundable credit 1300

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provided by this division on the day that the pass-through	1301
entity paid the estimated tax or the tax giving rise to the	1302
credit.	1303
(J) The tax commissioner shall ensure that each return	1304
required to be filed under this section includes a box that the	1305
taxpayer may check to authorize a paid tax preparer who prepared	1306
the return to communicate with the department of taxation about	1307
matters pertaining to the return. The return or instructions	1308
accompanying the return shall indicate that by checking the box	1309
the taxpayer authorizes the department of taxation to contact	1310
the preparer concerning questions that arise during the	1311
processing of the return and authorizes the preparer only to	1312
provide the department with information that is missing from the	1313
return, to contact the department for information about the	1314
processing of the return or the status of the taxpayer's refund	1315
or payments, and to respond to notices about mathematical	1316
errors, offsets, or return preparation that the taxpayer has	1317
received from the department and has shown to the preparer.	1318
(K) The tax commissioner shall permit individual taxpayers	1319
to instruct the department of taxation to cause any refund of	1320
overpaid taxes to be deposited directly into a checking account,	1321
savings account, or an individual retirement account or	1322
individual retirement annuity, or preexisting college savings	1323
plan or program account offered by the Ohio tuition trust	1324
authority under Chapter 3334. of the Revised Code, as designated	1325

(L) If, for the taxable year, a nonresident or trust that 1328 is the owner of an electing pass-through entity, as defined in 1329 section 5747.38 of the Revised Code, does not have Ohio adjusted 1330

by the taxpayer, when the taxpayer files the annual return

required by this section electronically.

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gross income or, in the case of a trust, modified Ohio taxable	1331
income other than from one or more electing pass-through	1332
entities, the nonresident or trust shall not be required to file	1333
an annual return under this section. Nothing in this division	1334
precludes such an owner from filing the annual return under this	1335
section, utilizing the refundable credit under section 5747.39	1336
of the Revised Code equal to the owner's proportionate share of	1337
the tax levied under section 5747.38 of the Revised Code and	1338
paid by the electing pass-through entity, and making the payment	1339
of taxes imposed under section 5747.02 of the Revised Code.	1340
(M) The tax commissioner may adopt rules to administer	1341
this section.	1342
Sec. 5747.36. (A) As used in this section:	1343
(1) "Qualifying child" means an individual who is a	1344
dependent of the taxpayer and who is less than eighteen years of	1345
age on the last day of the taxpayer's taxable year.	1346
(2) "Household" means any dwelling unit, including a unit	1347
in a multiple unit dwelling, a manufactured home, or a mobile	1348
<pre>home.</pre>	1349
(3) "Household income" means the sum of the federal	1350
adjusted gross income of a taxpayer and all other occupants of	1351
the taxpayer's household other than qualifying children or any	1352
other individuals eligible to be claimed as a dependent for	1353
federal income tax purposes for the taxable year.	1354
(B) (1) There is hereby granted a refundable credit, to be	1355
known as the thriving families tax credit, against the aggregate	1356
tax liability, under section 5747.02 of the Revised Code, of a	1357
taxpayer who is an individual with one or more qualifying	1358
children and who has a household income for the taxable year	1359

that does not exceed eighty-five thousand dollars. Except as	1360
provided in division (B)(2) of this section, the amount of the	1361
credit shall equal one thousand dollars for each of the	1362
taxpayer's qualifying children who is less than six years of age	1363
on the last day of the taxpayer's taxable year or five hundred	1364
dollars for each other qualifying child.	1365
(2) The credit amounts described in division (B)(1) of	1366
this section shall be reduced by one-twentieth of that amount	1367
for each one thousand dollars of a taxpayer's annual household	1368
income in excess of sixty-five thousand dollars.	1369
(3) The tax commissioner may request that a taxpayer	1370
claiming a credit under this section furnish information as is	1371
necessary to support the claim for the credit under this	1372
section, and no credit shall be allowed unless the requested	1373
information is provided.	1374
(C) The taxpayer shall claim the credit in the order	1375
required under section 5747.98 of the Revised Code. If the	1376
credit allowed for any taxable year exceeds the aggregate amount	1377
of tax otherwise due under section 5747.02 of the Revised Code,	1378
after allowing for any other credits preceding the credit in	1379
that order, the excess shall be refunded to the taxpayer in	1380
twelve equal payments to be paid on or before the last day of	1381
each calendar month beginning after the filing date.	1382
Sec. 5747.98. (A) To provide a uniform procedure for	1383
calculating a taxpayer's aggregate tax liability under section	1384
5747.02 of the Revised Code, a taxpayer shall claim any credits	1385
to which the taxpayer is entitled in the following order:	1386
Either the retirement income credit under division (B) of	1387
section 5747.055 of the Revised Code or the lump sum retirement	1388

income credits under divisions (C), (D), and (E) of that	1389
section;	1390
Either the senior citizen credit under division (F) of	1391
section 5747.055 of the Revised Code or the lump sum	1392
distribution credit under division (G) of that section;	1393
The dependent care credit under section 5747.054 of the	1394
Revised Code;	1395
The credit for displaced workers who pay for job training	1396
under section 5747.27 of the Revised Code;	1397
The campaign contribution credit under section 5747.29 of	1398
the Revised Code;	1399
The twenty-dollar personal exemption credit under section	1400
5747.022 of the Revised Code;	1401
The joint filing credit under division (G) of section	1402
5747.05 of the Revised Code;	1403
The earned income credit under section 5747.71 of the	1404
Revised Code;	1405
The nonrefundable credit for education expenses under	1406
section 5747.72 of the Revised Code;	1407
The nonrefundable credit for donations to scholarship	1408
granting organizations under section 5747.73 of the Revised	1409
Code;	1410
The nonrefundable credit for tuition paid to a	1411
nonchartered nonpublic school under section 5747.75 of the	1412
Revised Code;	1413
The nonrefundable vocational job credit under section	1414
5747.057 of the Revised Code;	1415

The nonrefundable job retention credit under division (B)	1416
of section 5747.058 of the Revised Code;	1417
The enterprise zone credit under section 5709.66 of the	1418
Revised Code;	1419
The credit for beginning farmers who participate in a	1420
financial management program under division (B) of section	1421
5747.77 of the Revised Code;	1422
The credit for commercial vehicle operator training	1423
expenses under section 5747.82 of the Revised Code;	1424
The credit for selling or renting agricultural assets to	1425
beginning farmers under division (A) of section 5747.77 of the	1426
Revised Code;	1427
The credit for purchases of qualifying grape production	1428
property under section 5747.28 of the Revised Code;	1429
The small business investment credit under section 5747.81	1430
of the Revised Code;	1431
The nonrefundable lead abatement credit under section	1432
5747.26 of the Revised Code;	1433
The opportunity zone investment credit under section	1434
122.84 of the Revised Code;	1435
The enterprise zone credits under section 5709.65 of the	1436
Revised Code;	1437
The research and development credit under section 5747.331	1438
of the Revised Code;	1439
The credit for rehabilitating a historic building under	1440
section 5747.76 of the Revised Code;	1441
The nonresident credit under division (A) of section	1 4 4 3

5747.05 of the Revised Code;	1443
The credit for a resident's out-of-state income under	1444
division (B) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code;	1445
The refundable motion picture and broadway theatrical	1446
production credit under section 5747.66 of the Revised Code;	1447
The refundable jobs creation credit or job retention	1448
credit under division (A) of section 5747.058 of the Revised	1449
Code;	1450
The refundable credit for taxes paid by a qualifying	1451
entity granted under section 5747.059 of the Revised Code;	1452
The refundable credits for taxes paid by a qualifying	1453
pass-through entity granted under division (I) of section	1454
5747.08 of the Revised Code;	1455
The refundable credit under section 5747.80 of the Revised	1456
Code for losses on loans made to the Ohio venture capital	1457
program under sections 150.01 to 150.10 of the Revised Code;	1458
The refundable credit for rehabilitating a historic	1459
building under section 5747.76 of the Revised Code;	1460
The refundable credit under section 5747.39 of the Revised	1461
Code for taxes levied under section 5747.38 of the Revised Code	1462
paid by an electing pass-through entity;	1463
The refundable thriving families tax credit under section	1464
5747.36 of the Revised Code.	1465
(B) For any credit, except the refundable credits	1466
enumerated in this section and the credit granted under division	1467
(H) of section 5747.08 of the Revised Code, the amount of the	1468
credit for a taxable year shall not exceed the taxpayer's	1469

aggregate amount of tax due under section 5747.02 of the Revised	1470
Code, after allowing for any other credit that precedes it in	1471
the order required under this section. Any excess amount of a	1472
particular credit may be carried forward if authorized under the	1473
section creating that credit. Nothing in this chapter shall be	1474
construed to allow a taxpayer to claim, directly or indirectly,	1475
a credit more than once for a taxable year.	1476
Section 2. That existing sections 5747.01, 5747.08, and	1477
5747.98 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	1478
Section 3. The amendment or enactment by this act of	1479
sections 5747.01 and 5747.36 of the Revised Code applies to	1480
taxable years ending on or after the effective date of this	1481
section.	1482
Section 4. The General Assembly, applying the principle	1483
stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that	1484
amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of	1485
simultaneous operation, finds that the following sections,	1486
presented in this act as composites of the sections as amended	1487
by the acts indicated, are the resulting versions of the	1488
sections in effect prior to the effective date of the sections	1489
as presented in this act:	1490
Section 5747.01 of the Revised Code as amended by H.B. 45,	1491
H.B. 110, H.B. 150, H.B. 515, S.B. 33, and S.B. 246 all of the	1492
134th General Assembly.	1493
Section 5747.98 of the Revised Code as amended by H.B. 45,	1494
H.B. 66, H.B. 95, S.B. 166, and S.B. 246, all of the 134th	1495
General Assembly.	1496