m D3 4lr2222 CF SB 544

By: Delegate Dumais

Introduced and read first time: January 29, 2014

Assigned to: Judiciary

## A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2

17

Civil Actions - Award of Attorne	ey's Fees and Expense
----------------------------------	-----------------------

3 FOR the purpose of authorizing a court to award a prevailing plaintiff reasonable 4 attorney's fees and expenses in certain civil actions; authorizing a court to 5 award attorney's fees to a prevailing defendant only under certain 6 circumstances; establishing the method of calculating certain awards of 7 attorney's fees; establishing that the limit on the liability of the State under the 8 Maryland Tort Claims Act does not include a certain award of attorney's fees 9 and expenses; establishing that certain limits on attorney's fees under the Maryland Tort Claims Act do not apply to a certain award of attorney's fees and 10 expenses; providing that a certain plaintiff is considered a prevailing plaintiff; 11 12providing for the application of this Act; and generally relating to awarding attorney's fees and expenses in certain actions. 13

14 BY adding to

15 Article – Courts and Judicial Proceedings

Section 3–1901 and 3–1902 to be under the new subtitle "Subtitle 19. Award of

Attorney's Fees and Expenses in Civil Actions"

18 Annotated Code of Maryland

19 (2013 Replacement Volume and 2013 Supplement)

- 20 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 21 Article State Government
- 22 Section 12–104(a)(2) and 12–109
- 23 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 24 (2009 Replacement Volume and 2013 Supplement)

25 Preamble

WHEREAS, There is no provision in Maryland law that permits an award of attorney's fees to individuals asserting a State constitutional claim, which means that



4

5 6

7

8

9

10

14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

26

many Marylanders are unable to assert their rights under the State constitution for lack of counsel, because these claims are often for injunctive or nonmonetary relief and, without a monetary award, there are no funds with which to pay an attorney; and

WHEREAS, A law that provides for an award of attorney's fees to a prevailing party would permit litigants in cases involving low or nonmonetary relief to find attorneys to represent them, provided their cases have merit; and

WHEREAS, Such provisions can be a powerful tool for promoting access to justice, and they do so in a way that does not require any additional expenditure of public funds, by creating incentives for private attorneys to accept clients with meritorious claims; and

WHEREAS, Such provisions permit aggrieved parties to be "made whole" by ensuring that they do not have to pay for their legal representation from the compensation they were awarded; and

WHEREAS, Such provisions permit individual citizens to enforce rights protected by law in a manner that has a larger social benefit, reducing the need for State action and expenditure to enforce the law; and

WHEREAS, The purpose of such provisions is not to benefit private attorneys, but to promote access to legal representation for individuals who are unable to retain counsel, despite having meritorious claims, in case types that legal aid organizations are not able to accept because of statutory or funding restrictions; and

WHEREAS, When large segments of Maryland's population are denied effective access to the justice system, public trust and confidence in the justice system are placed in jeopardy; now, therefore,

SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

## **Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings**

- 27 SUBTITLE 19. AWARD OF ATTORNEY'S FEES AND EXPENSES IN CIVIL ACTIONS.
- 28 **3–1901.**
- (A) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW, THE COURT MAY AWARD A PREVAILING PLAINTIFF REASONABLE ATTORNEY'S FEES AND EXPENSES IN ANY CIVIL ACTION THAT HAS RESULTED IN THE ENFORCEMENT OF A RIGHT THAT IS SECURED BY THE MARYLAND CONSTITUTION OR THE MARYLAND DECLARATION OF RIGHTS.

1 2 3 4	(B) IN THIS SUBTITLE, A PREVAILING PLAINTIFF INCLUDES A PLAINTIFF WHOSE LITIGATION WHOLLY OR SUBSTANTIALLY ACHIEVED THE DESIRED RESULT BY BRINGING ABOUT A VOLUNTARY CHANGE IN THE CONDUCT OF THE DEFENDANT.
5	(C) THE COURT MAY AWARD ATTORNEY'S FEES TO A PREVAILING
6	DEFENDANT ONLY ON A FINDING THAT THE ACTION BROUGHT BY THE
7	PLAINTIFF WAS FRIVOLOUS.
8	3–1902.
9	FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBTITLE OR ANY OTHER STATE STATUTE
0	AUTHORIZING AN AWARD OF REASONABLE ATTORNEY'S FEES TO A PREVAILING
1	PARTY, THE COURT SHALL DETERMINE THE AMOUNT OF AN AWARD OF
12	ATTORNEY'S FEES BY:
13	(1) MULTIPLYING THE NUMBER OF HOURS REASONABLY
L <b>4</b>	EXPENDED BY A REASONABLE HOURLY RATE; AND
15	(2) DETERMINING WHETHER ANY ADJUSTMENT SHOULD BE MADE
16	TO THE AMOUNT CALCULATED UNDER ITEM (1) OF THIS SECTION, AFTER
L <b>7</b>	CONSIDERING:
18	(I) THE TIME AND LABOR REQUIRED;
19	(II) THE NOVELTY AND DIFFICULTY OF THE QUESTIONS;
20	(III) THE SKILL REQUIRED TO PERFORM THE LEGAL
21	SERVICE PROPERLY;
22	(IV) WHETHER ACCEPTANCE OF THE CASE PRECLUDED
23	OTHER EMPLOYMENT;
24	(V) THE CUSTOMARY FEE FOR SIMILAR WORK IN THE
25	COMMUNITY;
26	(VI) ANY TIME LIMITATIONS IMPOSED BY THE CLIENT OR
27	CIRCUMSTANCES;
28	(VII) THE AMOUNT INVOLVED AND THE RESULTS OBTAINED;
29	(VIII) THE UNDESIRABILITY OF THE CASE;

1 2	(IX) THE NATURE AND LENGTH OF THE PROFESSIONAL RELATIONSHIP WITH THE CLIENT; AND
3	(X) AWARDS IN SIMILAR CASES.
4	Article - State Government
5	12–104.
6 7 8	(a) (2) (I) [The] SUBJECT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE liability of the State and its units may not exceed \$200,000 to a single claimant for injuries arising from a single incident or occurrence.
9 10 11	(II) THE LIMIT ON LIABILITY UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH DOES NOT INCLUDE ANY AWARD OF ATTORNEY'S FEES AND EXPENSES UNDER § 3–1902 OF THE COURTS ARTICLE.
12	12–109.
13 14	[Counsel] EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN § 3–1902 OF THE COURTS ARTICLE, COUNSEL may not charge or receive fees that exceed:
15	(1) 20% of a settlement made under this subtitle; or
16	(2) 25% of a judgment made under this subtitle.
17 18 19	SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall be construed to apply only prospectively and may not be applied or interpreted to have any effect on or application to any case filed before the effective date of this Act.
20 21	SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2014.