House Bill 115

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By: Representatives Scott of the 76th, Davis of the 87th, and Schofield of the 63rd

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

- 1 To amend Title 35 and Article 2 of Chapter 21 of Title 50 of the Official Code of Georgia
- 2 Annotated, relating to law enforcement officers and agencies and state tort claims,
- 3 respectively, so as to specifically prohibit racial profiling by law enforcement officers and
- 4 law enforcement agencies; to provide for a short title; to provide for definitions; to require
- 5 certain policies and procedures by law enforcement agencies; to provide for data collection;
- 6 to provide for regulations by the Attorney General; to provide for an annual report; to
- 7 provide for a right of action for enforcement; to revise the state waiver of sovereign
- 8 immunity; to provide for waiver of sovereign immunity under certain circumstances; to
- 9 provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

SECTION 1.

- 12 Title 35 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to law enforcement officers and
- agencies, is amended by adding a new chapter to read as follows:

14 "<u>CHAPTER 11</u>

15 35-11-1.

16 This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the 'End Racial Profiling Act.'

- 17 <u>35-11-2.</u>
- 18 As used in this chapter, the term:
- 19 (1) 'Hit rate' means the percentage of stops and searches in which a law enforcement
- 20 <u>officer finds drugs, a firearm, or other contraband that leads to an arrest. Such percentage</u>
- shall be calculated by dividing the total number of searches by the number of searches
- that lead to arrests.
- 23 (2) 'Law enforcement agency' means any agency, organ, or department of this state, or
- 24 <u>a subdivision or municipality thereof, whose primary functions include the enforcement</u>
- of criminal or traffic laws; the preservation of public order; the protection of life and
- 26 property; or the prevention, detection, or investigation of crime, including, but not limited
- 27 to, any department or unit organized by a college or university for purposes of Chapter 8
- 28 of Title 20.
- 29 (3) 'Law enforcement officer' means any agent or officer of this state, a political
- 30 subdivision or municipality of this state, an authority of this state, or a college or
- 31 university who, as a full-time or part-time employee, is vested either expressly by law or
- by virtue of public employment or service with authority to enforce the criminal or traffic
- laws through the power of arrest and whose duties include the preservation of public
- order, the protection of life and property, or the prevention, detection, or investigation of
- 35 crime.
- 36 (4) 'Racial profiling' means the practice of a law enforcement agency or law enforcement
- officer relying, to any degree, on actual or perceived race, ethnicity, national origin,
- religion, gender, gender identity, or sexual orientation in selecting which individual to

39 subject to routine or spontaneous investigatory activities or in deciding upon the scope

- and substance of law enforcement activity following the initial investigatory procedure.
- 41 (5) 'Routine or spontaneous investigatory activities' means the following activities by a
- 42 <u>law enforcement officer:</u>
- 43 (A) Interviews;
- 44 (B) Traffic stops:
- 45 (C) Pedestrian stops;
- 46 (D) Frisks and other types of body searches;
- 47 (E) Consensual or nonconsensual searches of the persons, property, vehicles, or
- possessions of individuals, including, but not limited to, motorists and pedestrians,
- using any form of public or private transportation; or
- 50 <u>(F) Data collection and analysis, assessments, and predicated investigations.</u>
- 51 <u>35-11-3.</u>
- 52 <u>No law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency shall engage in racial profiling.</u>
- 53 35-11-4.
- 54 (a) All law enforcement agencies shall:
- 55 (1) Maintain adequate policies and procedures designed to eliminate racial profiling; and
- 56 (2) Cease any existing practices that permit racial profiling.
- 57 (b) The policies and procedures provided for under paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of this
- 58 Code section shall include:
- 59 (1) A prohibition on racial profiling;
- 60 (2) Training on racial profiling issues:
- 61 (3) The collection of data in accordance with regulations issued by the Attorney General;
- 62 and

63 (4) Procedures for receiving, investigating, and responding meaningfully to complaints

- 64 <u>alleging racial profiling by law enforcement officers.</u>
- 65 (c) Beginning on July 1, 2023, and on July 1 of each year thereafter, the Attorney General
- shall issue a public report based upon the data collected by the Attorney General pursuant
- 67 to this Code section for the prior calendar year. Such report shall detail for each law
- 68 enforcement agency the number of routine or spontaneous investigatory activities and the
- 69 hit rates. Such report shall disaggregate such data by race, ethnicity, and national origin.
- 70 <u>35-11-5.</u>
- 71 (a) The Attorney General or any individual injured by racial profiling may enforce this
- 72 chapter in a civil action for declaratory or injunctive relief filed in the superior court.
- 73 (b) In any action brought under this Code section, relief may be obtained against any:
- 74 (1) Agency, organ, or department of this state, or a subdivision or municipality thereof,
- or a college or university that employed any law enforcement officer who engaged in
- 76 racial profiling;
- 77 (2) Law enforcement officer who engaged in racial profiling; or
- 78 (3) Any individual with supervisory authority over such law enforcement officer.
- 79 (c) Proof that the routine or spontaneous investigatory activities of law enforcement
- 80 officers in a jurisdiction have had a disparate impact on individuals because of such
- 81 <u>individual's actual or perceived race, ethnicity, national origin, religion, gender, gender</u>
- 82 <u>identity</u>, or sexual orientation shall constitute prima-facie evidence of a violation of this
- 83 <u>chapter.</u>
- 84 (d) In any action or proceeding to enforce this chapter against any agency, organ, or
- 85 department of this state, or a subdivision or municipality thereof, or a college or university,
- 86 <u>the court may allow a prevailing plaintiff, other than the Attorney General, reasonable</u>
- 87 <u>attorney's fees as part of the costs and may include expert's fees as part of the attorney's</u>
- 88 <u>fees.</u>"

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- 90 Article 2 of Chapter 21 of Title 50 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to
- 91 state tort claims, is amended by adding a new Code section to read as follows:
- 92 "50-21-38.
- The defense of sovereign immunity is waived as to any claim, counterclaim, cross-claim,
- 94 or third-party claim brought in the courts of this state by an aggrieved person seeking a
- 95 declaratory judgment, injunctive relief, or reasonable attorney's fees against the state or any
- 96 political subdivision thereof under Chapter 11 of Title 35; provided, however, that
- 97 sovereign immunity is not waived as to any claim for monetary damages that are included
- 98 in or related to such claim, counterclaim, cross-claim, or third-party claim. This Code
- section shall not be construed to alter or amend any other waiver of sovereign immunity
- 100 provided by law."

101 SECTION 3.

All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.