- 1 SB445
- 2 153788-6
- 3 By Senator Taylor
- 4 RFD: Constitution, Campaign Finance, Ethics, and Elections
- 5 First Read: 16-APR-13

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4 <u>ENROLLED</u>, An Act,

Relating to the Fair Campaign Practices Act; to amend Sections 17-5-2, 17-5-5, 17-5-7, 17-5-8, 17-5-8.2, 17-5-9, 17-5-12, 17-5-14, 17-5-15, 17-5-15.1, 17-5-16, and 17-5-19, Code of Alabama 1975, so as to lower the contribution threshold amounts at which a person becomes a candidate for purposes of campaign finance reporting requirements; to allow designated filing agents to file reports; to clarify persons subject to violations of the act; to change the legislative session prohibitions on fundraising to apply to legislative and statewide candidates; to clarify allowable spending amounts for political party dinners and functions; to change deadlines for reports; to provide further for municipal candidates; to clarify and amend corporate contribution restrictions; to clarify the entities subject to the ban on PAC to PAC transfers so as not to prohibit private foundations from making non-political donations to other private foundations; to clarify the responsible person in the PAC to PAC ban; to transfer certain enforcement provisions from Chapter 17 of Title 17 to Chapter 5 of Title 17; to provide further for venue of prosecutions; to add Sections 17-5-5.1, 17-5-7.1, 17-5-14.1, and 17-5-20 to the Code of Alabama 1975;

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to provide further for the regulation of legislative caucus
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        organizations; to provide for the return or refund of
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        contributions; to move certain provisions relating to
        corporate contributions from Title 10A to Title 17; to provide
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        for the appointment of designated filing agents; and to repeal
        Sections 10A-21-1.01 to 10A-21-1.04, inclusive, and Sections
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        17-5-18, and 17-17-35, Code of Alabama 1975.
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        BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
                  Section 1. Sections 17-5-2, 17-5-5, 17-5-7, 17-5-8,
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        17-5-8.2, 17-5-9, 17-5-12, 17-5-14, 17-5-15, 17-5-15.1,
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        17-5-16, and 17-5-19, Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to
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        read as follows:
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                  "$17-5-2.
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                   "(a) For purposes of this chapter, the following
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        terms shall have the following meanings:
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                   "(1) CANDIDATE. An individual who has done any of
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        the following:
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                   "a. Taken the action necessary under the laws of the
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        state to qualify himself or herself for nomination or for
        election to any state office or local office or in the case of
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        an independent seeking ballot access, on the date when he or
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        she files a petition with the judge of probate in the case of
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        county offices, with the appropriate qualifying municipal
        official in the case of municipal offices, or the Secretary of
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State in all other cases.

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"b. Received contributions or made expenditures $\underline{\text{in}}$

2	excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or given his or her
3	consent for any other person or persons to receive
4	contributions or make expenditures in excess of one thousand
5	dollars (\$1,000), with a view to bringing about his or her
6	nomination or election to any state office or local office.
7	Notwithstanding the foregoing, no person shall be considered a
8	candidate within the meaning of this subdivision until the
9	time that he or she has either received contributions or made
10	expenditures as provided herein in the following amounts:
11	"1. Twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) or more,
12	with a view toward bringing about nomination or election to
13	any state office other than one filled by election of the
14	registered voters of any circuit or district within the state.
15	"2. Five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or more, with a
16	view toward bringing about nomination or election to any state
17	office, excluding legislative office, filled by election of
18	the registered voters of any circuit or district.
19	"3. Ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) or more, with a
20	view toward bringing about nomination or election to the
21	Alabama Senate and five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or more,
22	with a view toward bringing about nomination or election to

the Alabama House of Representatives.

1	"4. One thousand dollars (\$1,000) or more, with a
2	view toward bringing about nomination or election to any local
3	office.
4	"(2) CONTRIBUTION.
5	"a. Any of the following shall be considered a
6	contribution:
7	"1. A gift, subscription, loan, advance, deposit of
8	money or anything of value, a payment, a forgiveness of a
9	loan, or payment of a third party, made for the purpose of
10	influencing the result of an election.
11	"2. A contract or agreement to make a gift,
12	subscription, loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything
13	of value for the purpose of influencing the result of an
14	election.
15	"3. Any transfer of anything of value received by a
16	political committee from another political committee,
17	political party, or other source.
18	"4. The payment of compensation by any person for
19	the personal services or expenses of any other person if the
20	services are rendered or expenses incurred on behalf of a
21	candidate, political committee, or political party without
22	payment of full and adequate compensation by the candidate,
23	political committee, or political party. Provided, however,
24	that the payment of compensation by a corporation for the
25	purpose of establishing, administering, or soliciting

L	oluntary contributions to a separate, segregated fund as
2	permitted by Section 10-1-2 in this chapter, shall not
3	constitute a contribution.

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- "b. The term "contribution" does not include:
- "1. The value of services provided without compensation by individuals who volunteer a portion or all of their time on behalf of a candidate or political committee.
 - "2. The use of real or personal property and the cost of invitations, food, or beverages, voluntarily provided by an individual to a candidate or political committee in rendering voluntary personal services on the individual's residential or business premises for election-related activities.
 - "3. The sale of any food or beverage by a vendor for use in an election campaign at a charge to a candidate or political committee less than the normal comparable charge, if the charge to the political committee for use in an election campaign is at least equal to the cost of the food or beverage to the vendor.
 - "4. Any unreimbursed payment for travel expenses made by an individual who, on his or her own behalf, volunteers personal services to a candidate or political committee.
- 24 "5. The payment by a state or local committee of a 25 political party of the cost of preparation, display, or

mailing or other distribution incurred by the committee with 1 2 respect to a printed slate card or sample ballot, or other 3 printed listing of two or more candidates for any public office for which an election is held in the state, except that 5 this subparagraph shall not apply in the case of costs incurred by the committee with respect to a display of the 6 7 listing made on broadcasting stations, or in newspapers, magazines, or other similar types of general public political 9 advertising.

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"6. The value or cost of polling data and voter preference data and information if provided to a candidate or political committee, unless the information was compiled with the advance knowledge of and approval of the candidate or the political committee.

"(3) DESIGNATED FILING AGENT. An individual appointed and authorized as attorney in fact to electronically submit any report or other filing required by this chapter on behalf of a candidate, his or her principal campaign committee, or a political action committee.

"(3)(4) ELECTION. Unless otherwise specified, any general, special, primary, or runoff election, or any convention or caucus of a political party held to nominate a candidate, or any election at which a constitutional amendment or other proposition is submitted to the popular vote.

1	" (4) (5) ELECTIONEERING COMMUNICATION. Any
2	communication disseminated through any federally regulated
3	broadcast media, any mailing, or other distribution,
4	electronic communication, phone bank, or publication which (i)
5	contains the name or image of a candidate; (ii) is made within
6	120 days of an election in which the candidate will appear on
7	the ballot; (iii) the only reasonable conclusion to be drawn
8	from the presentation and content of the communication is that
9	it is intended to influence the outcome of an election; and
10	(iv) entails an expenditure in excess of one thousand dollars
11	(\$1,000).

"(5)(6) EXPENDITURE.

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- a. The following shall be considered expenditures:
- 1. A purchase, payment, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money or anything of value made for the purpose of influencing the result of an election.
- 2. A contract or agreement to make any purchase, payment, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money or anything of value, for the purpose of influencing the result of an election.
- 3. The transfer, gift, or contribution of funds of a political committee to another political committee.
 - b. The term "expenditure" does not include:
- 1. Any news story, commentary, or editorial prepared by and distributed through the facilities of any broadcasting

- station, newspaper, magazine, or other periodical publication, unless the facilities are owned or controlled by any political party or political committee.
 - 2. Nonpartisan activity designed to encourage individuals to register to vote, or to vote.

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- 3. Any communication by any membership organization to its members or by a corporation to its stockholders and employees if the membership organization or corporation is not organized primarily for the purpose of influencing the result of an election.
- 4. The use of real or personal property and the cost of invitations, food, or beverages, voluntarily provided by an individual in rendering voluntary personal services on the individual's residential or business premises for election-related activities.
- 5. Any unreimbursed payment for travel expenses made by an individual who, on his or her own behalf, volunteers personal services to a candidate or political committee.
- 6. Any communication by any person which is not made for the purposes of influencing the result of an election.
- 7. The payment by a state or local committee of a political party of the cost of preparation, display, or mailing or other distribution incurred by the committee with respect to a printed slate card or sample ballot, or other printed listing of two or more candidates for any public

L	office for which an election is held in the state, except that
2	this subparagraph shall not apply in the case of costs
3	incurred by the committee with respect to a display of the
1	listing made on broadcasting stations, or in newspapers,
5	magazines, or other similar types of general public political
5	advertising.

" $\frac{(6)}{(7)}$ IDENTIFICATION. The full name and complete address.

"(7)(8) LOAN. A transfer of money, property, or anything of value in consideration of a promise or obligation, conditional or not, to repay in whole or part.

"(8)(9) LOCAL OFFICE. Any office under the constitution and laws of the state, except circuit, district, or legislative offices, filled by election of the registered voters of a single county or municipality, or by the voters of a division contained within a county or municipality.

"(9) (10) PERSON. An individual, partnership, committee, association, corporation, labor organization, or any other organization or group of persons.

"(10)(11) PERSONAL AND LEGISLATIVE LIVING EXPENSES.

Household supplies, personal clothing, tuition payments,

mortgage, rent, or utility payments for a personal residence;

admission to an entertainment event or fees for a country club

or social club, unless tied to a specific campaign event or

functions involving constituents; and any other expense,

1	excluding food and beverages, that would exist irrespective of
2	the candidate's campaign or duties as a legislator. Personal
3	and legislative living expenses shall not include expenses for
4	food, beverages, travel, or communications incurred by the
5	legislator in the performance of the office held.

"(11)(12) POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEE. Any political action committee, club, association, political party, or other group of one or more persons, whether in-state or out-of-state, which receives or anticipates receiving contributions or and makes or anticipates making expenditures to or on behalf of any Alabama state or local elected official, proposition, candidate, principal campaign committee or other political action committee. For the purposes of this chapter, an individual a person who makes a personal political contribution shall not be considered a political action committee by virtue of making such contribution.

"(13) POLITICAL PARTY. A political party as defined in Section 17-13-40.

"(12)(14) PRINCIPAL CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE. The principal campaign committee designated by a candidate under Section 17-5-4. A political action committee established primarily to benefit an individual candidate or an individual elected official shall be considered a principal campaign committee for purposes of this chapter.

1	" $\frac{(13)}{(15)}$ PROPOSITION. Any proposal for submission
2	to the general public for its approval or rejection, including
3	proposed as well as qualified ballot questions.

"(14)(16) PUBLIC OFFICIAL. Any person elected to public office, whether or not that person has taken office, by the vote of the people at the state, county, or municipal level of government or their instrumentalities, including governmental corporations, and any person appointed to a position at the state, county, or municipal level of government or their instrumentalities, including governmental corporations. For purposes of this chapter, a public official includes the chairs and vice chairs or the equivalent offices of each state political party as defined in Section 17-13-40.

" $\frac{(15)}{(17)}$ STATE. The State of Alabama.

"(16)(18) STATE OFFICE. All offices under the constitution and laws of the state filled by election of the registered voters of the state or of any circuit or district and shall include legislative offices.

- "(b) The words and terms used in this chapter shall have the same meanings respectively ascribed to them in Section 36-25-1.
- 22 "\$17-5-5.

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"(a) Each The treasurer or designated filing agent

of each political action committee which anticipates either

receiving contributions or making expenditures during the

1	calendar year in an aggregate amount exceeding one thousand
2	dollars (\$1,000) shall file with the Secretary of State or the
3	judge of probate as herein provided in Section 17-5-9, a
4	statement of organization, within 10 days after its
5	organization or, if later within 10 days after the date on
6	which it has information which causes the committee to
7	anticipate it will receive contributions or make expenditures
8	in an aggregate amount in excess of one thousand dollars
9	(\$1,000).

- "(b) The statement of organization shall include:
- "(1) The name and complete address of the committee.
- "(2) The identification of affiliated or connected organizations, if any.
 - "(3) The purposes of the committee.

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- "(4) The identification of the chair and treasurer.
- "(5) The identification of principal officers,including members of any finance committee.
 - "(6) A description of the constitutional amendments or other propositions, if any, that the committee is supporting or opposing, and the identity, if known, of any candidate or elected official that the committee is supporting or opposing.
- "(7) A statement whether the committee is a continuing one, and if not, the expected termination or dissolution date.

"(8) The disposition of residual funds which will be
made in the event of dissolution.

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"(c) Any Whenever there is any material change in information previously submitted in a statement of organization, except for the information described in subdivision (6) above, shall be reported the treasurer or designated filing agent of the political action committee shall report the change to the Secretary of State or judge of probate as provided in Section 17-5-9, within 10 days following the change.

"(d) Any political action committee or any principal campaign committee after having filed its initial statement of organization shall continue in existence until terminated or dissolved as provided herein. When any political action committee determines it will no longer receive contributions or make expenditures during any calendar year in an aggregate amount exceeding one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or when any candidate through his or her principal campaign committee determines that he or she will not receive contributions or make expenditures in the amounts specified in Section 17-5-2, the chair or treasurer, designated filing agent, or candidate of such political committee may shall so notify the Secretary of State or judge of probate, as designated in Section 17-5-9, of the termination or dissolution of such political committee. Such notice shall contain a statement by the treasurer,

1	designated filing agent, or candidate of such committee of the
2	intended disposition of any residual funds then held by the
3	committee on behalf of a candidate.

"\$17-5-7.

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- "(a) A Except as provided in subsection (d) and in Section 17-5-7.1, a candidate, public official, or treasurer of a principal campaign committee as defined in this chapter, may only use campaign contributions, and any proceeds from investing the contributions that are in excess of any amount necessary to defray expenditures of the candidate, public official, or principal campaign committee, for the following purposes:
- "(1) Necessary and ordinary expenditures of the campaign.
- "(2) Expenditures that are reasonably related to performing the duties of the office held. For purposes of this section, expenditures that are reasonably related to performing the duties of the office held do not include personal and legislative living expenses, as defined in this chapter.
- "(3) Donations to the State General Fund, the Education Trust Fund, or equivalent county or municipal funds.
- "(4)Donations to an organization to which a federal income tax deduction is permitted under subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Section 170 of the Internal

1	Revenue Code	of 1986, as amended, or any other charitable,
2	educational,	or eleemosynary cause of Section 501 of Title 2
3	of the U.S.	Code.

" $\frac{(4)}{(5)}$ Inaugural or transitional expenses.

- "(6) Donations to a legislative caucus organization registered under this chapter which does not operate as a political action committee.
- "(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, including, but not limited to, Section 13A-10-61, a candidate, public official, or principal campaign committee may only accept, solicit, or receive contributions:
 - "(1) To influence the outcome of an election.
- "(2) For a period of 12 months before an election in which the person intends to be a candidate. Provided, however, candidates for state legislative and statewide office and their principal campaign committees may not accept, solicit, or receive contributions during the period when the Legislature is convened in session. For purposes of this section, the Legislature is convened in session at any time from the opening day of the special or regular session and continued through the day of adjournment sine die for that session. However, this subdivision shall not apply within 120 days of any primary, runoff, or general election, and shall not apply to the candidates or their principal campaign committees participating in any special election as called by

1	the Governor.	This	subdiv	ision	shall	not	apply	to	a	loan	from
2	a candidate to	his	or her	own j	princip	al	campaio	n	com	mitte	e.

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- "(3) For a period of 120 days after the election in which the person was a candidate, but only to the extent of any campaign debt of the candidate or principal campaign committee of the candidate as indicated on the campaign financial disclosure form or to the extent of reaching the threshold that is required for qualification as a candidate for the office which he or she currently holds, or both.
- "(4) For the purpose of paying all expenses associated with an election challenge including, but not limited to, quo warranto challenges.
- "(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, including, but not limited to, Section 13A-10-61, a candidate, public official, or principal campaign committee shall not accept, solicit, or receive contributions for any of the following reasons:
- "(1) As a bribe, as defined by Sections 13A-10-60 to 13A-10-63, inclusive.
 - "(2) For the intention of corruptly influencing the official actions of the public official or candidate for public office.
- 23 "(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a principal campaign committee, during a term of office two-year 25 period commencing on the day after the each regularly

scheduled general election for the seat or office the
candidate seeks and ending on the day of the next general
election for that seat or office and ending on the day of the
next regularly scheduled general election, may pay qualifying
fees to a political party and in addition thereto, during that
period, may expend up to a cumulative total of five thousand
dollars (\$5,000) of campaign contributions, and any proceeds
from investing the contributions, for the following purposes:

- "(1) Tickets for political party dinners or functions.
 - "(2) State or local political party dues or similar expenses incurred by independent or write-in candidates.

"\$17-5-8**.**

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- "(a) Each The treasurer, designated filing agent, or candidate, principal campaign committee or political action committee shall file with the Secretary of State or judge of probate, as designated in Section 17-5-9, periodic reports of contributions and expenditures at the following times once a principal campaign committee files its statement under Section 17-5-4 or a political action committee files its statement of organization under Section 17-5-5:
- "(1) Beginning after the 2012 election cycle, regardless of whether a candidate has opposition in any election, monthly reports not later than the second business day of the subsequent month, beginning 12 months before the

date of any primary, special, runoff, or general election for which a political action committee or principal campaign committee receives contributions or makes expenditures with a view toward influencing such election's result. A monthly report shall include all reportable transactions for the previous full month period. Reports shall be required as provided in subdivisions (2) and (3).

"(2) With regard to a primary, special, runoff, or general election, a report shall be required weekly on the Monday of the succeeding week for each of the four weeks before the election that includes all reportable activities for the previous week.

"(3)a. In addition to the reporting dates specified in subdivisions (1) and (2), reports required to be filed with the Secretary of State shall be filed with the Secretary of State on the eighth, seventh, sixth, fifth, fourth, third, and second day preceding a legislative, state school board, or other statewide primary, special, runoff, or general election, and by 12:01 a.m. p.m. on the day preceding a legislative, state school board, or statewide, primary, special, runoff, or general election if any principal campaign committee or political action committee receives or spends in the aggregate five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or more on any day with a view toward influencing an election's results. If a daily report is required pursuant to this subdivision, the report shall

include all reportable activity occurring on the day of the report as well as all reportable activity that has occurred on each day since the most recent prior report. Principal campaign committees and political action committees that are exempt from electronic filing and principal campaign committees and political action committees required to make daily reports pursuant to this subdivision for the 2012 election cycle may file reports by facsimile (FAX) transmission provided they keep proper documentation in their office.

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"b. Electronic filing on the Secretary of State's website may be implemented sooner than the 2014 election cycle as an alternative method of reporting; however, electronic filing shall be required beginning with the 2014 election cycle. Electronic filings shall be available to the public on a searchable database maintained on the Secretary of State's website.

"(b) Except as provided in subsection (1), each principal campaign committee, political action committee, and elected state and local official covered under the provisions of this chapter, shall annually file with the Secretary of State or judge of probate, as designated in Section 17-5-9, reports of contributions and expenditures made during that year. The annual reports required under this subsection shall be made on or before January 31 of the succeeding year.

"(c) Each report under this section shall disclose:

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- "(1) The amount of cash or other assets on hand at the beginning of the reporting period and forward until the end of that reporting period and disbursements made from same.
- "(2) The identification of each person who has made contributions to such committee or candidate within the calendar year in an aggregate amount greater than one hundred dollars (\$100), together with the amount and date of all such contributions; provided, however, in the case of a political action committee identification shall mean the name and city of residence of each person who has made contributions within the calendar year in an aggregate amount greater than one hundred dollars (\$100).
- "(3) The total amount of other contributions received during the calendar year but not reported under subdivision (c)(2) of this section.
- "(4) Each loan to or from any person within the calendar year in an aggregate amount greater than one hundred dollars (\$100), together with the identification of the lender, the identification of the endorsers, or guarantors, if any, and the date and amount of such loans.
- "(5) The total amount of receipts from any other source during such calendar year.
- "(6) The grand total of all receipts by or for such committee during the calendar year.

"(7) The identification of each person to whom
expenditures have been made by or on behalf of such committee
or elected official within the calendar year in an aggregate
amount greater than one hundred dollars (\$100), the amount,
date, and purpose of each such expenditure, and, if
applicable, the designation of each constitutional amendment
or other proposition with respect to which an expenditure was
made.

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- "(8) The identification of each person to whom an expenditure for personal services, salaries, and reimbursed expenses greater than one hundred dollars (\$100) has been made, and which is not otherwise reported or exempted from the provisions of this chapter, including the amount, date, and purpose of such expenditure.
- "(9) The grand total of all expenditures made by such committee or elected official during the calendar year.
- "(10) The amount and nature of debts and obligations owed by or to the committee or elected official, together with a statement as to the circumstances and conditions under which any such debt or obligation was extinguished and the consideration therefor.
- "(d) Each report required by this section shall be signed and filed by the elected official or on behalf of the political action committee by its chair or treasurer and, if filed on behalf of a principal campaign committee, by the

candidate represented by such committee. There shall be attached to each such report an affidavit subscribed and sworn to by the official or chair or treasurer and, if filed by a principal campaign committee, the candidate represented by such committee, setting forth in substance that such report is to the best of his or her knowledge and belief in all respects true and complete, and, if made by a candidate, that he or she has not received any contributions or made any expenditures which are not set forth and covered by such report.

- "(e) Commencing with the 2014 election cycle, electronic filing of contributions and expenditures for any legislative, state school board, and statewide primary, special, runoff, or general election shall be mandatory, except as provided in subsection (g). The Secretary of State may provide electronic reporting sooner than the 2014 election cycle. Electronic filing shall satisfy any filing requirements of this chapter and no paper filing is required for any report filed electronically.
- "(f) In the 2012 election cycle the provisions for the time of filing contained in subsection (a) shall apply to the paper or facsimile (FAX) filings for any legislative, state school board, or statewide primary, special, runoff, or general election.
- "(g) Electronic filing of reports shall not apply to any campaign, principal campaign committee, or political

action committee receiving ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) or less per election cycle.

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- "(h) In connection with any electioneering communication paid for by a person, nonprofit corporation, entity, principal campaign committee, or other political committee or entity, the payor shall disclose its contributions and expenditures in accordance with this section. The disclosure shall be made in the same form and at the same time as is required of political action committees in this section; provided, however, no duplicate reporting shall be required by a political committee.
- "(i) Notwithstanding any disclosure requirements of subsection (h), churches are exempt from the requirements of this section unless the church's expenditures are used to influence the outcome of an election. Nothing herein shall require a church to disclose the identities, donations, or contributions of members of the church. As used in this section, the term church is defined in accordance with and recognized by Internal Revenue Service guidelines and regulations.
- "(j) Notwithstanding the disclosure requirements of this section, the provisions of this section shall not be interpreted to nor shall they require any disclosure for expenses incurred for any electioneering communication used by any membership or trade organization to communicate with or

inform its members, its members' families, or its members' employees or for any electioneering communication by a business entity of any type to its employees or stockholders or their families.

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"(k) The corporate contribution limits contained in Sections 10A-21-1.02, 10A-21-1.03, and 10A-21-1.04 shall not apply in any respect to an electioneering communication; provided, however, the corporate contribution limits contained in Sections 10A-21-1.02, 10A-21-1.03, and 10A-21-1.04 shall continue in force and effect for contributions by corporations to principal campaign committees, political committees, and to political parties.

"(1)(k) Each report required by this section shall include all reportable transactions occurring since the most recent prior report; however, duplicate reporting is not required by this section. A political action committee or principal campaign committee that is required to file a daily report is not required to also file a weekly report for the week preceding an election specified in subdivision (3) of subsection (a); a committee required to file a weekly report is not required to also file a monthly report for in the month in which the election is held; and a committee required to file a monthly report is not required to also file an annual report for in the year in which the election is held. The

monetary balance in a report of each committee shall begin at the monetary amount appearing in the most recent prior report.

" $\frac{(m)}{(1)}$ The Secretary of State may promulgate administrative rules pursuant to the Alabama Administrative Procedure Act as are necessary to implement and administer the changes made to this section by Act 2012-477.

"§17-5-8.2.

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"(a) The Legislature determines that there is a compelling state and public interest in the disclosure of the source of funds used to advertise or otherwise influence public opinion with regard to elections as defined in Section 17-5-2(3). The Legislature further finds that these compelling interests should be designed to protect the public's right to know while protecting free speech of individuals as guaranteed in the U.S. Constitution and the Constitution of Alabama of 1901.

"(b) Currently, the Fair Campaign Practices Act, as provided in this chapter, commencing with Section 17-5-1, et seq., regulates the disclosure of contributions and expenditures made for the purpose of influencing the outcome of an election. This section and Sections 17-5-2, 17-5-8, and 17-5-12, as amended by Act 2011-697 are chapter is also intended to regulate the disclosure of contributions and expenditures for electioneering communications which currently

L	do not	fall	within	the	ambit	of	the	Fair	Campaign	Practices
2	Act.									

(c) The Legislature finds and declares that Alabama voters have a right to know who pays for the costs of electioneering communications.

"§17-5-9.

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- "(a) All statements and reports, including amendments, required of principal campaign committees under the provisions of this chapter shall be filed with the Secretary of State in the case of candidates for state office or state elected officials, and in the case of candidates for local office or local elected officials, with the judge of probate of the county in which the office is sought.
- "(b) Political action committees, which seek to influence an election for local office or to influence a proposition regarding a single county, shall file all reports and statements, including amendments, with the judge of probate of the county affected. All other political action committees, except as provided in subsection (a) above, shall file reports and statements with the Secretary of State.
- "(c) In the case of candidates for a municipal office where the municipality is located in more than one county, the statements and reports shall be filed in the county where the city hall of the municipality is located. The judge of probate of the county where the report is filed, if

L	the municipality is located in more than one county, shall
2	provide a copy of the report to the judge of probate of the
3	other county or counties where the municipality is located

"(d) Commencing with the 2014 election cycle, all principal campaign committees and political action committees that file with the judge of probate, other than candidates for municipal office, may choose instead to file electronically with the Secretary of State pursuant to this chapter. Any such principal campaign committee or political action committee that chooses to file electronically with the Secretary of State shall first provide notice to the appropriate judge of probate, in a manner prescribed by the judge of probate, indicating that choice and shall continue to file electronically with the Secretary of State until terminated or dissolved pursuant to this chapter.

"\$17-5-12.

2.1

"(a) Any paid political advertisement or electioneering communication appearing in any print media or broadcast on any electronic media shall clearly and distinctly identify the entity responsible for paying for the advertisement or electioneering communication. It shall be unlawful for any person, nonprofit corporation, entity, candidate, principal campaign committee, nonprofit corporation, entity, or other political action committee to broadcast, publish, or circulate any campaign literature,

1	political advertisement, or electioneering communication
2	without a notice appearing on the printed matter with a clear
3	and unmistakable identification of the entity responsible for
4	directly paying for the advertisement or electioneering
5	communication, or on the broadcast at the beginning, during,
6	or end of a radio or television spot, stating that the
7	communication was a paid advertisement, clearly identifying
8	the entity directly responsible for paying for the
9	advertisement or electioneering communication, and giving the
0	identification of the person, nonprofit corporation, entity,
1	principal campaign committee, or other political action
2	committee or entity that paid for such communication.

- "(b) This section does not apply to any political advertisement or electioneering communication used by a candidate and the candidate's supporters or by a political committee if the message or advertisement is:
 - "(1) Designed to be worn by a person.
- "(2) Placed as a paid link on an Internet website, provided the message or advertisement is no more than 200 characters in length and the link directs the user to another Internet website that complies with subsection (a).
- "(3) Placed as a graphic or picture link where compliance with the requirements of this section is not reasonably practical due to the size of the graphic or picture

link and the link directs the user to another Internet website that complies with subsection (a).

2.1

- "(4) Placed at no cost on an Internet website for which there is no cost to post content for public users.
- "(5) Placed or distributed on an unpaid profile account which is available to the public without charge or on a social networking Internet website, as long as the source of the message or advertisement is patently clear from the content or format of the message or advertisement. A candidate or political committee may prominently display a statement indicating that the website or account is an official website or account of the candidate or political committee and is approved by the candidate or political committee. A website or account may not be marked as official without prior approval by the candidate or political committee.
- "(6) Distributed as a text message or other message via Short Message Service, provided the message is no more than 200 characters in length or requires the recipient to sign up or opt in to receive it.
- "(7) Connected with or included in any software application or accompanying function, provided that the user signs up, opts in, downloads, or otherwise accesses the application from or through a website that complies with subsection (a).

1	"(8) Sent by a third-party user from or through a
2	campaign or committee's website, provided the website complies
3	with subsection (a).

"(9) Contained in or distributed through any other technology related item, service, or device for which compliance with subsection (a) is not reasonably practical due to the size or nature of such item, service, or device as available, or the means of displaying the message or advertisement makes compliance with subsection (a) impracticable.

"\$17-5-14.

2.1

"A political action committee may be established by a corporation, subject to the provisions of this chapter.

"(a) A corporation incorporated or organized under
the laws of this state, or doing business in this state, may
make a contribution or expenditure to or on behalf of any
candidate or political action committee in the same manner
that an individual is permitted to make under the laws of this
state, except as otherwise expressly prohibited by subsection
(c).

"(b) Any corporation may establish a political action committee, subject to the provisions of this section.

Any corporation or any officer, employee, or agent acting on behalf of such corporation, is also permitted to give, pay, expend, or contribute money, services, or anything of value

1	for the purposes of establishing, administering, or soliciting
2	voluntary contributions to a separate, segregated fund to be
3	utilized for political purposes as permitted by Section
4	17-5-14.1.

2.1

"(c) A utility regulated by the public service

commission may not make a contribution to any candidate for

the public service commission, but shall otherwise be entitled

to take any action permitted corporations under this section.

"\$17-5-15.

"(a) It shall be unlawful for any person, acting for himself or herself or on behalf of any entity, to make a contribution in the name of another person or entity, or knowingly permit his or her name, or the entity's name, to be used to effect such a contribution made by one person or entity in the name of another person or entity, or for any candidate, principal campaign committee, or political action committee to knowingly accept a contribution made by one person or entity in the name of another person or entity; provided, however, that nothing in this chapter would prohibit prohibits any person from soliciting and receiving contributions from other persons for the purpose of making expenditures to a candidate, political campaign committee, political action committee, or elected state or local official required to file reports pursuant to Section 17-5-8.

1	"(b) It shall be unlawful for any political action
2	committee, organization, or private foundation, or tax exempt
3	political organization under 26 U.S.C. § 527, including a
4	principal campaign committee, or any person authorized to make
5	an expenditure on behalf of such political action committee or
6	527 organization, to make a contribution, expenditure, or any
7	other transfer of funds to any other political action
8	committee, or 527 organization, or private foundation. It
9	shall be unlawful for any principal campaign committee or any
10	person authorized to make an expenditure on behalf of such
11	principal campaign committee to make a contribution,
12	expenditure, or any other transfer of funds to any other
13	principal campaign committee, except where the contribution,
14	expenditure, or any other transfer of funds is made from a
15	principal campaign committee to another principal campaign
16	committee on behalf of the same person. Notwithstanding the
17	foregoing, a political action committee that is not a
18	principal campaign committee may make contributions,
19	expenditures, or other transfers of funds to a principal
20	campaign committee: and a separate segregated fund established
21	by a corporation under federal law_ if the fund does not
22	receive any contributions from within this state other than
23	contributions from its employees and directors $_{m{L}}$ is not
24	restricted by this subsection in the amount it may transfer to
25	a political action committee established under the provisions

L	f Section $\frac{10A-21-1.01}{17-5-14.1}$ by the same or an affiliated
2	orporation.

3 "\$17-5-15.1.

2.1

- "(a) A principal campaign committee of a state or local candidate and any person authorized to make an expenditure on its behalf may not receive or spend, in a campaign for state or local office, campaign funds in excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) that were raised by a principal campaign committee of a federal candidate.
- "(b) Any receipt or expenditure of person who intentionally receives or expends campaign funds in violation of subsection (a) shall be guilty, upon conviction, of a Class C felony.

14 "\$17-5-16.

- "(a) It shall be unlawful for any person fraudulently to misrepresent himself or herself, or any other person or organization with which he or she is affiliated, as speaking or writing or otherwise acting for or on behalf of any candidate, principal campaign committee, political action committee, or political party, or agent or employee thereof, in a manner which is damaging or is intended to be damaging to such other candidate, principal campaign committee, political action committee, or political party.
- "(b) It shall be unlawful for any automated or pre-recorded communication initiated, conducted, or

transmitted through an automated telephone dialing service to
be conducted without providing clear notice at the ending of
the phone call that the communication was a paid political
advertisement and clearly identifying the person, nonprofit
corporation, entity, principal campaign committee, or
political action committee that paid for such communication.

"(c) It shall be unlawful for any person or entity to knowingly misrepresent, in any automated or pre-recorded communication that is a political advertisement and that is initiated via an automated telephone dialing service, the identification of the person, nonprofit corporation, entity, principal campaign committee, or political action committee that paid for such communication.

"(d) The Attorney General of the State of Alabama shall have full power to investigate and enforce violations of this section and any owner, employer, agent, or representative of any automated dialing service found to be in violation of this section shall be guilty upon conviction of a Class A misdemeanor as provided in Section $\frac{17-17-35(a)}{17-5-19}$.

"\$17-5-19.

2.1

"It is the intention of the Legislature by the passage of this chapter that its provisions be construed in pari materia with other laws regulating political contributions, corporations, or political contributions by corporations.

1	"(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a
2	person who intentionally violates any provision of Chapter 5
3	shall be quilty, upon conviction, of a Class A misdemeanor.
4	"(b) A person who intentionally violates any
5	reporting requirement of Sections 17-5-4, 17-5-5, or 17-5-8
6	shall be guilty, upon conviction, of a Class A misdemeanor. A
7	person's failure to promptly file a required report upon
8	discovering or receiving notice from any person that the
9	report has not been filed, or the failure to promptly correct
10	an omission, error, or other discrepancy in a filed report
11	upon discovering or receiving notice of the discrepancy, shall
12	create a rebuttable presumption of intent to violate the
13	applicable reporting requirement.
14	"(c) Any person who intentionally violates Section
15	17-5-7 shall be guilty, upon conviction, of a Class B felony.
16	"(d) A person who fails to timely or accurately file
17	any report required by this chapter shall be assessed a civil
18	penalty of the greater of three hundred dollars (\$300) or ten
19	percent of the amount not properly reported for a first
20	offense in an election cycle, six hundred dollars (\$600) or 15
21	percent of the amount not properly reported for a second
22	offense in an election cycle, and one thousand two hundred
23	dollars (\$1,200) or 20 percent of the amount not properly
24	reported for a third or subsequent offense in an election
25	cycle. A fourth failure to timely or accurately file a report

T	in an election cycle shall create a reputtable presumption of
2	intent to violate the reporting requirements of this chapter.
3	Civil penalties shall be paid to the appropriate filing
4	official. All penalties collected by a judge of probate shall
5	be distributed to that county's general fund, and all
6	penalties collected by the Secretary of State shall be
7	distributed to the State General Fund. A person who
8	voluntarily files an amended report to correct an error in an
9	otherwise timely filed report, without being prompted by a
10	filing official shall not be subjected to a civil penalty
11	under this subsection, so long as, in the case of a candidate,
12	the corrected report is filed prior to the election at issue,
13	and so long as, in the case of a political action committee,
14	the corrected report is filed prior to the election which the
15	contribution was given to influence.
16	"(e) The Attorney General or district attorney for
17	the appropriate jurisdiction may prosecute violations of
18	Chapter 5. Venue for cases involving violations of Chapter 5
19	shall be in the county in which the violation occurred or the
20	county in which the alleged violator resides or is
21	incorporated. If the alleged violator resides or is
22	incorporated outside of the State of Alabama or if the
23	violation or violations occurred outside the State of Alabama,
24	venue shall be in Montgomery County.

1	"(f) No prosecution for violation of Chapter 5 shall
2	be commenced later than two years after the date of violation.
3	Notwithstanding the foregoing, a prosecution brought pursuant
4	to Section 17-5-7 shall be commenced within four years after
5	the commission of the offense."
6	Section 2. Sections 17-5-5.1, 17-5-7.1, 17-5-14.1,
7	and 17-5-20 are added to Chapter 5, Title 17, Code of Alabama
8	1975, to read as follows:
9	§17-5-5.1.
10	(a) Except as provided in subsection (d), each

- legislative caucus organization that raises funds for its administration and operation shall register with the Secretary of the Senate, for a Senate caucus, or the Clerk of the House of Representatives, for a House caucus, or both for a bicameral legislative caucus. Such registration shall be on a form jointly created by the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives and shall include the name and complete address of the organization, the identification of and contact information for the organization's designated representative, and a general description of the organization.
- (b) A legislative caucus organization duly registered pursuant to subsection (a) shall not contribute to or expend funds in support of candidates, principal campaign committees, propositions, or political action committees for

1 the purpose of influencing the result of an election.

directors, or members from the Ethics Law.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the donation of funds or other resources to a duly registered legislative caucus organization in support of the administration or operations of the caucus is permissible, provided that the donation is not made for the purpose of influencing the result

- (c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to exempt a legislative caucus organization or its officers,
- (d) A legislative caucus organization that receives contributions or makes expenditures for the purpose of influencing the outcome of an election and is not registered as provided in subsection (a) shall be regulated as a political action committee under this chapter and shall comply with all the requirements of this chapter pertaining to political action committees.

18 \$17-5-7.1.

of an election.

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(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a principal campaign committee or political action committee may return or refund, in full or in part, any lawful contribution it receives to the donor, provided that such return or refund may not exceed the amount received. Any lawful contribution refunded to the donor must have been reported in an itemized manner and the refund shall be itemized in the report for the

period in which the refund is made. In the case of a political action committee, the refund shall occur within 18 months of the date of the contribution; provided, however, that if the refund of the contribution is required by law or regulation, then the 18-month time limitation shall not apply.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a principal campaign committee or political action committee shall promptly return or refund, in full, any unlawful contribution. It shall be unlawful for any person acting on behalf of a principal campaign committee or political action committee to retain or cause to be retained a contribution that the person knows or reasonably should know was made in violation of this chapter. It is a defense to prosecution that the unlawful contribution was returned or refunded in full within 10 days of the date the contribution was made.

\$17-5-14.1.

2.1

(a) Any business or nonprofit corporation, incorporated under the laws of or doing business in this state, or any officer or agent acting on behalf of the corporation may give, pay, expend, or contribute money, services, anything of value for the purposes of establishing, administering, or soliciting voluntary contributions to a separate, segregated fund which can be utilized for political purposes (i) to aid or promote the nomination or election of any person, including an incumbent political officeholder or

any other person who is or becomes a candidate for political office; or (ii) to aid or promote the interest or success, or defeat of any political party or political proposition. Any separate, segregated fund established hereunder for any of the above enumerated purposes shall be established and administered pursuant to the following requirements and prohibitions:

2.1

- (1) Any such business or nonprofit corporation, or any officer or agent acting on behalf of such business or nonprofit corporation, may solicit voluntary contributions to the fund only from the corporation's, or its affiliates', stockholders and their families and its employees and their families; or in the case of a nonprofit corporation, its members and their employees. However, the funds may accept voluntary contributions from any individuals.
- (2) The custodians of any separate, segregated political fund established hereunder shall file with the Secretary of State such financial disclosure reports or statements now required of a candidate for public office. Filing with the Secretary of State a copy of the information required to be filed with the Federal Election Commission by such separate, segregated fund shall constitute compliance with the reporting provisions of this section.
 - (b) It shall be unlawful:

1	(1) For any separate, segregated political fund
2	established pursuant to this section or for any person acting
3	on behalf of the fund to solicit or secure any money or
4	anything of value by physical force, job discrimination, or
5	financial reprisals, or by threats thereof; by dues, fees, or
6	other moneys required as a condition of employment; or by
7	moneys obtained in any commercial transaction;

- (2) For any person soliciting contributions to the fund to fail to inform any person being solicited of the political purposes of the fund at the time of the solicitation:
- (3) For any person soliciting for a contribution to the fund to fail to inform the person being solicited, at the time of the solicitation, of his or her right to refuse to contribute without any reprisal; and
- (4) For any corporation regulated by the Public Service Commission to pass on to its customers any contribution made for the purpose of establishing, administering, or soliciting voluntary contributions to a separate, segregated fund to be utilized for political purposes.
- 22 §17-5-20.

23 (a) A candidate, or in the case of a political
24 action committee, the chair or treasurer, may appoint a
25 designated filing agent on a form prescribed by the Secretary

of State. Upon receiving a notice of appointment of designated filing agent, the Secretary of State, as soon as practicable, shall take the necessary steps to enable the designated filing agent to electronically submit any report or other filing required by this chapter on behalf of his or her principal.

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- (b) The submission of a timely, complete, and correct report or other filing required by this chapter by a designated filing agent shall satisfy the filing or reporting requirement of the designated filing agent's principal; however, the appointment of a designated filing agent does not itself absolve any person having a duty to submit any report or other filing under this chapter of liability for failure to timely submit such filing, for filing a false, incomplete, or inaccurate report, or for any other violation under this chapter.
- (c) The submission of a report or other filing required by this chapter by a designated filing agent creates a rebuttable presumption that the submission was approved and intended by the candidate, his or her principal campaign committee, or the political action committee or treasurer thereof. Notwithstanding the foregoing, it is a defense to prosecution that the designated filing agent acted beyond the scope of his or her authority.

Section 3. (a) Sections 10A-21-1.01 to 10A-21-1.04, 25 inclusive, Code of Alabama 1975, are repealed.

1	(k) Sections $17-5-18$ and $17-17-35$, Code of Alabama
2	1975, are re	pealed.
3	Se	ection 4. This act shall become effective on the
4	first day of	the third month following its passage and
5	approval by	the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.

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4	President and Presiding Officer of the Senate		
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6	Speaker of the House of Representatives		
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	SB445 Senate 30-APR-13 I hereby certify that the within Act originated in and passed the Senate, as amended. Senate 20-MAY-13 I hereby certify that the within Act originated in and passed the Senate, as amended by Conference Committee Report. Patrick Harris Secretary		
19			
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	House of Representatives Passed: 09-MAY-13, as amended House of Representatives Passed: 20-MAY-2013, as amended by Conference Committee Report.		
28 29	By: Senator Taylor		